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RUSSIAN LINES CRUSHED BY JAPS AND SENT BACK IN FULL RETREAT

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The Japanese minister has received the following dispatch from Tokio: "According to telegraphic advices received at headquarters this afternoon our army corps on the left, by fierce and repeated assaults, took possession of the heights which the enemy's right occupied. Thereupon all the enemy south of Liao-Yang began retreat. The Japanese army is now pursuing."

MUKDEN, September 1, 9:27 P. M.—The train service between Mukden and Liao-Yang is interrupted. The roads are impassable.

LIAO YANG LOST TO JAPS; RAILROAD LINE BROKEN



MARSHAL OYAMA, COMMANDER OF THE JAPANESE FIELD FORCES.

THURSDAY'S news from the seat of war closed with the receipt of two dispatches, giving information of a most significant character as bearing on the domination of Manchuria at the close of the present campaign.

The first came from the Associated Press correspondent at St. Petersburg, filed there at 10:16 p. m., and said that General Kuropatkin had withdrawn his whole army to the north bank of the Taitse river so as to meet General Kuroki's flanking movement. The inference drawn from this dispatch was that Liao-Yang had been evacuated, that city lying on the left or south bank of the river. Nothing to confirm this was received until several hours later, when a dispatch from the Associated Press correspondent at St. Petersburg, dated September 2, and timed at 1:26 a. m., Friday morning, said "that the news of the evacuation of Liao-Yang and the withdrawal of the Russian army to the right bank of the Taitse river had caused intense excitement."

Late Thursday night the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Associated Press obtained an opinion from the war office that the withdrawal to the right bank of the Taitse river became necessary so that the Russians would be able to repel a blow in that direction and that General Kuropatkin's movement was the carrying out of a well defined idea, rather than a retreat. The same dispatch points out without comment that the Japanese took advantage of General Kuropatkin's withdrawal to occupy the city of Liao-Yang.

The second dispatch which may have a significant bearing on the campaign is that filed at Mukden at 9:27 p. m. Thursday, saying that the train service between Mukden and Liao-Yang was interrupted and it may mean the cutting of railroad communication which would deprive General Kuropatkin of a ready opportunity to retreat to his more northern base at Mukden. As pointed out in the St. Petersburg dispatch, the Mukden correspondent does not mention whether the telegraphic communications are open.

TOKIO, September 1, 7 p. m.—At daybreak today the Japanese army on the left delivered a fierce and successful assault against the heights to the west of Hsinlingtun and the high ground to the west of Shushanpao. It pierced the Russian lines and later forced the retirement of the Russian troops from their position on the right and center. Marquis Oyama telegraphs that his losses in these assaults were heavy.

It is believed here that General Kuropatkin has been sweepingly defeated and that the possession of Liao-Yang is a matter of hours.

General Kuroki's casualties from August 24 to August 28, amounted to 2,255, the other casualties have not been reported.

JAP AND RUSSIAN ACCOUNTS OF GREAT LIAO-YANG BATTLE

Japs Impaled in Trap Pits After Repeated Repulses by Bayonets.

RUSSIANS FACED ABOUT AFTER BEGINNING RETREAT

Order To Retire Made Necessary by Faiure of Rennenkampf and Mandariteff to Check Japanese Who Crossed Taitse River.

St. Petersburg, September 1.—3.25 p. m.—According to official advices from the front, the battle at Liao-Yang had not been resumed up to 6 o'clock this morning.

The battle yesterday was of the most desperate character. It raged continuously from dawn until midnight, and the slaughter must have been immense.

At 8 o'clock in the evening, after holding his outer positions all day in the face of the most desperate charges, General Kuropatkin gave the order to retreat upon the main works about the city. The Japanese assaults during the day had been directed principally against the Russian center a little east of Maletung hill, near the railroad and 3 miles southwest of Liao-Yang. Nothing approaching the severity of the infantry and artillery fire here had been heretofore experienced in this war.

Hot Fighting with Bayonet.

General Kondratsvitch's division bore the brunt and suffered the most. Bayonet charges succeeded each other in rapid succession, while the artillery duel never ceased for a moment. No attempt was made in the official advices to estimate the number of guns the Japanese used, except that they had many hundreds. Each gun carries 150 charges, and these must have been expended many times, as several hundred thousand shells were fired between sunrise and sunset. General Kuropatkin's orders to fall back on the fortifications were probably due to the receipt of information that the Japanese had succeeded in crossing the Taitse river, northeast of Liao-Yang, although Generals Rennenkampf's and Mandariteff's divisions had been especially placed in position in this direction to checkmate such a move. The Japanese crossed at a point called Sakankankwantun, 20 miles east and somewhat above Liao-Yang, and marched in force directly westward with the object of cutting the Russian line of communication with Mukden. Their exact strength was not established, but a division was made out.

As soon as the Japanese found that the Russians were retiring from their outer positions southward they resumed the attack there, although it was then quite dark. Thus pressed, the Russians arrested their movement to the rear and again faced the Japanese.

Japs Caught in Trap.

With the view of eventual retirement

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United Manchurian Army Making Final Stroke at Kuropatkin's Forces.

Tokio, Septem 1.—8 p. m.—Additional details of the fighting at Liao-Yang, which are arriving here, clearly indicate its desperate character.

The Japanese have changed the method of numbering their armies since their union, calling General Kuroki's army the right, General Nodzu's the center and General Oku's the left. A portion of the left column of the right wing, after dislodging the Russians occupying an eminence north of Hsuchiantou, toward evening on August 30 was exposed to a violent attack by the reinforced Russians and retired during the night to a ridge south of Hsuchiantou, where they held their position. The Russians prepared to follow up their attack, but desisted.

The right and center of the right wing with its main strength commenced a movement at 11 o'clock on the night of August 30, crossing the Taitse river, near Lientaowan, and advanced toward Huangkufen. It is anticipated that it occupied a line extending from Hanjalazui to Tsuatuo, but details of the movement have not been reported. The Russian artillery fire against the right column of the Japanese center abated somewhat yesterday.

The infantry fight continued unabated. The Japanese held their positions.

Persistence of Japanese.

The left column of the center was vigorously engaged from Wednesday morning throughout the day, but its efforts to dislodge the Russians failed. The right column of the left wing resumed the attack Wednesday morning. Several assaults proved futile and the Japanese troops were beaten back finally. Being reinforced they again advanced and secured a position at noon on an eminence southwest of Hsinlintun. This ground proved to be an advantageous point from which a final and an effective charge was delivered at dawn Thursday, bringing the first victory.

The center column after repulsing the Russians in a night attack pressed the Russians against the railway with a portion of the left column and succeeded in repulsing a series of assaults.

The Russians continued to hold an eminence west of Shoushanpao and defied all efforts to dislodge them. The eminence was finally taken by storm Thursday morning.

The entire left wing, with all its force, continued against the Russian line throughout Wednesday. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon a force of Russians appeared 5 miles northwest of Shoushanpao. The Japanese reserves attacked it.

Late Wednesday a telegram was dispatched to the general staff at Tokio, saying that the left wing, with all its guns, would renew the attack and afterward charge against the enemy's position.

Rejoicing at Tokio.

Tokio rings with shouts and cheers for the victory at Liao-Yang. Lantern bearing crowds swing through the streets and surge around the staff officers shouting "Banzai."

The details of today's fighting are scanty. It is only known that at dawn today General Oku's army was hurled against the Russian right center on the southern line and that the Russians were forced to abandon their line and positions and retreat. Their pursuit is now in

Continued on Fourth Page.

TO COMBAT KUROKI ON FLANK RUSSIANS LEAVE LIAO YANG

St. Petersburg Claims Retreat Was Only Move To Avoid Japanese Trap.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 2.—1:25 a m.—The news of the occupation of Liao-Yang and the withdrawal of the Russian army to the right bank of the Taitse river reached only a small section of the people of St. Petersberg at a late hour and caused intense excitement and disappointment. The majority of the inhabitants retired to rest, believing that Russian arms had again been successful and that the Japanese attacks had been repelled. Ugly suspicions, however had been rife during the day, owing to the absence of press telegrams from Liao-Yang, leading to the belief that the communications had been cut by General Kuroki.

The following statement was obtained by the Associated Press from the war office at 10 o'clock Thursday night:

"General Kuroki's army crossed in force to the right bank of the Taitse river and it, therefore, became necessary for the Russians to be in a position to repel a blow in this direction.

"In view of this development in the operations General Kuropatkin decided to abandon his positions on the left bank and to concentrate his whole army on the other side of the river. This position is the strongest, both in character and in site. The great issue will be finally decided there.

"By withdrawing to this position the Russian army avoids the danger of being divided by the river and enjoys the advantage of compactness.

"General Kuropatkin's move, therefore, is not to be considered as a retreat, but rather as the carrying out of a well defined idea."

The Japanese repeated the attempt to throw pontoons across the Taitse near Liao-Yang during the night of August 31, again under cover of a bombardment and this attempt is believed to have been successful. Severe fighting may, therefore, be expected immediately northeast of the city.

The action of the Japanese commander in throwing a force across the river in the face of a strong enemy is considered to be extremely rash and the position of this force, isolated from the main Japanese army by a deep river, may easily become desperate.

Gunboats To Take Part.

A correspondent of the Associated Press at Vladivostok telegraphs that the Japanese are relying on the gunboat flotilla for future operations against Liao-Yang and Mukden. The gunboats, the correspondent says, have not yet materialized, but in any case they would be in no position to render aid to a force on the right bank in time of need, because they would be unable to run the gauntlet of the forts at Liao-Yang. The strongest forts are situated on the right bank where the Russian army is now concentrated.

The fighting at Liao-Yang has beaten all records for the desperate valor of the assailants and the invincible stubbornness of the defenders. The whole history of warfare tells of no such bombardments, no such carnage and no such persistence.

Day after day the fight has been resumed at daybreak and kept up with

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Kuropatkin Throws Every Available Man to Defense of River Bank.

JAPS CROSSED TAITSE OVER PONTOON BRIDGES

Success of apanese in Pushing Right To Rear of Russians Puts Kuropatkin in Most Critical Position Since the War Begun.

TOKIO, September 2—The Japanese left began pressing the Russians toward Tatzsho at dawn this (Friday) morning. The Japanese right is engaged in the neighborhood of Heiyingtai.

The Japanese casualties since August 29, are officially estimated at ten thousand.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 1, 10:40 p. m.—General Kuropatkin has withdrawn his whole army to the right bank of the Taitse river to meet General Kuroki's flanking movement.

General Kuroki's forces are crossing the Taitse river on pontoons.

One division is already across and the others are following.

TOKIO, September 1—There is a report current here at this hour that the Japanese captured Liao-Yang today. It is quite without confirmation.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 1, 7 p. m.—The war office is unable to confirm the dispatch from Tokio to the Associated Press announcing that the Russian right and center before Liao-Yang had fallen back upon the city. No reports of today's fighting have been received up to this hour.

It is pointed out, however, that it is quite possible General Kurcpatkin may have repeated his order to fall back on the main positions, which was given at 8 o'clock last night and was not carried out because the Japanese resumed the battle.

LONDON, September 1, 10 p. m. Up to this hour the Japanese legation here has received no confirmation of the reports of the occupation of Liao-Yang by the Japanese and pending official information the members of the legation say they think the reports are premature.

GENERAL MAROZOVSKY AMONG THOSE WOUNDED

St. Petersburg, September 1.—General Marozovsky, commander of the ninth division, was among the officers seriously wounded on Wednesday.

TOM WATSON FIRES HIS FIRST GUN FOR POPULIST CAUSE IN GEORGIA

Presidential Candidate Addressed a Large Gathering Last Night.

Hundreds of men and women thronged the hall of the house of representatives last night to hear the initial campaign speech of Hon. Thomas E. Watson, people's party candidate for president.

The speech was regarded as a masterpiece of political oratory, and at frequent intervals the speaker was interrupted by cheering that all but shook the thick walls of the capitol building. Mr. Watson consumed exactly two hours, his introduction by Judge J. K. Hines being made promptly at 8 o'clock and the conclusion occurring at 10 o'clock sharp.

By 7:30 o'clock the hall of the house of representatives was filled, both the floor of the hall and the gallery. Sprinkled through the mass of people on the floor were dozens of delegates to the populist state convention, which was held at the same place in the afternoon.

There were seats for only about half those present, the remainder standing in dense groups round the walls and overflowing through the doorways. The majority of the crowd was men, but there were quite a number of women present.

By 8 o'clock several hundred persons, men and women, who were unable to press through the packed throngs at the doors, could be seen lingering about in the capitol corridors and on the wide steps at the Washington street entrance.

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WOMEN WHO MARRY AGAIN WILL LOSE THEIR ALIMONY

NEW YORK, September 1.—Men who have been paying alimony to a former wife, married after getting her decree, are rejoicing over the new state law, which goes into effect today and cuts off the income of thousands of divorcees now living with their second husband. According to the new statute, alimony payments assessed against an ex-husband are to continue only so long as the woman shall not marry. A good many persons, not a few of them in the theatrical profession, will be able to visit New York for the first time in years, they having remained out of the state rather than make the required payment, in default whereof they could have been sent to jail.

ELECTORS NAMED BY POPULISTS

Enthusiastic Convention of People's Party Held Yesterday.

Judge J. K. Hines Presided as Permanent Chairman and Delivered Speech in Which He Severely Criticized Course of Democratic Party.

Populist Electoral Ticket.

From the State at Large—W. S. Weir, of Fulton, and John H. Sibley, of Talbot, electors, and Dr. W. C. Sandiford, of Burke, and W. Y. Carter, of Hart, alternates.

From the First District—R. Lee Moore, of Milton, elector, and A. G. Lamar, of Jackson, alternate.

From the Second District—Jesse Ward, of Thomas, elector, and G. W. Crapps, of Clay, alternate.

From the Third District—C. Montgomery, of Terrell, elector, and H. M. Searcy, of Taylor, alternate.

From the Fourth District—Bion Williams, of Meriwether, elector, and A. J. Burnett, of Carroll, alternate.

From the Fifth District—W. T. McDaniel, of Rockdale, elector, and G. F. Taliaferro, of Fulton, alternate.

From the Sixth iDstrict—Dr. W. P. Glover, of Jones, elector, and C. S. Barrett, of Upson, alternate.

From the Seventh District—H. W. Nally, of Baldwin, elector, and W. R. Hutchison, of Haralson, alternate.

From the Eighth District—John P. Brightwell, of Clark, elector, and J. J. Wood, of Elbert, alternate.

From the Ninth District—J. P. Brooke, of Milton, elector, and A. G. Lamar, of Jackson, alternate.

From the Tenth District—L. D. McGregor, of Warren, elector, and W. J. Henning, of Richmond, alternate.

From the Eleventh District—D. R. Johnson, of Wayne, elector, and J. B. Howard, of Johnson, alternate.

Watson Is Indorsed.

The state electoral ticket was nominated and the presidential candidacy of Hon. Thomas E. Watson indorsed by the people's party of Georgia at the state convention of that party held yesterday afternoon in the hall of the house of representatives at the capitol.

There was a large attendance at the convention and the assembled populists were noisily enthusiastic, cheering the name of Watson whenever it was mentioned, and cheering Judge J. K. Hines, of Atlanta, who presided as permanent chairman of the convention.

Besides the matters before mentioned the only business of importance transacted by the convention was the selection of a state executive committee. A gubernatorial candidate was casually suggested, but no attempt was made to nominate state, county or congressional tickets.

The convention was called to order at 1 o'clock in the afternoon by J. J. Holloway, chairman of the state executive committee, and Judge Hines was immediately nominated and elected permanent chairman. His assumption of the chair was the signal for a burst of prolonged applause to which he replied with a brief speech. In part, he spoke as follows:

"I have received so many marks of esteem and confidence from the populists of Georgia that I have no language in which to express my gratitude and appreciation. But I want to congratulate you upon the patriotic purpose of your assembling. You are not a hungry horde of office seekers, but patriots striving to perpetuate the principles of Jeffersonian democracy—to make this a government of the people, by the people and for the people. And I bid you God speed in your good work.

"I believe we can do more to keep the democratic party straight by staying in the middle of the road than we can by joining our forces with it. When they think we are weak or dying they go to Wall street for principles and platform, but when they think we are strong they adopt our principles.

"The truth is the people of this country have lost confidence in the democratic party. It has lost its stability. It has no fixed purpose, no polar star for guidance. It is like a ship without a compass.

"If the democratic party thinks it can get offices by appealing to the populists it appeals to the populists, but if it thinks it can get office by appealing to Wall street then it appeals to Wall street.

"In 1896 that party stole all our principles. Again in 1900 it stole a part. But in 1904 it brazenly turned its back on all this and looked to D. B. Hill for a platform.

"It is an unfortunate party in many respects. Sometimes its plank is too long and its candidate too short. Sometimes the plank is too wide and the candidate too narrow. Sometimes these conditions are reversed, but candidate and platform rarely, if ever, fit.

"This year, in its platform, protective tariff was characterized as nothing short of robbery, and I hoped the party would take a strong stand on this issue. But Judge Parker in his speech of acceptance boldly says that nothing will be done with the tariff during his administration. The party discredits itself.

"If there are any real democrats left in the country they are ourselves. If any principles of Jeffersonian democracy still live they are in our platform. Why, gentlemen of the jury—"

Laughter greeted this slip of the tongue, but Judge Hines, laughing himself, promptly continued:

A Verdict of Guilty.

"You are the jury, gentlemen, and you are going to bring in a verdict of guilty."

This remark was loudly cheered.

"We come to the people of Georgia today," Judge Hines continued, "bringing them true democratic principles and a candidate worthy of the support of every man, woman and child in the state.

"There is a solid south and a solid north, kept solid by sectionalism. We are the only party that has ever crossed in safety the bounds of this sectionalism. We are the first party to ever cross Mason and Dixon's line for a presidential candidate. The head of our ticket is from the south, and the tail from the north. We are the first party that ever had the courage to come south for either a head or a tail.

"And we can point with pride to the unsullied, unblemished character of our standard bearer, relying implicitly upon his pure patriotism. Mr. Watson knows, and you know, that if he should go forth and make a single speech in advocacy of Judge Parker's election he could secure any office in the gift of Georgia. But he is not built of such material.

"I appeal to every Georgian to rally to the standard of this great patriot and give him this state. The democrats say we will defeat Judge Parker. We have nothing to do with Judge Parker. We did not nominate him any more than we nominated Roosevelt. Long before Mr. Watson accepted his nomination Judge Parker was nominated dead, and now he is running dead. The man we have to fight is the republican candidate and we need waste no ammunition on democrats.

"And now, I say, let the banners of true democracy wave on every hill and in every valley of Georgia and put into office the man who stands for these principles."

M. D. Irwin Made Secretary.

Following this speech by Judge Hines M. D. Irwin, of Jackson county, was elected secretary of the convention and J. R. Bodenheimer, of DeKalb, assistant secretary. A. L. Smith, a delegate at large to the populist national convention, presented the state convention with a small flag he brought back with him from Springfield, Ills. A telegram from Chairman Wilson, of the Indiana populist state convention, was read.

There were frequent inquiries for Mr. Watson, but he was not present at any time during the convention. A collection of $38 was taken up, by passing round hats, to defray Mr. Watson's expenses in visiting Atlanta.

A letter from John H. Traylor, of Troup county, was read, the writer advocating the nomination of Judge Hines for governor.

The committee on resolutions was appointed by Judge Hines as follows: Major C. E. McGregor, of McDuffie, chairman; J. J. Holloway, of Carroll county, chairman of the state executive committee, and John H. Sibley, of Talbot county. After the electoral ticket had been named this committee offered the following report, which was adopted as the platform of the people's party of the state:

"Believing in the principles of government as enunciated by Thomas Jefferson, viewing with alarm the departure from these principles by both the democratic and republican parties, fearing the rise of the aristocracy of wealth and special privileges which controls both the old parties, alarmed by the denial of 'equal and exact justice to all men, of whatsoever state or persuasion, religious or political,' and deprecating the concentration of colossal wealth in the hands of a few corporations and individuals, which invade the courts of justice, municipal councils, and the halls of legislation to corrupt, and which seeks to destroy equal opportunity for all men in the race of life, the people's party of Georgia in convention assembled does resolve:

"First, that we declare our allegiance to the principles of government as promulgated by Thomas Jefferson.

"Second, that we hereby ratify the nomination of Thomas E. Watson for president and Thomas Tibbles for vice president of the United States, and commend these candidates to all who believe in Jeffersonianism.

"Third, that we present with pride to the people of Georgia her most distinguished son, the Hon. Thomas E. Watson, as a candidate for the high office of president of these United States, and invoke in his behalf their support and suffrage, regardless of party affiliations, believing that, in honoring this illustrious Georgian and southern patriot they will honor themselves.

"Fourth, that we indorse the platform of principles adopted at Springfield by our national convention on July 4, 1904.

"C. E. McGREGOR,
"J. J. HOLLOWAY,
"JOHN H. SIBLEY,
"W. C. SANDIFORD,
"Committee."

State Committee Is Elected.

The state executive committee was then elected as follows:

J. J. Hollawy, chairman; H. G. Edenfield and Dan Newton, from the first congressional district; J. H. Parrish and C. W. Simmons, from the second district; George McNiel and H. M. Searcy, from the third; R. B. Traylor and R. B. Gaston, from the fourth district; W. B. Davis and C. T. Parker, from the fifth district; S. H. Zellner and J. W. Story, from the sixth district; Jesse Beall and A. H. Talley, from the seventh district; N. J. Holbrook and G. L. Anderson, from the eighth district; T. F. Wright and A. M. Baxter, from the ninth district; John C. Broome and Dr. L. C. Culberson, from the tenth district, and B. B. Linder and Wilcy Lewis, from the eleventh district.

No committeemen from the state at large were named, the convention being satisfied with the body as it stands.

The Dalton, Ga., Herald was indorsed as the official state organ of the people's party and the convention then adjourned.

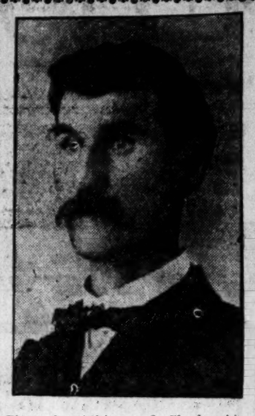


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J. J. HOLLAWAY,
Of Clem, Ga., Chairman of Populist State Executive Committee.

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JNO. B. GOODWIN WILL OPEN HIS CAMPAIGN AND DISCUSS ALL THE ISSUES TONIGHT AT THE GRAND. COME OUT.

WATSON OPENS FOR POPULISTS

Continued from First Page.

These belated hundreds were not all gone at 9 o'clock.

When Judge Hines arose to introduce the distinguished speaker the great concourse of people in the hall broke into vociferous applause. Hats went into the air and the whole audience joined in the cheering. Judge Hines' introductory remarks were very brief. He merely spoke of Mr. Watson as one of Georgia's greatest sons and a patriot now championing the primitive principles of democracy.

Then Mr Watson himself, slight of figure, quiet, not impressive at first sight, stood up before his magnificent audience to deliver the first speech of his campaign for president of the United States. There was another ovation, more vociferous, more tumultuous than the first, and when the hall was silent again the speaker began his talk.

The crowd was attentive, though noisy at intervals. At times the speaker was applauded. At times he was interrupted by questions from the crowd. One man cried out:

"How do you stand on the gold question?"

And the speaker shouted back; "Where the democratic party has stood for the past eight years."

There were cheers and shouts of "Watson" mingled with shouts of "Parker."

The whole speech was like that, sallies by the speaker at men and platform, questions and cries from the crowd and now and then a burst of general applause. But when it was all over every one present, democrat, populist and what not, gave Thomas E. Watson the credit of having delivered an able and masterful address.

His speech in full follows:

"In this campaign the democratic national leaders have prostituted the name of democrat, and are demanding that they shall be blindly followed, in spite of the fact that they have renounced every principle of democracy. Will the real democrats follow the name rather than the principles?

"In the south we are told we must submit to the surrender to Wall street because of 'the nigger.' What a blessed thing it is for democratic leaders that they always have 'the nigger' to fall back on! For thirty years they have been doing business on 'the nigger,' and today he is their only stock in trade.

"Note the hypocrisy of it! In their national platform of 1872 they solemnly protested their allegiance to the doctrine of 'equality,' regardless of race or color, and pledged themselves to maintain the emancipation and the enfranchisement of the blacks.

"In 1876, at St. Louis—Henry Watterson being chairman of the convention—they solemnly declared their 'devotion' to the constitutional amendments growing out of the civil war.

The Negro Question.

"In 1880, in 1884, in 1888, the national conventions of the democratic party reaffirmed these declarations on the negro question, and thus stood pledged to 'oppose any reopening of the questions settled by the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth amendments.' Yet after all these formal pledges, we are now browbeaten and intimidated by democratic leaders who say we must indorse their capitulation to Belmont, David B. Hill and Pat McCarren because of 'the nigger.' What can the southern negro do? He has been disfranchised in nearly every southern state, excepting Georgia; and in Georgia he has been 'white primaried.' In Georgia they do not dare to disfranchise him, because the men who control the democratic machine in Georgia know that a majority of the whites are against them. They need the negro vote to beat us with. For that reason the Georgia senate, a few days ago, killed the Australian ballot law which would have thrown the elections entirely into the hands of the whites. Why do democrats in Georgia refuse to disfranchise the blacks? Why do they kill election laws which would insure the political obliteration of the blacks? There can be but one answer. Organized democracy in Georgia cannot be maintained by the white vote. Therefore the cry that we are in danger from 'the nigger' is the most hypocritical that unscrupulous leadership could invent. Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, with all their armies, could not reverse the law of nature in the prostrate south. The white man is master—wherever he plants his foot, the world over. Do you tell me that Roosevelt can do against the unrepentant south what Thad Stevens could not do against the exhausted south? Roosevelt could not do it even if he would.

"The democratic leaders who talk this stuff, and the editors who write it, laugh and wink at one another as they pass—they know what a humbug it all is, and how it is being used to make the people forget, or condone, the inglorious surrender to Wall street which they made at St. Louis. In the West Virginia democratic convention, the state of the democratic nominee for vice president, the 'white supremacy' resolution was voted down! and on August 1, 1904, Judge Parker himself, in writing to the negro, James A. Ross, addressed him as 'My dear sir,' just as though Ross had been a white man.

Facts Wanted About Parker.

"The south should demand to know the facts about Judge Parker. How does he stand upon this alleged negro question? Is his position at all different from that of Roosevelt? If so, in what respect? The south should demand explicit reply to the following questions before it votes him upon the assumption that he differs from Roosevelt on the negro question:

"1. Would you refuse to eat at the same table with Booker Washington?

"2. Would you refuse to appoint negroes to office in the south?

"3. If elected, will you refuse to receive on terms of equality, at the white house, such negroes as Bishop Turner, Booker Washington and T. Thomas Fortune?

"4. Do you approve the mixed schools of New York, inaugurated under Grover Cleveland—in which social equality is practically made a matter of compulsion?

"5. If such schools—wherein black children and white children are educated together—are a good thing for your native state of New York, would they be a good thing for Georgia and South Carolina? If not, why not?

"Why did national democratic leaders surrender to Belmont and Wall street?

"Senator John W. Daniel, of Virginia let the cat out of the bag when he declared in the committee on resolutions that he was 'tired of being in the minority!' Not afraid of Roosevelt's militarism? No. Not afraid of Roosevelt's niggerism? No. All that is fudge and subterfuge. 'Tired of being in the minority,' there was the milk in the cocoanut!

"Not tired of being in the wrong? No; he did not even pretend that he had been in the wrong. Simply because they have been in the minority, they are ready to drop the principles which they have sworn for eight years were right, and to adopt those which even now they do not dare say are right. Great God! What an attitude for the leaders of a great national party!

"Men of the south Will you follow the lead of those who have renounced Jeffersonian principles for no better reason than that they are tired of being in the minority? You are not bound by their action. Agents who misrepresent their principles should be repudiated in politics as well as in business. Revolt against this surrender. Let your stewards know that whenever they go wrong they must account to you, their masters.

"Party names to me are nothing. The doctrine is everything. I call upon all Jeffersonian democrats to help me make this fight against the two republican parties, headed by Roosevelt and Parker. What do we need with two parties committed to Wall street? Let us have one for the people.

"If I could become politically tipsy enough to vote for Parker, on the platform of 1904 as constructed by Parker himself, I would take one more drink—a small one at that—and vote for the other twin, Roosevelt. Give me the original every time, rather than the blurred, indistinct copy. Give me the genuine article, rather than the spurious substitute. Especially in Georgia are the people not bound to support Parker for the reason that they were not consulted in the appointment of delegates. The people of Georgia were for William R. Hearst, the untiring, fearless and consistent champion of Jeffersonian principles. The party bosses were against Hearst. Therefore the delegates to the St. Louis convention were appointed by the machine, and never were passed on by the people. In other words, the machine in Georgia has put an end to popular self-government.

"Why should Georgians support Parker, of New York, rather than a fellow Georgian? What do you know of Parker? What has he done that was notable? What has he ever said that was memorable? What has he ever written that stamped him with individuality?

"David B. Hill declared at St. Louis that he had been intimate with Parker for thirty years, and that he did not know how Parker stood on the money question. Was this statement true? If so, Parker is the most negative public man on the American continent. Was the statement false? If so, David B. Hill is the boldest liar between the two oceans. Think of a man living on intimate terms with Alec Stevens or Abe Lincoln for thirty years and not knowing how he stood on the greatest political question of the day!

"Why should Olcott, who is at the head of so many national banks and trust companies, go over to Parker? Why is Pat McCarren, lobbyist of the Standard Oil Company, so close to Parker? Why is August Belmont, agent of the Rothschilds and manager of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, so urgent for Parker? Why is John G. Carlisle, who wrote the sugar schedule for Havemeyer in 1894 and who has always been the representative of the whisky trust, be so heartily for Parker? And why is Cleveland, who trampled upon state rights in Illinois, who refused to veto the infamous Gorman bill and who made that midnight deal in government bonds with J. P. Morgan and August Belmont, be so vehemently for Parker?

"Same Old Cry."

"Democrats are told that they must support the national ticket this time, and that we will all go to work for reform after the election. It is the same old cry: 'Vote for us this time!' How can any man reasonably hope to secure reforms in the democratic party when we see it bossed by the same old Wall street crowd which debauched Cleveland's second administration. Bryan has been fighting for reform inside the party and is farther off from success than ever before.

"I have the right to claim the votes of the Bryan democrats. Worked with them in 1896 so far as I was allowed, helped to carry Nebraska for them; helped to break up the republican fusion in Texas. If the Bryan democrats were sincere in the convictions which they have claimed to hold for the last eight years, they owe it to themselves to support me in this fight, for I alone represent those convictions. Bryan democrats! Turn about is fair play. You captured us in 1896 and 1900—now let us capture you awhile. If we were right in 1896, when you came to us, we are right in 1904. We stand now where we stood then. Join us for this fight. We have been consistent all along; have never recanted nor surrendered. I claim the support of every Georgian who wants to break up the corrupt rule of Hamp McWhorter and the Southern railway. Our state and its constitution are being trampled upon by that corporation.

"I am, and always have been, a Jeffersonian democrat; learned it from Stephens and Jefferson; will not surrender it at the dictation of Wall street Hamiltonians. I challenge any man to show that I have ever made a speech, written a line or cast a vote antagonistic to Jeffersonian principles. You need not fear that you will defeat Parker by voting for me—Parker has no chance of being elected. When the democrats at St. Louis yielded to Parker's telegram and thus assumed the position that they had been utterly wrong for eight years on the most important question before the American people, they threw away in advance every hope of success. They spiked their own guns; they locked their own wheels; they banked their fires in every furnace of enthusiasm; they stultified themselves in a manner never before known in politics; for they confessed that for two campaigns they had been either ignorant or dishonest. Occupying that pitiable position of self-confessed imbecility they certainly could not cherish any rational expectation that the American people would drive from control the men who had been right to make way for the men who virtually confess that they had been wrong. Parker has no chance, and deserves to have none. If republican principles are right a republican should reap the reward; if real democratic principles are right, a real democrat should reap the reward. The peculiarity of Parker's position is that he cannot justly lay claim to the genuine republican vote, nor to the truly democratic vote. In trying to ride two horses at once, each going in an opposite direction, he must accept the usual results. Parker simply occupies an 'impossible' situation.

"At St. Louis every empty honor that was worth absolutely nothing was given to southern leaders. In return for childish gratification—chairmanships, etc.—they delivered both the south and the west to Wall street. Southern leaders who should never have done it, denounced Bryan in committee and on the floor, and helped to knife the Jeffersonians. Oh, the shame of it! And now because Dave Hill allowed John Sharp Williams to have a chairmanship, and John W. Daniel a chairmanship, the whole south must be driven under the lash of party discipline away from the gospel of our fathers and into political slavery to the Hamiltonians of New York.

"If national democratic leaders had spent half the efforts to win Illinois and Indiana that they have wasted upon New York, the party would not now be the footmat of Dave Hill—the man who in 1888 elected himself governor of New York by a colossal sell out of the national democratic ticket—the man who at Chicago in 1896 was not allowed to have the empty honor of the temporary chairmanship!

He Leads a Revolt.

"Come weal or woe, I am going to lead a revolt against these democratic leaders who have abandoned the true principles of democracy. I call upon all true democrats to support me. And to every people's party man, north, south, east and west I send forth the summons. 'Throw off your discouragement; put under your foot all hesitation and fear—get up, get up, brother; and follow me.'

"The effort will not be lost. The example will not be in vain. Let us begin the glorious movement which will unite the south and the west, and which will break the yoke which New York money kings have placed upon the necks of both the two old parties. The time once was when the south was led to greatness by men who were not 'tired of being in the minority'—men who nobly sought to know what was right, and then fought for it with all their strength. Once our glory was to follow leaders who cried 'Liberty or death,' and we showered honors upon the ragged, half-starved soldier, who marked the path of duty with the blood of his naked feet.

"Amid defeat and discouragement I have kept the faith. In spite of persecution and social ostracism I have kept the faith. Regardless of temptations to apostacise I have kept the faith.

"And as far as I was able I have made a good fight. As long as political leadership was open to me I waged the battle there. When democrats and republicans united to put me out of office and politics, I turned to literature and waged the battle there. The 'sacred torch' has never ceased to be the light by which I have steered. And to all lovers of right and just government, I appeal for the aid which strengthens, for the encouragement which inspires.

"The corporations have divided the people in order that they may rule them first with the republicans, then with the democrats. No matter which one of these old parties wins, the people lose. Unless the people can be made to see this and can be lifted from out of the spell of party names, the republic is doomed; to become a mere heartless and soulless despotism of wealth.

"I pray God that the people may become wise enough to see this. And I pray that the leaders, like Bryan, and Hearst, and Bailey, and Tillman, and Folk, may rise to that noble height of patriotism which sinks every other consideration into the determination to save the republic from the doom which threatens it and may yet repudiate the foul attempt to bunco the people with the false democracy which Parker and the Cleveland crowd claim to be 'safe and sane democracy,' but which is nothing more than a shoddy imitation of republicanism.

"Is public morality dead? Is honor a thing of the past? Have we no longer leaders whose creed is of the ancient mold and which is dearer to them than life?

"Wasn't it a southern statesman—Virginian by birth, like John W. Daniel—who thrilled his time, and after times, by the declaration that he would rather be right than president? Wasn't it Alec Stevens who said, 'I am afraid of nothing on earth except to do wrong?'

"Wasn't it Robert E. Lee, richest flower of southern manhood that ever blossomed, who said 'The sublimest word in the language is duty?'

"Go your ways, Mr. Politician, Mr. Timeserver—you who are 'tired of being in the minority.'

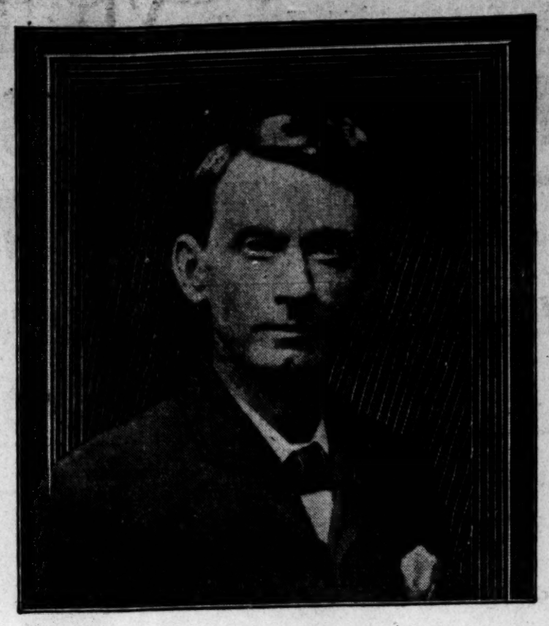
"As a southern man I am ashamed of you—just as I am ashamed of hearing the world say that the south can't help herself; that she must crouch to New York whether she wants to or not, and that she would 'vote for a dead dog on the democratic ticket.'

I am ashamed of it, tired of it, and revolt against it.

"Has truth no defenders who can stand the test of defeat? Are we so eager for office that we stand ready to sell our birthright for a mess of pottage?

"Let each choose for himself—but let him understand that if he do violence to his sense of right, the whipcords of outraged conscience are as certain as fate.

"Better far to stand in the minority—in the outer darkness, with the stars of heaven smiling down upon you, and the infinite peace of God in your heart—than to hold a guilty seat in the banquet hall of the victors whose triumph fills your soul with the damning conviction that you have helped at the victory of wrong."



HON. THOMAS E. WATSON,
Populist Presidential Nominee, Who Spoke in Atlanta Last Night.

Excursion Rates to Eastern Cities Via Savannah and Steamships.

The Central of Georgia railway and its connections sell excursion tickets to eastern cities and return via Savannah and Ocean Steamship Company or Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company, at greatly reduced rates. Tickets include meals and berth aboard ship. For further information apply to nearest ticket agent or W. H. Fogg, Traveling Passenger Agent, 16 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

MORTUARY.

Walter J. Moore, Columbia, S. C.

Columbia, S. C., September 1.—(Special.)—Walter J. Moore, 45 years old, of York county, was struck and instantly killed by a north-bound passenger train on the Southern railway near Rock Hill this afternoon.

Samuel Wilburn, Monticello, Ga.

Monticello, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—Samuel Wilburn died tonight about 8 o'clock at the home of his son, W. H. Wilburn. Mr. Wilburn was the oldest man in the county, being 94 years of age. He is survived by two sons and one daughter.

Mrs. Missouri Maull, Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Mrs. Missouri Maull, aged 61 years, relict of W. H. Maull, died today. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. J. F. Wise.

J. C. Floyd, Chipley, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Captain J. C. Floyd, a veteran cotton man of Columbus, died at Chipley, Ga., this faternoon. He was over 60 years of age and had a wide acquaintance in west Georgia. H ewas cotton weigher for Columbus factories. The funeral occurs tomorrow at Chipley, Ga.

John W. Johnson, Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) John W. Johnson, aged 55 years, for twenty-five years superintendent of the Eagle and Phenix dye house, and for the last two years a resident of Atlanta, died of heart failure yesterday near Saco, Me. He was a prominent Mason. Mrs. F. E. Ladd, of Atlanta, is his daughter.

Tallulah Falls and Return $2.00.

Next Saturday, September 3rd, the Southern Railway will sell for their 12:15 noon train and 4:30 p. m. train, tickets Atlanta to Tallulah Falls and return for $2, good returning on any regular train up to and including Monday, September 5th.

J. C. BEAM, JR.,
District Passenger Agent.

Successful Meeting Closed.

Concord, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—Elder Georgge F. Cuthrell, of the Griffin Christian church, who has been preaching here for several days, closed his meeting this morning with forty-five additions. The Dedenville church was reorganized here and a handsome new house of worship will soon be erected.

KEELY'S. | KEELY'S.
For Misses' and Children's
School Dresses
A big table in the Dress Goods section will be filled today with a collection of short lengths, piece ends and remnants of pretty Woolens in light and medium weights—particularly suitable for Misses' and Children's School dresses, coats and separate skirts. Prices will average
From ½ to ⅔ less than regular value
We also call attention to the following *entirely new* Woolens—very attractively priced:
Fancy Illuminated Mohair, in new blues, browns, grays and greens, suitable for full suits or separate skirts; special per yard 39c
New Fall Mixtures, especially good for children's dresses; 50 pieces, including all the pretty shades; unusually good value at 50c
New Mannish Cloths for tailored suits and separate skirts, 54 inches wide and of medium weight; very cheap at $1.00
Keely Company

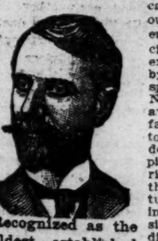
HICKS' CAPUDINE CURES ALL HEADACHES.
The perfect remedy for Colds, Indigestion, Periodic Pains, Brain Fag, etc. Prevents Train Nausea and Sick Headache. Braces the nerves. It's Harmless. Trial bottle 10c.
IT'S LIQUID.

Christi
One fare plus one dollar and twenty five cents for the round trip to Baltimore by the Seaboard Air Line. Tickets on sale September 10th, 11th and 12th, with final limit to September 19th. Extension of the final limit to September 25th, may be had by depositing tickets with Joint Agent and upon payment of $1.00 extension fee. Stop-overs at Washington will be permitted on going and return trip.

Train Kills Little Negro.

Macon, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—Raymond Burgess, a little negro boy, was today struck by an incoming train of the Southern and mangled by the wheels. There was a cow on the track at the time and the little negro was hiding behind the. It is not known whether he was taking refuge behind the cow as his bulwark, or was merely playing peek-a-boo with the engine. Engineer Foster says that he did not know the child was on the track till the engine struck the cow.

Rectal Diseases
Cured Without the Knife
A method of highest scientific value has now been found by which rectal diseases can be cured without a surgical operation. In this city the method is exclusively used by that eminent specialist, Dr. J. Newton Hathaway, who is so favorably known to all our residents. He cures piles of every variety, stricture of the anus, anal fistula, fissures, itching, etc., by a simple process of direct and internal application that has never yet been known to fail.
Recognized as the oldest established and most reliable specialist.
Rectal diseases should not be neglected because of any false modesty nor because you may think them unimportant. Often a rectal disease is the accompaniment of some serious derangement of the stomach or the liver; often it indicates tuberculosis, sexual weakness, and in women, serious vaginal diseases. All this can be determined by examination, and in order to aid all persons to know their true condition Dr. Hathaway will examine any caller free of charge and give all necessary advice and instruction also free of cost. Since there is to be no charge it behooves you to take immediate advantage of this offer. If living too far away to call in person send your name and address for the doctor's free book on the subject as well as for his accurate Self-Examination Blank. It is possible by his method to cure these diseases in your own home. Call or write the first spare moment you have and it will not be long before you are cured. The address is J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D., 33 Inman bldg., 22½ S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga. Office hours: 8:30 to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.





MONEY PLENTIFUL IN GEORGIA BANKS

Banks More Than Able To Meet All Demands.

Comptroller's Statement Was Based on Reports From Only Fifty-One Banks, While There Are 327 Prosperous Banks in This State.

Reports from all parts of Georgia are to the effect that the banks throughout the state were never in better condition to meet any coming demands than they are at this present time, notwithstanding the report of Comptroller of the Currency Ridgely to the contrary. More than this, the bank officials in all parts of the state say that the demand this year will not be nearly as great this year for the moving of the cotton crop as last year because the farmers and planters have ready money and for this reason will be able to hold their cotton until the most favorable opportunity for disposing of it, and in this way any heavy congestion will be avoided which in turn will, of course, relieve the banks of heavy demands.

Not only have the banks of Atlanta and Georgia borrowed less money this year than a year ago up to this time, but money was shipped from Atlanta to New York yesterday. As another proof of an easy money market, the rate in New York this year is 3 and 3½ per cent, where a year ago it was 6 per cent. For which reason if the Georgia banks were in great need of money they would be getting it at a great discount over last year. But notwithstanding this easy money market, the banks of the state have not been borrowing as much money from the east this year as last because there was more money in Georgia and there was no need for it.

Another thing, it must be remembered that Comptroller Ridgely reports only on the national banks of Georgia, which number but fifty-one out of 327 banks in the state according to Rand, McNally & Co.'s bank directory issued this year, which is everywhere looked upon as the standard of authority. Another point showing the development of Georgia is the fact that within the past ten years the number of banks in Georgia has doubled, while the business of the old banks has greatly increased.

Banks in Georgia.

According to Rand & McNally's bank directory here is the way the banks stand in Georgia:

National banks	51
State banks and trust companies	209
Savings banks	16
Private banks	51
Total	327

Not only do the officials of the national banks state that they were never in better condition than at present, but all of the state and private banks report the same conditions both in Atlanta and throughout the state.

The laws that govern state banks in Georgia are the best to be found in the union in that they are the most stringent in regard to the demands made upon the banks in the interests of the depositors. The only difference in the regulations of the state and the national bank is that the state banks are allowed to lend money on real estate, while this security is not permitted the national banks. Although this is true, the state banks, many of them, never lend money on real estate, while those that do lend but very little. Statements, too, are compelled to be published not less frequently than every quarter.

But one great fact remains, and that is that Comptroller Ridgely's report refers only to fifty-one of the 327 banks in Georgia.

PRINCESS LOUISE FLED AFTER PRIVATE DINNER

BADELSTER, Saxony, September 1.—Princess Louise of Saxe-Coburg, it now appears, escaped alone from her hotel at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning. She was joined under the trees in the hotel garden by two women and a man. They entered a two-horse carriage which was waiting outside and were driven swiftly away in the direction of Munich. A man named W. Gratz, who was stopping at the hotel, has not appeared since Monday night. It is supposed he provided the means for the flight of the princess and that he was an agent of Lieutenant Matassich-Kegelevitch, with whom she eloped in 1897. The princess, closely attended by her physician and a lady of the court, went to the theater Monday evening. She was animated and seemingly enjoyed the music, as she has enjoyed everything during three weeks she had been permitted to leave the seclusion of the Sanitarium Pierson at Coswig, where really she was a prisoner of state. She had been provided with attractive costumes for this reappearance into the world and she was allowed once more to wear the splendid jewels which were part of her dowry when she married Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg. After the theater the princess and her little party had supper in one of her rooms. She said good night at 11:30 o'clock and her guardians were not aware of her departure until 7 o'clock in the morning, by which time she probably was far toward the Swiss frontier. Gratz first had a room on the third floor of the hotel, but Monday he moved to one on the ground floor, with a private entrance into the garden. It is presumed that the princess used this exit and it is certain that Frau Schubert, of Dresden, engaged the carriage at a local livery stable. Neither the driver nor the equipage have returned.

Beyond the outskirts of the town some of the occupants of the carriage were transferred to an automobile, and the carriage continued its rapid flight, probably to confuse possible pursuers. It is deemed likely that the princess was one of those taking the automobile. The chauffeur drove the machine through several roads leading in different directions from the town, doubtless with the purpose to further create doubt as to which road the princess really took. An automobile similar to that which left Bad Elster was traced to Hof, 40 miles away. Whether the princess took the 8 a. m. train there for Munich or proceeded in an automobile is undetermined.

Telegraphic reports to the effect that she had been seen at Asch, Bohemia, and that rooms had been engaged for her in Paris are considered improbable.

The disappearance of the princess was most dexterously managed, as she was under sharp surveillance day and night, both by an especially trustworthy court lady, with three servants, and by the manager of the royal baths, who had been made responsible for her safekeeping.

A watchman who was in the hotel corridor at the time the princess escaped saw nothing of her.

A chambermaid who had access to the princess' apartments carried notes regularly to the princess and another person. It was in this correspondence, doubtless, that the plans to escape were conveyed. The princess was to have been taken back to the sanitarium in two or three days. A visit from her sister, the Countess Lonyay, had been promised for September 7.

The pursuit is not likely to be keen, as it is very well understood that the husband of the princess is rather pleased than otherwise at her escape, because he thinks she has been sufficiently punished.

The sympathies of the Belgian court have been with her for the same reason, it being throught she has been harshly treated.

The princess, it appears, met Lieutenant Matassich-Keglevitch in the garden of the Dresden art exhibition two weeks ago, where she was taken under the escort of Manager Pierson, of the sanitarium. The latter had turned away a few minutes before to look at a piece of sculpture. As soon as he saw the princess talking to a strange man, Pierson hastened toward them. She told him that the man was Lieutenant Matassich-Kegelevitch, and begged to be allowed to speak with him. Pierson replied that she knew that to be impossible, and that he must insist that she go with him immediately. The princess began to cry and asked to be allowed to talk with the lieutenant for a few minutes. She became so distressed that Pierson turned to Matassich-Kegelevitch and requested him to give his word of honor that he would not attempt to persuade the princess to leave those who were taking care of her. The lieutenant promised, Pierson withdrew out of hearing, and the two long separated talked together for several minutes until Pierson told them that the interview must end.

LABOR LEADER VISITS PARKER

Effort on To Stop Fight Against Pat McCarren.

Esopus, N. Y., September 1.—John M. Bogart, one of the state organizers of the American Federation of Labor, was a visitor at Rosemount today. He declined to discuss his visit and Judge Parker would say nothing about it, but it was understood he came at Judge Parker's invitation and that his visit had to do with the reported attack of labor organizations upon Senator McCarren, as chairman of the state executive committee.

It was stated here this afternoon that an effort would be made to get the labor people to modify the method of their attack upon Senator McCarren so as to defer the battle to some occasion other than a national election.

Colonel Purcell, of North Carolina, a member of the democratic state executive committee of that state and private secretary to Governor Aycock, of North Carolina, called on Judge Parker today.

FEARED THAT ALL WERE LOST.

French Barkentine Wrecked Off Cape Race.

St. Johns, N. F., September 1.—The Canadian schooner Troop, Captain Pentz, from the Grand Banks fishing grounds, reports that on August 20 Captain Zimmermann, of the fishing schooner Coleraine, reported having spoken a French barkentine, name unknown, 170 miles off Cape Race, with only three men left out of a crew of thirty-four, the others having been lost while fishing with their dories. The French captain begged Captain Zimmermann to board his vessel and help him to reach this port, but the weather was too stormy to meet compliance with this request, and it is feared that the French vessel and the remainder of her crew have perished.

Large Blaze at Jauraz, Mexico.

El Paso, Tex., September 1.—Fire at Jaurez, Mexico, destroyed fully half of the business houses of the city, including the Banco de Minera and Picard Bros. dry good house, one of the largest in northern Mexico. El Paso's fire department sent aid. The loss is estimated at $130,000.

Ceylon TEA

Green or Black Is Pure.

If you visit the World's Fair don't fail to partake of it at the Ceylon Court. It is delicious.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR 'SALADA'

Ceylon and India Tea.

REFRESHING. DELICIOUS.

Sold Only in Lead Packets.

60c. and 70c. Per Lb.

HILL WAS BUSY ON PANIC DAY

Buying Locomotives While Great Fight in Northern Pacific Occurred.

New York, September 1.—James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities Company, testified today that on May 9, 1901, the day of the panic in the Northern Pacific stocks, he remained in his office and was busy considering the buying of new locomotives and other railroad affairs.

When questioned as to the apportionment of the Northern Pacific stock prior to the panic, Mr. Hill said his personal holdings in Northern Pacific amounted to $7,000,000 and an additional $14,000,000 was held by friends of his. Mr. Morgan's share, he said, was $20,000,000. These holdings were of common stock.

Mr. Hill was called to tell what he knew of the famous Northern Pacific corner, in which John J. Oleary, of Chicago, who was short, claims that his brokers closed him out at a mugh higher figure than should have been done. O'Leary sues to reclaim $55,000 deposited with his brokers as margin. It was announced that Mr. Morgan will not testify in person, but representatives of his firm will be present.

NEGRO ATTACKS WHITE OFFICER

Man Who Beat Deputy Sheriff Supposed To Be Bell.

Reidsville, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—Last night Deputy Sheriff A. B. Anderson arrested a bad negro near Ohoopee station and started to put him in jail. When about half way the negro turned on Anderson and beat him almost to death.

The negro made his escape, and Deputy Sheriff Anderson is in a very critical condition. The negro is supposed to be Andy Bell, who was connected with the Hodges murder near Statesboro.

$1.75 to Rome, Ga., and Return via the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

On account of the State Reunion of Confederate Veterans, the W. & A. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Rome and return at the very low rate of $1.75 for the round trip, tickets on sale September 12th, 13th and 14th, with final limit September 19th, 1904.

Trains leave Atlanta at 8:25 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Special train with Atlanta, Macon, Americus, Albany and other Georgia Camps will leave Union Depot, Atlanta, at 11:30 a. m., September 14th.

For further information call on C. B. WALKER, T. A., Union Depot.

J. A. THOMAS, C. P. & T. A., No. 1 N. Pryor St.

CHAS. E. HARMAN, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

Von Mirbach Quits Cabinet.

Berlin, September 1.—Baron von Mirbach has been relieved upon his repeated request from his duties as secretary to the emperor's cabinet and administrator of the empress' charity funds. Von Mirbach has also resigned the positions he held with various religious, charitable and humanitarian societies, but he remains the empress' court martial.

His retirement from charity work both individually and as the empress' representatives has been anticipated and doubtless was a result of the disclosures in the recent trial for the Pommeranian bank managers.

Metal Workers on Strike.

Philadelphia, September 1.—Seven hundred tinsmiths and sheet metal workers went on a strike today for an advance of 5 cents an hour. Formerly the men were paid at the rate of 37 1-2 an hour. They are asking for 42½ cents, the work day to remain at eight hours.

Christi



KNOX.

Knox—Muse's—Each bespeaks the other's leadership.

Knox undisputedly the greatest hat genius of the world.

Muse's the store that sells them.

The New Soft and Stiff Shapes are ready.

MUSE'S,

3-5-7 WHITEHALL.

One fare plus one dollar and twenty five cents for the round trip to Baltimore by the Seaboard Air Line. Tickets on sale September 10th, 11th and 12th, with final limit to September 19th. Extension of the final limit to September 25th, may be had by depositing tickets with Joint Agent and upon payment of $1.00 extension fee. Stop-overs at Washington will be permitted on going and return trip.

BIG SUIT FILED BY COTTON MILLS

Interstate Commerce Commission Appealed to by Manufacturers.

If Contention of Augusta and South Carolina Mills Is Sustained Railroads Will Have to Return Half Million Dollars.

Augusta, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Suit has been commenced before the interstate commerce commission by all the cotton mills of this section against the Southern railway, the Atlantic Coast Line, the Seaboard Air Line, the Central of Georgia, the Clyde Steamship Company, the Old Dominion Steamship Company and the Ocean Steamship Company for a reduction of the present rate on cotton goods shipped out of the Augusta cotton mill territory and for the recovery of excess rates that have been charged during the last ten years.

The mills entering the suit are the Warren and Graniteville, in the territory adjacent to Augusta in South Carolina, and the Enterprise, Sibley, Augusta and King, of this city.

It is alleged in the petition that great factors in the increasing of these rates have been excessive terminal charges at Charleston, Savannah and Norfolk, together with excessive premiums for marine insurance for which no adequate consideration was given, and that all these excessive, and at times unnecessary charges, were figured in the freight rates charged the mills.

Competition Throttled.

Another section of the petition charges that the throttling of competition when the Southern railway leased or bought the old South Carolina and Georgia road, between Augusta and Charleston, is another cause of the high rate. It is further alleged that this road was bought in direct conflict with the constitution of South Carolina. The suit for the recovery of past excessive charges, if allowed by the commission, would mean that these transportation companies would have to return to the mills of this territory a half million dollars.

Sent To Industrial Home.

Cincinnati, September 1.—Frankie Harter, the 14-year-old girl whose foster mother, Mrs. Harter, was murdered in her room last Saturday night by Leonard Drouen, who then shot himself, was today sentenced by the juvenile court to the girl's industrial home at Delaware, Ohio. Her father and other relatives failed to make arrangements for her care.

NAN PATTERSON TO LEAVE JAIL

Believed Bond of $20,000 Will Be Furnished for Her.

New York, September 1.—Bail for the release of Nan Patterson, indicted for the murder of Caesar Young, was fixed today at $20,000 by Justice Amend in the supreme court. It was said that the new amount would be furnished.

The motion for the young woman's release on bail was not opposed, an agreement having been reached between District Attorney Jerome and the prisoner's counsel, who informed the court that the district attorney had told him that he was not in a position to bring the case to trial at this time, and was willing to agree to the prisoner's release on bail in a substantial sum.

Justice Amend fixed the amount of bail at $20,000, but told counsel that if Mr. Levy and the district attorney could agree on a smaller sum he would consider the matter.

ROME AND RETURN $1.75

Via Southern Railway.

On account State Reunion Confederate Veterans the Southern Railway will sell round trip tickets to Rome, Ga., and return on September 12th, 13th and 14th for $1.75, limited to return until September 19th.

Southern Railway is only line operating through trains between Atlanta and Rome, leaving Atlanta 5:30 a. m., 7:55 a. m. and 5 p. m.

J. C. BEAM, JR., District Passenger Agent.

WORMS WORRY THESE FARMERS

Cotton in Section of Pulaski Being Ruined by Pest.

Hawkinsville, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—R. H. Vaughn brought in cotton bolls from his farm that are full of boll worms. All the late cotton in his section has been attacked by those pests and the crop will be cut off fully one-half if not more.

S. J. Meyers, who lives in the same section, also reports that his cotton is being ruined in the same way, exhibiting some of the pests and showing a sample of their destructive work.

He says the farmers are very much discouraged over the outlook and that none of them will make the crop that they expected to a month ago.

These state that no experiment they have tried has proven a check to the worms. Outside of their section, however, the worms have not been reported in any great quantity, but the fear is that they may be before the crop can be gathered.

Tax Rate Raised.

Waycross, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) The mayor and council of Waycross have raised the city tax rate for the present year to $11 in place of $9.50, as fixed last year. The increase was made on account of the large expenditures during the summer in ridding the county of smallpox, and because of the many improvements made in the city during the past year.

A. H. Long Wins Race.

Comer, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—Hon. A. H. Long defeated E. F. Martin for ordinary today to fill the unexpired term of Hon. J. N. Boggs, deceased, by 250 majority. Long is also the nominee for next term.

Senator Tillman To Speak.

Waycross, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Hon. Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, is scheduled to speak in this city on the evening of October 10. The address will be delivered in the auditorium of the Waycross public school.

Poultry, Lawn and Field Fence.



Poultry.	Lawn.	Field.
50 in. 60c per Rod.	42 in. $1.00 per Rod.	26 in. 35c per Rod.
58 in. 65c per Rod.	50 in. $1.10 per Rod.	42 in. 45c per Rod.
		50 in. 50c per Rod.
Made of No. 14 and 16 Galvanized Wire.	Made of No. 12½ and 14 Galvanized Wire.	Made of No. 12 and 14 Galvanized Wire.

10 Rods or 165 feet in one roll. No order taken for less than 10 rods.

THIS IS THE BEST FENCE MADE FOR POULTRY, LAWN OR FIELD.

We carry the above in stock and can ship at once. This fence is made especially according to our order.

Anderson Hardware Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers, Atlanta, Ga.

FREE Reclining Chair Car Route

RATES ATLANTA TO

ST. LOUIS AND RETURN

SEASON	SIXTY-DAY	FIFTEEN-DAY	COACH EXCURSION
$30.00 TICKETS	$25.05 TICKETS	$20.85 TICKETS	$14.20 TICKETS

...VIA...

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

THE

ONLY LINE carrying free reclining chair cars.
ONLY LINE serving all meals in dining cars.
ONLY LINE via Lexington and Louisville.
ONLY LINE via Cincinnati and Indianapolis.
THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS.

Coach Excursion tickets good ten days will be sold each Tuesday and Thursday during the month of September.

Call at City or Depot Ticket Office and see us before purchasing your tickets.

J. C. BEAM, JR., District Passenger Agent, Southern Railway, Atlanta, Ga.

THE ATLANTA SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

26 Houston, Term begins 5th September, 1904.

An established institution of high grade. Thorough, practical, alive, progressive, and up-to-date in method. First-class as to instruction, and first-class as to character of boys. Limit, 20 pupils. Course, regular and elective. Stress given to English and Mathematics. Boys prepared for the Tech, Colleges, West Point, Annapolis and Civil Service Examinations. J. A. Richardson, A. M., 300 Spring St., Atlanta

Georgia Normal and Industrial College,

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA.

A State Institution for the Young Women of Georgia. Superior Advantages at very low rates. Next session begins September 14. Catalogue mailed on application.

SHORTER COLLEGE

Founded 1877 by Alfred Shorter. An endowed institution for ladies. Stands foremost in America in point of health. Offers a thorough education under ideal conditions. The best school for the best people. Music Conservatory offers unequalled advantages. Early registration necessary. Many late applicants turned away last year. Session opens September 15. Illustrated catalogue will be sent free, postpaid, on application to PRESIDENT SIMMONS, P. O. Box 501, Rome, Ga.

DONALD FRASER SCHOOL

OPENS FOR THE FALL TERM ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6TH.

Write for catalogue and information now. Donald Fraser prepares boys for College, the Tech and Annapolis. Address George H. Gardner, Prin., Decatur, Ga.

Effective Tuesday, August 30th, and thereafter, every Tuesday and Thursday in September, the W. & A. Railroad and N. C. & St. L. Railway will operate through coaches to St. Louis on train leaving Atlanta 4:30 p. m.

C. B. WALKER, Depot Ticket Agent.

J. A. THOMAS, City Passenger & Ticket Agent.

C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agt.

NEGRO SCHOOLS WASTING MONEY

More Effort Should Be Put To Give Primary Education.

Buffalo, N. Y., September 1.—In his report at the meeting of the executive committee of the International Sunday School Association, N. B. Houghton argued too much effort and money were being spent on the higher education of negroes, while thousands were going down to degradation every year because of the lack of primary education.

He believed the right plan was to see that all the children got a rudimentary education.

YOUNG MAN SHOOTS SELF.

Said That Girl's Refusal To Accompany Him Caused Act.

Columbia, S. C., September 1.—(Special.)—In the country 14 miles east of Swansea yesterday afternoon "Pluck" Hildebrand, 20 years old, shot himself over the heart and is likely to die. The young man, it is said, asked a young woman to go to church with him. She refused or pleaded a previous engagement. When Hildebrand later saw her with another man he went to his room and fired the shot from which he is now in a critical condition.

Christi

LESSONS IN CHINA PAINTINGS.

Wm. Lycett, Atlanta, Ga., Pioneer Teacher south. 20 years and more on Whitehall st. White China, Gold, Colors, Brushes, etc. Teachers supplied and taught to teach.

KLINDWORTH CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

All branches taught as in every conservatory of high standard. FACULTY: Specialists in each department. PATRONAGE: Best families in south represented. BOARDING department: Pleasant rooms, two floors only; good table. Moderate PRICES. DIPLOMAS. ADVANTAGES: Home surroundings in a large musical city; many concerts, lectures, etc., free to students. Address KURT MUELLER, 235 Courtland ave., Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta Commercial College. Sole right to teach Byrne Systems in South. Either Course $48.00. In Shorthand in 7 to 12 wks. 150 Words per Minute Book-keeping Without Theory. Cor. Broad & Ala. Sts. ATLANTA, GA. Write for catalogue.

CRICHTON'S Business College. Late of SULLIVAN & CRICHTON. Shorthand Dept., By C. Crichton. Bookkeeping Dept., D. E. Shumaker. Catalogue free. A. C. Crichton, Prop., Kiser Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and Business University. ATLANTA, GA. The leading Business School of the South. Enter now. Catalogue free. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Greater demand for our graduates than we can supply. Address Dr. George F. Payne, Dean, 43 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

Gardner Home School for Girls,

607 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Superior educational and social advantages. Write for information.

University School for Boys,

STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.

A select home school, limited to sixty boys.

OPENS SEPTEMBER 14TH.

For catalogue, write W. B. GRIFFIN, Principal.

The University School.

Principals, C. C. Wright and Thomas Towles.

Prepares boys and young men for leading universities, colleges and technical schools. Will be opened SEPTEMBER 19, 1904, corner West Peachtree and Linden. Bell telephone 2064.

HAVE JAPANESE SEIZED RAILWAY

London Papers Say News From Far East Means This.

Japanese Troops Which Were Intended To Reinforce Besiegers of Port Arthur Are Being Sent To General. Kuroki.

London, September 2.—This morning's newspapers comment upon the Associated Press dispatch from Mukden, saying that the train service between Mukden and Liao-Yang is interrupted and that the roads are impassable, as the most important news from the scene of hostilities in the Far East, and say that there is only one meaning of it—that the Japanese have seized the railway between Liao-Yang and Mukden.

Correspondents of The Daily Chronicle and The Daily Mail assert that the Japanese occupied Liao-Yang Thursday. There is no official confirmation of these statements, but the latest official dispatches to the Japanese legation here reports the canture of the heights southwest of Liao-Yang at dawn Thursday. This dispatch adds:

"Thereupon the enemy in the south of Liao-Yang commenced to retreat. Our armies are now pursuing him."

The Daily Mail Japanese correspondent telegraphing under date of August 31, says that 35,000 Japanese are en route from Dalny to Hai Cheng by railroad. Originally they were intended to reinforce the besiegers of Port Arthur, the correspondent adds, but Field Marshal Oyama, commander in chief of the Japanese forces in Manchuria, was satisfied that they were not required there, and therefore sent them north.

A special dispatch from St. Petersburg, which is not confirmed from any other source, reports that General Linevitch, from Vladivostok, is within two days' march of Mukden with 30,000 troops.

The Standard's Tokio correspondent says that dispatches from Pekin are to the effect that China is constantly increasing her military forces on the neutral side of Liao-Yang river, and that she has ordered General Ma to enforce the rights and ideas of neutrality in the event of the Russians being defeated at Liao-Yang and attempting to enter neutral territory.

MINNEHAN GOES TO CINCINNATI

Koehler Has Been Drafted by the Philadelphia Americans.

Cincinnati, September 1.—At today's meeting of the National Baseball Association, the St. Louis Americans was given until September 20 to file one-half of the purchase price for Players Smith and Swann, of Shreveport.

Minnehan, of Birmingham, was stricken from its list, it being shown that Minnehan had been purchased by Cincinnati.

The following players were drafted by the American League:

Detroit—Anderson, from Little Rock.
Philadelphia—Koehler, of Atlanta; Van Sant, of Nashville.
Washington—Gilbert, of Little Rock.
Cleveland—Jackson, of Fort Worth.
The commission adjourned tonight.

Jonesboro Lost Game.

East Point defeated Jonesboro in a baseball game yesterday afternoon by the score of 10 to 1. The batteries for East Point were Ford and S. Baldwin and for Jonesboro Kelley and R. Dorsey. The feature of the game was the good work of the East Point team.

PECK NAMED FOR GOVERNOR

Democrats of Wisconsin Adopt Platform and Nominate Ticket.

Oshkosh, Wis., September 1.—Former Governor George W. Peck, of Milwaukee, was today chosen as the standard bearer of the democrats of Wisconsin, having received the nomination for governor by acclamation amid great enthusiasm.

The platform upon which the nominees will stand cordially approves the principles declared by the last national democratic convention at St. Louis and the nomination of Parker and Davis for president and vice president. The platform favors the creation of a commission to regulate all public service corporations, favors a law compelling railway companies operating railroads in Wisconsin to sell mileage books at a flat rate of two cents per mile. The primary election law passed by the last legislature is strongly opposed and the present state administration is roundly scored. Following is the ticket nominated: For governor, George W. Peck; lieutenant governor, Dr. A. A. Lathrop; secretary of state, James P. Nolan; treasurer, Andrew Jensen; attorney general, William F. Wolfe.

Drake's Palmetto Wine.

This wonderful tonic medicine will immediately help you and absolutely cure you. Every reader of this paper who desires to give this remarkable Palmetto medicine a thorough test is offered a trial bottle of Drake's Palmetto Wine free. One tablespoonful once a day relieves and absolutely cures Indigestion, Flatulency, Constipation, Catarrh of the Mucous Membranes, Congestion of Liver or Kidneys, and Inflammation of Bowels, to stay cured. It is a wonderful tonic for the appetite, nervous system and blood, and promotes and maintains health and vigor.

Seventy-five cents at Drug Stores for a large bottle, usual dollar size, but a trial bottle will be sent free and prepaid to every reader of this paper who needs such a medicine. Address your letter or postal card to Drake Formula Company, Drake Building, Chicago, Ill. A trial bottle will be sent prepaid.

For Sale by Jacobs' Pharmacies, Atlanta.

JAP AND RUSSIAN ACCOUNTS OF GREAT LIAO-YANG BATTLE

JAPS IMPALED IN TRAP PITS

Continued from First Page.

from their outer positions, the Russians had dug a large number of pits with stakes concealed in their bottoms. The pits were fully concealed among the high Chinese corn. When the Japanese charged after the Russians, they fell into the pits in hundreds, and were engulfed and impaled on the stakes and their lines were thrown into confusion. When the Russians faced about and returned to their old positions, they found these death traps filled with dead and dying. The rattle of musketry and boom of cannon continued until midnight, when, at last, silence brooded over the bloody battle field and the tired soldiers lay down where they had fought, while the worn-out surgeons and angels of mercy ministered to the wounded all night, and the Chinese coolies worked at carrying them into Liao-Yang.

General Sakharoff, in reporting the battle, says the Japanese suffered enormous losses, much larger than those of the Russians, who also lost heavily.

No statement is made in regard to the losses. General Stakelburg, who is among the wounded, still retains command of his army corps, although he is no longer in chief command of the southern army, which has since been consolidated under General Zarcubaieff. Stakelburg's injury is slight and he did not leave the field.

General Marozovsky, who was also wounded, commanded the artillery brigade, distinguished himself during the suppression of the Boxer trouble in China. His wound is severe.

There has been no interruption of telegraphic communication with Liao-Yang up to this hour, which the general staff considers to be conclusive evidence that if the Japanese flanking movement was pressed north of Liao-Yang today it was unsuccessful. The receipt of press and private dispatches has been delayed, the chief telegraph office at Liao-Yang having been removed north, which is invariably done when fighting proceeds at such close quarters. The main office of the field telegraph today is working at all points in the field occupied by the army corps staff.

SAY KUROPATKIN AVOIDED JAP TRAP

Continued from First Page.

hardly a moment's intermission until after nightfall.

War scarred veterans scarce believe the stories which come from the seat of war and declare that it is beyond human endurance for an army to fight without respite for a whole week, each day of which has exceeded its predecessor in intensity of struggle and carnival of slaughter. Day after day the thousands of dead bestrewing the battle field have to be removed. The Japanese have invented new methods to incinerate the heaps of dead, comrades removing the ashes for the honors of burial in Japan. The wounded present a most serious problem as they tax the energies of both sides to the utmost. The most difficult problem, however, is the bringing up of supplies of food and ammunition to every point of the fighting line which extends from ten to twenty miles.

Never has such a bombardment been known. An eye witness of the battle of Vafangow told the Associated Press correspondent that many officers suffered nervous prostration owing to the terrible roar of the guns, and one military attache had to be invalided home for the same reason. Yet the artillery fire at Vafangow was far inferior in intensity to that at Liao-Yang.

The withdrawal of the Russians to the right bank involved the abandonment of Liao-Yang, which is situated on the left bank. The Japanese took advantage of this to occupy the city, but the sternest part of the fighting is still before them unless General Kuropatkin decides at the last hour to again fall back to the northward. It is more likely, however, that he will decide to fight to a finish. The cards are all in his favor, it is believed, now that he has the Japanese dilvded by the river, thus effectually turning the tables upon his foe.

The determined pursuit by the Japanese of the Russian outposts when General Kuropatkin gave the first order to withdraw was probably due to their anxiety to keep the Russians south of Liao-Yang until General Kuroki should be able to strike from the northeast. General Kuropatkin, however, saw the trap and cleverly avoided it.

Withholding the Details.

Up to the hour of filing this dispatch the war office has not given out the details of the fighting of September 1, but it is believed that this fighting exceeded in fierceness that of any previous day.

The absence of press telegrams from Liao-Yang on September 1 aroused suspicion that changes of importance were proceeding, which the military censors did not wish to be made known.

A telegram from the Associated Press correspondent at Mukden, filed at 9:27 on the evening of September 1, states that the train service between Mukden and Liao-Yang has been interrupted, but the dispatch does not mention whether telegraphic communications are open.

According to a dispatch from Liao-Yang, General Kuroki made his first attempt to cross the Taitse river late in the evening of August 30, under cover of a heavy bombardment of the extreme Russian left. The Japanese artillery, which had been firing uninterruptedly for fourteen hours that day, ceased about 9 o'clock, and then suddenly reopened about 11 o'clock to conceal Kuroki's preparations for crossing the river. These preparations necessitated the establishment of a pontoon bridge, as the river was not fordable lower than Sakankankwantun and the pontoons must have been floated down the stream.

The efforts of the Japanese to cross the river on August 30 were not successful and General Kuroki, therefore, ordered a portion of his army to ford it at Sakankankwantun.

General Kuropatkin was unable to prevent the passage of the river, owing to the distance from Liao-Yang, about 20 miles, but for the same reason the Japanese were unable to bring the forces which gained the right bank immediately into action.

Kuropatkin headed off the passage of the Taitse, at Sakankankwantun, after 6 o'clock on the evening of August 31, and immediately gave orders for his men to fall back on the outer positions. This move is explained by the desire to collect a strong force with which to repel a flanking movement from the northeast.

UNITED ARMIES PRESS RUSSIANS

Continued From First Page.

progress. The result of this pursuit and the result of the fierce battle waged on the eastern line where General Kuroki is assailing the force, has long screened Liao-Yang, together with the abandonment of the Russian right center on the southern line exposes the Russian left. But here the Russian force is so heavy that it may possibly be able to protect and extricate itself.

The question of the occupation of Liao-Yang by the Japanese is in doubt. The official dispatches do not make mention of such occupation, but it is assumed that the Russians are withdrawing through Liao-Yang and that the Japanese possibly occupied it late today. Tonight no estimates are obtainable of the losses on either side.

Field Marshal Oyama describes his losses in the morning assault as heavy. The early success of the attack was somewhat unexpected on account of the strength of the Russians and the nature of the Russian defenses. It is confidently believed that Field Marshal Oyama will press the pursuit with desperate vigor and inflict on General Kuropatkin the most crushing blow possible. It is believed that his trophies will prove valuable. It is the opinion here that the Russians were not able to carry many guns with them, and that they were forced to abandon or destroy vast quantities of ammunition and stores.



Map Showing Situation at Liao-Yang Before Kuroki Crossed Taitse River.

MARRIAGE AT MAJESTIC.

Mrs. Julia Gardenshire and Lieutenant D. H. Glenty Were Married Yesterday Afternoon.

The wedding of Lieutenant D. H. Glenty and Mrs. Julia Gardenhire was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock in the parlor of the Majestic hotel, Rev. Father John E. Gunn, D.D., pastor of the Sacred Heart church, officiating.

Lieutenant Glenty is of the Seventh cavalry, which is stationed at Chickamauga Park, Ga. The bride was formerly the wife of an iron factor of Dayton, Tenn. She is the daughter of Judge Wiseman, of California.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Glenty will remain at the Majestic for several days and will then leave for Arkansas, in which state is the new station to which the groom has been assigned.

The Atlanta Sunshine Society No. 1 will hold its regular monthly meeting at Barclay's mission, 271 Marietta street, tonight at 8 o'clock. Although this society is yet in its infancy it is doing a great deal of good work in Atlanta.

CANKER SORES

Obstinate cases of Cancrum Oris have been relieved after three or four applications of

SOZODONT LIQUID

A complete cure has been effected within a week from three applications a day. It is a wonderful dentifrice. Nothing to equal it.

IT CLEANSES, HEALS, PRESERVES.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

One fare plus one dollar and twenty five cents for the round trip to Baltimore by the Seaboard Air Line. Tickets on sale September 10th, 11th and 12th, with final limit to September 19th. Extension of the final limit to September 25th, may be had by depositing tickets with Joint Agent and upon payment of $1.00 extension fee. Stop-overs at Washington will be permitted on going and return trip.

Drink

HARRIS LITHIA WATER

All the Year 'round

Many people drink a great deal of good mineral water through the summer months and then lose all the benefit gained by discontinuing it when cold weather comes. The system needs good, pure water in winter as well as in summer, and the danger in drinking bad water is as great in January as in July. The average city water is more or less impure every month of the year. Usually it is drawn from rivers contaminated with sewerage from other cities, factory towns and farms and tainted with decayed animal and vegetable matter caught up in overflows or dumped into it. Much of the well water in use is very bad, while many springs are unfit for use. The conditions are not influenced by weather changes.

These facts considered, don't you think it advisable to be careful about your drinking water. The way to be *sure* that the water you drink is *absolutely pure and healthful* is to use only Harris Lithia Water.

Telephone our city office or write direct to us for prices of and full information about this greatest of all mineral waters.

HARRIS LITHIA WATER

IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Catarrh of the Stomach, Gastritis and other Diseases of the Digestive Organs.

It has given remarkable results in the treatment of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Cystitis, Rheumatism, Gout and other Uric Acid Troubles.

HARRIS LITHIA WATER

Owned and Bottled by HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS CO., Harris Springs, S. C.

Atlanta Office: 174 Peachtree St., Both Phones 1723.

JUDGE REILLY DIES OF HEAT

Death Revives Story of His Shooting Queen of Zanzibar.

Washington, September 1.—Judge W. George Reilly, a well known character about town, whose familiar haunts were on newspaper row, died here today at the Washington asylum hospital from the effects of a heat stroke suffered some time ago. Hailing from Virginia, he at various times held public office there and was a judge of the southern claims commission for that state. Twice he was United States consul to places in Venezuela and also at one time was consul to Zanzibar, to which offices he was appointed by republican presidents.

One of the stories told of him, but not althenticated, was that when filling the position of consul to Zanzibar he had shot the queen of the island with salt and pepper because she persisted in bathing in the garb of nature in front of the American consulate each afternoon. It was said he was recalled for this act, but the state department records show that he resigned the Zanzibar consulate, after holding it a year, because of the death of a member of his family.

WANT VETERANS TO MEET THERE

Macon Starts Movement To Secure Next State Convention.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—The movement which is under way to have Macon for the meeting place of the Confederate Veterans of the state next year was started a week ago when Alderman McKenna introduced a resolution in the city council that a committee from that body be sent to the coming encampment, to be held at Rome, Ga., in the interests of this city. This committee is composed of Chairman W. A. McKenna, C. E. Damuro and Captain W. H. Sloan. It is the purpose of this committee to cooperate with the members of both the Macon and the R. A. Smith camp of Confederate Veterans in a consolidated effort to bring the encampment to Macon next year.

It is thought that Savannah and several other cities will take a decided stand against this movement on Macon's part, though it is generally conceded that Macon is the most convenient place in the state for the reunion.

GOODWIN SPEAKS TONIGHT.

First Address of Municipal Campaign Will Be Made at Grand Tonight.

Colonel John B. Goodwin will open his campaign for the mayoralty of the city with a speech tonight at the Grand opera house beginning at 8 o'clock. A large crowd is expected to be present, as the interest in the campaign is growing every day.

Colonel Goodwin will be introduced to the audience by Mayor Evan P. Howell. The speakers of the occasion will be Colonel Goodwin, Mayor Evan P. Howell, Sam Small and Reuben R. Arnold. A band has been engaged for the evening. In the afternoon this band will parade the streets of Atlanta.

HITCH WON'T GO TO MANEUVERS

Captain of Oglethorpe Light Infantry Can't Get Away.

Members of Company Will Visit Manassas at Captain's Request, But Their First Intention Was To Stay Away Unless Hitch Also Went.

Savannah, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Captain R. M. Hitch, of the Oglethorpe Light Infantry, will not go to Manassas. The announcement was made by Captain Hitch tonight to his company. At first the members were strongly in favor of not going, but after some persuasion by the commanding officer, they reconsidered their determination and unanimously selected Captain Clarence G. Anderson, of the Republican Blues, as their commanding officer for the maneuvers.

Captain Hitch announced to the company that on account of his duties in connection with the court of inquiry that it would be impossible for him to go with the company to Manassas. He stated that his attendance on the court of inquiry for the past week or more made it out of the question for him to make any preparations for the trip, and it was furthermore necessary for him to remain at home while the stenographer was transcribing the testimony taken down at the hearing in order that he may revise that as it is written out and make such corrections as may be found necessary.

Members Hesitated.

The members of the Oglethorpe Light Infantry were a unit in their determination at first not to go without their captain. Colonel Grayson was also present at the meeting and Captain Hitch and Colonel Grayson explained to the men the reason why they should go. Captain Hitch stated that he would treat it as a personal favor if not a man staid at home because of his own unavoidable absence. A number of speeches were made by different members of the company and it was finally agreed that if Captain Hitch requested them to go they would go, as they were resolved to stand by him and do whatever he wished.

At the conclusion of the meeting Captain Hitch was given three cheers by the men. It had been arranged that Captain Anderson should go as an adjutant on the general staff. His place will be taken by Captain Thompson, of Swainsboro.

Meeting National Convention Fraternal Order Eagles at Baltimore, September the 13th to the 17th.

On account of the above meeting, the Seaboard Air Line will sell tickets, Atlanta to Baltimore, Md., at rate of one fare plus $1.25 for the round trip.

Tickets will be on sale September 10th, 11th and 12th, with final limit to September the 19th. Extension of the final limit, to September the 25th, may be had by depositing tickets with Joint Agent at Baltimore, and upon the payment of $1 extension fee. For full information, call on or write, R. M. CAFFAY, City Passenger and Ticket Agent. Phones 100.

SHOT OFFICER FOR BURGLAR

Policeman Morris Painfully Wounded by Negro Butler.

Charley Dunlap, a negro, who was left in charge of the residence of James D. Robinson, corner West Peachtree and Fourth streets, yesterday morning about 5 o'clock fired a pistol and shot Officer W. T. Morris in the thigh. The negro thought the officer was a burglar.

Mr. Morris sustained a painful but not dangerous wound. He was carried to Grady hospital. The ball has not yet been probed for, as Morris has been too weak to undergo an operation.

Dunlap was arrested. Yesterday morning Captain J. W. English, father in law of Mr. Robinson, stood the negro's bond of $200 after Dunlap was arraigned before Acting Recorder Quillian for a preliminary hearing.

Dunlap, who is a servant at the Robinson home, was in the basement of the house. When Officers Morris and Brody, who were passing the house, noticed a light, and, knowing the family was in New York, and having been given orders to watch the house, went to the rear side of the home by the Fourth street entrance, Morris leading the way, with Brody following. Just as the officers stooped to look into the basement room the light was turned out and a pistol was fired.

Dunlap says that he thought he was shooting at a burglar, but he inflicted a painful wound on the leg of Officer Morris.

When Dunlap was before the recorder's court yesterday morning he said that he thought burglars were trying to get into the house. Declaring that he had instructions from Mr. Robinson to shoot any one who tried to get into the residence, he did so. Captain English said yesterday that the negro was left with instructions, as he had related, and that he himself had notified the police department that a negro would be in the house while his son in law was away.

Last night Officer Morris was resting well.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, September 1.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Georgia—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light southeast to south winds.

Virginia—Partly cloudy Friday, warmer in extreme southwest portion; Saturday fair, light to fresh southeast to south winds.

North Carolina—Showers Friday, except fair in extreme west portion; light to fresh northeast winds; Saturday partly cloudy, showers on the coast.

South Carolina—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, except showers on the coast; light to fresh southeast to south winds.

Alabama—Fair Friday except showers in extreme south portion; Saturday showers, cooler in the interior; light to fresh south winds becoming variable.

Mississippi—Fair in north, showers in south portion Friday; Saturday showers; cooler in north portions; light to fresh south winds shifting to north by Saturday.

Eastern Texas—Showers Friday except fair in southwest and extreme south portions, cooler in north portion; Saturday fair.

Local Temperature.

Highest temperature	87
Lowest temperature	72
Mean temperature	79.5
Normal temperature	73
Precipitation in last 24 hours	.00
Deficiency since 1st of month	.14
Deficiency since January 1	10.05

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p.m.	Temperature High	Rain 12 hrs Inches
Atlanta, clear	80	86	.00
Abilene, clear	92	56	.00
Augusta, clear	84	92	.04
Buffalo, clear	70	74	.00
Charleston, p'tly cl'dy.	80	84	.00
Charlotte, clear	74	86	T.
Chattanooga, clear	82	88	.00
Chicago, clear	70	82	T.
Cincinnati, clear	84	88	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	82	90	.00
Detroit, rain	70	80	.66
Dodge City, p'tly cl'dy.	76	78	T.
Galveston, clear	82	86	.01
Jacksonville, clear	78	86	.00
Jupiter, clear	78	90	.26
Kansas City, p'tly cl'dy	82	88	.00
Knoxville, clear	76	88	.00
Memphis, clear	86	90	.00
Mobile, partly cloudy	80	86	.50
Montgomery, clear	84	90	.00
New Orleans p. cloudy	78	88	.48
New York, cloudy	70	74	.00
North Platte, p'tly cl'dy	68	70	.10
Norfolk, clear	72	82	.00
Omaha, cloudy	92	92	.02
Palestine, clear	88	92	.00
Port Eads, cloudy	80	88	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	78	84	.00
Rapid City, clear	64	68	.02
Savannah, clear	78	86	.00
St. Louis, clear	82	88	.00
St. Paul, rain	66	66	1.32
Tampa, clear	80	90	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	78	84	.16
Wilmington, clear	76	84	.00

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecaster.

SOLDIERS

GOING TO CAMP

Drop in and Get few Suits of our $1.50 Underwear for 90c.

50c Sox for 25c.

WOOD & PHILLIPS CO.

FURNISHERS—103 PEACHTREE ST.

One fare plus twenty five cents for the round trip by the Seaboard Air Line to Richmond, Va. Tickets on sale September 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th, with final limit to September 15th, 1904. Through sleeping cars and day coaches without change.

COME OUT TO THE GOODWIN RALLY TONIGHT AND HEAR HON. EVAN P. HOWELL, REV. SAM W. SMALL AND COL. REUBEN R. ARNOLD.

MANUFACTURING

Richmond has over 1,300 manufacturing establishments with an invested capital of $24,142,465 and an annual output of about $60,000,000, employing nearly 30,000 hands. It is probably the largest tobacco manufacturing center in the entire South. Among its other principal manufactures are locomotives, car axles, railroad spikes, nails, horseshoes, agricultural implements, tin tags and boxes, tin roofing, fertilizers, paper and paper boxes, cedar and wooden ware, hubs and spokes, baking powder, meat juices, trunks and bags, hats, etc. It has the largest publishing house in the South and a large ship-building plant.

A City Of Push and Energy Noted Now For Its Rapid Growth

JOBBING

The wholesale and jobbing interests of Richmond, with an invested capital of $10,429,900, did business last year aggregating $43,400,789. This trade consists principally of dry goods, notions, millinery, boots, shoes, hats, caps, clothing, groceries, provisions, liquors, tobacco, drugs, hardware, railway, mill and plumbers' supplies, coal, wood, hay, seeds, stoves, tin, hides, leather, books, stationery, wooden ware, carpets, straw goods, etc. The wholesale and jobbing establishments include many of the largest concerns of the kind in the entire South. All are wide-awake, progessive and ready to meet all competition.

RICHMOND

Advantages Offered Southern Buyers

No better inducements are offered to the merchants of the South than those to be had in Richmond, Va. The great shipping facilities, including the leading railroad systems of the South as well as the large boat lines, give Richmond advantages that are not to be had elsewhere. Every line of merchandise is represented in Richmond, either by manufacturers on the spot or large jobbing houses all of whom are able to cope with the largest in their respective lines. Their methods are fair and honest, their principles broad and liberal.

The Trade Center of Virginia and of the Entire South

Railroad Fare Paid to Merchants

The leading manufacturers and jobbers of Richmond have joined in an agreement that will greatly benefit merchants wishing to do their buying in person. Any Southern merchant whose purchases during his stay in Richmond are made from the firms composing this association will be refunded his railroad fare in whole or in part, according to amount of said purchases. Merchants taking advantage of this offer should register at the Chamber of Commerce promptly upon arrival in Richmond. Write the Chamber of Commerce for full particulars.

Massengale Advertising Agency.

NEW CHAIRMAN WAS ELECTED

Hugh Dorsey Resigned Chairmanship of the Subcommittee.

At a meeting of the subcommittee of the city executive committee, held last night in room 315 Kiser building, Hugh Dorsey, chairman, resigned, and M. M. Welch was elected to the vacancy.

Two meetings were held yesterday. Immediately after the close of the meeting of the city executive committee, the subcommittee met in the council chamber. At this time Hugh Dorsey was elected chairman of the committee and M. M. Welsh vice president.

No further business was transacted until the members met again last night. Mr. Dorsey appointed a committee, composed of Messrs. Welch, Chosewood and Campbell, to estimate the cost of holding the municipal primary and to report back to the subcommittee at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon at the same place.

After appointing this committee Mr. Dorsey announced that owing to press of business he found it impossible to hold the position to which he had been elected, and nominated M. M. Welch for the chairmanship. He stated that he believed Mr. Welch to be the right man for the position, and moreover he was the originator of the Australian ballot system in Atlanta. Mr. Welch was unanimously elected. W. J. Campbell was elected secretary, over his own opposition.

R. A. Ewing's proxy was held by J. W. Kilpatrick, and the proxy of H. F. West was held by W. C. Waddell. The committee decided that proxies would not be admitted. A little later Mr. Ewing came in to the meeting and resigned, owing to business obligations. Mr. Dorsey, as chairman of the city executive committee, appointed J. W. Kilpatrick to fill his place.

SMITH HAD ON DRESS OF GIRL

Says He Accepted a Position As Nurse and Had to Dress Accordingly.

Clad in a black worsted walking skirt and a striped calico waist, his head covered with a large white sun-bonnet, Robert Smith, a youth 17 years of age, who says his home is in Paris, Tex., was taken from a Southern train bound from Atlanta to Memphis yesterday afternoon by Officer Brown.

Young Smith was sent to police station in the patrol wagon and his dress taken off him, revealing, much to the turnkey's amazement, a white boy dressed in short trousers and a waist.

The boy says he left Paris, Tex., nearly two months ago for Spartanburg, S. C. He had engaged himself as nurse to an Atlanta woman, whose name he has forgotten. The boy says he nursed her three baby children from Paris to Atlanta. Here she left him and he went on to Spartanburg.

Smith says that he left Texas with $2.75 and has $1.50 of it now. While in Spartanburg he cut wood for a man for his board, but had his female clothes hidden in a corn sack, which he had with him when arrested yesterday afternoon. He said that no one in Spartanburg knew he had played the role of a woman. As soon as he was ready to depart for his home town he again donned the skirt and bonnet. He arrived in Atlanta yesterday afternoon from Spartanburg about 3 o'clock, and after he secured a seat in the train was arrested.

$4.35 Chattanooga and Return $4.35.

On September 11 and 12 the Southern railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga and return at above rate. Tickets good returning until September 20 with privilege of extension until September 30.
THREE DAILY TRAINS BETWEEN ATLANTA AND CHATTANOOGA.
J. C. BEAM, JR.,
Picket; Griggs, Caughnawaga.

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES CURED.

Our Guarantee Is: "Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured."



MY BEST REFERENCE IS NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.
DR. KING MEDICAL CO.,
No. 7 Marietta St., Upstairs,
ATLANTA, GA.
CONSULTATION FREE.
Hours 8 to 8. Sunday 9 to 2.
WRITE for Symptom Blanks for Home Treatment.

Varicocele. We cure this disease without operation or ligature, and under our treatment the congested condition (within ten days) disappears. The parts are restored to their natural condition, vigor and strength and circulation re-established.

Stricture. We cure stricture without the knife or instrument by an application which acts directly on the parts affected, dissolving the stricture completely by our galvanic-electrical and medical treatment. Our treatment is painless, and in nowise interferes with your business duties.

Loss of Manly Vigor. You may be lacking in the power of manhood. If so, we will restore to you the snap, vim and vigor of vitality, the loss of which may be the result of indiscretions, excesses and unnatural weakness.

Contagious Blood Poison. It may be in its primary stage, or it may have been hereditary or contracted in early days, thereby being constitutional. We cure all its complications; we stop its progress, eradicate every vestige of poison from the system, and this without the use of mercury or potash.

Private Diseases. Newly contracted cases cured. All burning and itching, inflammation and unnatural discharge stopped in 24 hours; cures effected in 7 days.

CHRONIC DISORDERS OF WOMEN.

We successfully treat all nervous and chronic diseases of Women, and such diseases peculiar to their sex, such as Falling and Womb Displacement, Unnatural Discharges, Nervous Decline, Dizziness, Pain in the Back. All women who wish to avoid instrumental examination and unnecessary operation should consult us.

CATARRHAL CONDITIONS CURED.

Catarrh of the Nose, Throat, and Lungs successfully treated by our new inhalation method. It removes all irritation, pain in forehead, "dropping," hawking and spitting, and prevents lung complications, chronic bronchitis and pulmonary disease. Call at once for a trial treatment of our 20th century new method cure.

DOCTOR KING, Cor. Marietta and Peachtree Sts. Entrance, 7 Marietta St., Atlanta.

THEATERS.

Undoubtedly the little lady of the pink pajamas was quite the prettiest and most vivacious part of the "Liberty Bells" produced at the Grand last night. She was only a chorus girl but you could see everyone looking over their programmes trying to find out who this danty bit of femininity was. But as she didn't wear the label you couldn't tell whether she was the boarding school girl from New York or Cleveland or some other city, which mystery perhaps made her only the more interesting. She was such a cute little, "beaut" little chunk of a girl and she did such funny little things in a queer little way that everyone was asking somebody else to notice her long before the end of the first act.

"Liberty Belles" have been here before but it never fails to attract a large house. It is the same old boudoir bit of funmaking in which the man who pays the fare at the box office is let in on a lot of little secrets and things like lingerie, where the tiny blue ribbon goes through, and the kind of gowns that go "frou frou" with the ruffles rather than the "swish swish" of silk. All but the little lady of the pink pajamas. She was in a class and a costume all her own and she filled both very entertainingly to judge from the way she was applauded by those who dared.

Of course there were evidences in the performance that the season is still young but there are many who prefer just the least little uncertainty to the perfect routine which comes with the hundredth performance. And there were so many pretty girls in the chorus, and everyone tried so hard, that it ended in everyone having a good time on one side of the footlights and encores on the other. For the most part the company is new, collected and presented by Fred Berger, Jr., who is a son of that famous theatrical veteran of the same name. Some new songs have been added and as for the radium dance by the pretty girl Pierrots, the people simply would have more of it. Percy Leach is one of the leftovers from last season and his work with that of Miss Dorothy Hutchinson and Miss Lottie Staveley were the best of the evening. Their's and that of the little lady of the pink pajamas.

ALAN ROGERS.

Despite the counter attractions the attendance continues good at the Casino and those who have seen the performance are loud in their praises and are telling their friends of the excellent bill that is being offered this week at the popular play house.

There will be just three more performances—tonight, matinee tomorrow and the closing performance Saturday night. The advance sale for the balance of the engagement promises large houses and the Casino will close with flying colors.

Those who have not seen the bill this week have missed one of the most refreshing shows of the season.

"A Midnight Marriage" is a play that has a true heart interest as well as an unlimited amount of comedy. The play is in four acts by Hal Reid, and the scenes are laid in and around New York city, giving plenty of opportunity for splendid effect.

Forrester & Mittenthal have invested a large amount of both time and money to furnish the amusement going public with a good production and strong company. Their efforts have been crowned with success since the initial performance of the play last season in New York city.

This attraction will be seen all next week at the Bijou, opening with a matinee Monday afternoon.

A revival of "Darkest Russia" at this particular time is certainly in direct line with the popular fancy.

The plot dealing with the intrigues and despotism of Russian officials throughout the empire, and shedding light upon the nihilistic and the numerous other secret organizations which are sapping away the vitality of government, must naturally be of paramount interest during the strife between two powerful countries.

Not alone does the play touch seriously the questions, but reveals some of the iniquities with which the whole world is familiar.

The organization of players is headed by Miss Eva Montford, a capital leading actress, whose portrayal of Ilda, the Jewish girl, is winning high praise.

"Darkest Russia" will be the attraction next Tuesday afternoon and evening at the Grand.

NEGRO SEIZES YOUNG WOMAN.

Three Shots Are Fired at Him But Effect Is Unknown.

Flowery Branch, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—At a late hour last night, while Miss Bessie Williams was standing near an open window, her wrist was seized by an unknown negro man.

The young woman's screams aroused her brother in law, J. E. Toole, who fired three shots from a revolver at the intruder, but so far as known without effect.

The community is considerably aroused over the matter, and the negro, if apprehended, will no doubt be summarily dealt with.

WATNEY-THOMAS.

Columbus, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) Timothy Watney and Miss Prudie Thomas were married this afternoon by Rev. Thomas H. Thompson, the ceremony being performed as the couple sat in a buggy in a road just north of the city. The bride is an orphan.



SOLDIERS

GOING TO CAMP
Drop in and get few Suits of our $1.50 Underwear for 90c.

50c Sox for 25c.

Wood & Phillips Co.
FURNISHERS—103 PEACHTREE ST.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

JAMES B. COLLINS, 50 YEARS OLD, died yesterday at noon at his residence, 361 Terry street, of heart trouble. He is survived by one daughter. The funeral services will be conducted today from the residence and the interment will be in Westview.

RUTH J. WILKINSON, THE 6-YEAR-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wilkinson, died at the residence of her parents, 16 East Baker street, from appendicitis. She was the only child. The funeral services wil be conducted Saturday.

MRS. ELIZABETH ATKSON, 67 years old, died at her residence, 39 Organ street, yesterday. She was a widow. She is survived by two daughter. The funeral services will be held at the residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

TOM WALTON, CHARGED WITH burglarizing two Ivy street barber shops and a restaurant, was bound over to the state court yesterday afternoon under a $500 bond by Acting Recorder Quillian. Julius DeReefe testified that he saw Walton break open the places. Walton is represented by Attorney Crane.

NICK MALERLOSE AND JOHN Sims, two Greek fruitstand keepers, were fined $10.75 yesterday afternoon by Acting Recorder Quillian, charged with disorderly conduct. According to the evidence brought out in the case the two men dissolved partnership Wednesday afternoon and some trouble arose as to the settlement. They came to blows and Sims bears a black eye.

MRS. R. A. EASON, 83 YEARS OF age, died yesterday afternoon at her residence at 102 Back street. The body will be carried to Montgomery today for funeral services and interment.

EMMA BELL, THE NEGRO WOMAN who is supposed to have snatched a pocketbook containing $40 from the hand of C. H. Smith Wednesday night on Ivy street about 12 o'clock, was arrested yesterday morning by Detective Ozburn and Officer Harris.

BEEN RUFF, A WHITE BOY ABOUT 15 years of age, who lives at 162 West Hunter street, yesterday confessed in the recorder's court that he stole a wheel Wednesday morning belonging to C. S. Buford, who works with the Central road, and another yesterday morning belonging to F. J. Clyatt, who is a clerk with The Atlanta Journal. Ruff was bound over under a $200 bond.

THE FUNERAL SERVICES OF MRS. J. L. Tillman, wife of Rev. J. L. Tillman, and mother of Charles D. Tillman, well known evangelist and song writer, were held yesterday morning at Oakland City, at the residence of Charles Tillman. Rev. C. M. Dunaway and Rev. W. O. Butler officiated. Sons and nephews of the deceased acted as pallbearers. The interment was at Oakland.

BECAUSE HE REFUSED TO SHARE a piece of chewing gum with an unknown negro man yesterday morning at the corner of Alabama and Broad streets, Edward Miller, a 14-year-old white boy, who lives at 225 Sims street, had his scalp laid open by a brick thrown at him by the negro. Young Miller was carried to Edmondson Bros. drug store and his head treated. He was then transported to Grady hospital.

JESSIE WEST, 15-MONTHS-OLD daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed West, of East Point, after several months' illness, died of typhoid fever yesterday morning at the residence of the parents. The funeral services took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Bethel Baptist church, Rev. William Phillips officiating. The interment was in the church yard.

AT THE CAPITAL AVENUE BAPtist church tonight there will be a joint meeting of the city B. Y. P. U., and the Junior Union. The occasion is the commencement exercises of the Junior Union, at which time diplomas will be presented. Rev. John E. Briggs will deliver the address of the occasion.

GOVERNOR TERRELL YESTERDAY drew his official warrant for the sum of $53,554.54, the convict rental money, for the quarter ending June 30 last, which is to be distributed among the counties which take cash instead of working five-year felony convicts. The delay in the distribution of this money was brought about designedly in the hope that a bill would pass and save to the counties the commission now taken from the funds under the law by county treasurers. The various counties will receive their pro rata shares in a few days.

HON. HAWES CLOUD, OF CRAWfordsville, was yesterday appointed by Governor Terrell to be solicitor of the new county court of Taliaferro county. Judge Andrews, the judge of the court, was appointed on Wednesday.

MAYOR S. A. RODENBERG, of Thomasville, has written the railroad commissioners asking the privilege of showing them over his city when they reach there on their proposed tour of inspection of the Atlantic and Birmingham railroad. The commissioners will start on this tour on Monday.

A SPECIAL ALL-DAY MEETING OF the Christian and Missionary Alliance will be held in the northern Methodist church on Marietta street near Spring today. Services will be as follows: 10 a. m., devotional service, led by Mrs. R. A. Forrest; 11 a. m., Rev. Paul T. Barth; 2:30 p. m., testimony service, led by William P. Davis; 3:30, Bible teaching by Ulysses Lewis; 7:30 evangelistic service conducted by Rev. R. A. Forrest. Arrangements have been made for those desiring to take their lunch in the morning and stay all day, as the church will be open from 9:30 a. m. throughout the day. All the services are open to the public.

REV. C. P. BRIDEWELL, D.D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Atlanta, has just returned. He has spent some six weeks or more at Virginia Beach and New York. The First Presbyterian congregation is having many changes and improvements made to the interior and exterior of the church edifice. Dr. Bridewell will preach Sunday both morning and night.

JOE SCHMIDT, A WELL KNOWN young man, son of Mr. Schmidt, of the Home bakery at 148 Williams street, while supposedly under the influence of whisky Wednesday night, stepped into the cab of a passenger train of the Seaboard Air Line at the car shed, while W. H. Brown, the engineer, was a short distance away, pulled back the lever, and rolled the engine down the track a short distance. Acting Recorder Quillian yesterday afternoon fined Schmidt $25.75 and ordered him held until he could learn if the man could be bound over.

HARRY MITCHELL, A NEGRO BOY 12 years old, was determined to see "Liberty Bells" played at the Grand last night if he had to climb the fire escape. About the time Harry had reached that part of the escape nearest the gallery he heard a masculine voice below calling to him. On looking down he saw the uniform of a blue coat, who was to rob him of the chance of seeing the show. Very reluctantly the young captive descended and submitted to arrest.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Mrs. S. M. Buchanan, who died Wednesday morning as result of congestion of the brain at her home at the junction of McDonough and Jonesboro roads, took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Baptist Antioch church. The interment was at the church yard.

SOUGHT SEVERED HAND WITH SPLENDID NERVE

CORDELE, GA., September 1.—(Special.)—J. R. James, aged 20 years, got his right arm caught in a cotton gin at the plant of his father, W. S. James, 9 miles southwest of Cordele, and the hand was completely severed just above the wrist. The dismembered hand went through the gin and fell on the seed pile. The young man was rapidly driven to Cordele, where the arm was amputated near the shoulder by Drs. MacArthur, Smith and Cox. He survived the operation and is resting very well. The injured man is prominent in his section and is well known in Cordele. James was adjusting some part about the gin without stopping it. His sleeve fell into the saws and his arm was jerked down on them. Besides severing the hand, the rapidly moving saws mutilated the arm far above the elbow in a terrible way. The injured man never lost consciousness and displayed remarkable nerve, having gone under the gin house and picked up the severed hand.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
ROBY ROBINSON.....Business Manager

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Our traveling representatives are W. H. OVERBEY and C. H. DONNELLY; Solicitors, W. W. BLACKBURN, CHARLES S. MOORE and T. H. HUNT. Be sure that you do not pay any one else.
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., September 2, 1904.

Port Arthur is dying game.

Wait for the Tokio dispatch.

Municipal politics is smoking up.

Cotton is ripening. See that the "vags" get busy.

Maybe that baby Czarevitch is a rabbit's foot.

The state tuberculosis board is a step in modern progress.

The hissing of the shells over Port Arthur is a sign of an early fall.

They do say that Fairbanks throws a chill on the republican campaign.

However, we think Ellen N. will conclude to play in Atlanta's back yard.

Soda fountains are but now being introduced in England. Think of that!

Jeffries adds insult to physical injury by declaring that it was a shame to hit Munroe.

Mr. Fairbanks would be a safe man for his party to put to spellbinding in Pennsylvania.

The czar has called out 100,000 more reserves. The Japs will meet them at Lake Baikal.

It costs $65,000 a day to run the world's fair, so don't kick at what the world's fair does you for.

With transportation justice Atlanta will grow to be the metropolis of the south, not of the southeast.

Tim Woodruff would be a pretty little gubernatorial lamb to lead to the republican slaughter in York state.

The fate of Japan may hang on Liao-Yang. Russia is infinite in her military resources if she loses there.

There is no money shortage in Georgia in the abstract sense, however it may appear to the reader concretely.

As a personality Tom Watson is to be taken with due seriousness, but he is not taken seriously politically anywhere.

Those Russians and Japs force the world to lose sight of the war between the women's clubs in New York state and elsewhere.

The wicked Chicago Journal opines that perhaps the "model pulpit" would create just as much talk as the "model saloon" has done.

They have a new drink in New York called "the Bishop Potter cocktail." But the good bishop don't care, for it is made of the real goods.

Chairman Cortelyou is praying that no lynching bee will be held north of Mason and Dixon's line "until after the presidential election."

Evidently Kuropatkin still has a weather eye on his only available line of retreat, and he may take it prematurely from force of habit.

The republicans are trying to put Dave Hill in the attitude of a self-confessed political Jonah, but they may have observed that Dave has not retired from politics yet.

Senator Proctor has the same feeling toward the political outcome in Vermont that Senator Lodge harbors with reference to Massachusetts. Taggart has got 'em on the anxious seat.

There can be no doubt of the rapid strides Spain has been making in modern civilization since Colonel Roosevelt wrested Cuba from her. We read of a charming society lady of Madrid who, although scarcely thirty, has just been married for the eighth time.

The Denver Post says a writer of that city who has been fortunate enough to have a story accepted by a paid-for-on-publication magazine, has added a codicil to his will bequeathing the check to his wife if she should survive him, and if she should die before its receipt, to his infant son when he reaches his majority.

Mr. Watson and His Mission.

In the capitol last night the always impressive Hon. Thomas E. Watson launched his brutem fulmen straight at the devoted head of the democracy of his fathers.

As chief evangel of the populists, Mr. Watson rose to his oratorical opportunity and did his best to scarify the democratic epidermis. This is no new business for him, although there are democrats who thought he had returned, at heart, to the Jeffersonian fold. Evidently, from his speech last night, the presidential candidate of the populists has assumed the role of a political Saul of Tarsus to journey to the southern Damascus and do things to its rock-ribbed democracy.

We would utter not a word, even inferentially, in impugnment of a single motive of Mr. Watson—we take it that he is in the "middle of the road," from principle, and is not afraid of the locomotive—but when he asks a democrat anywhere to vote for him, with the inevitable, if unintentional, end of contributing to the election of Theodore Roosevelt as president of the United States, we are compelled to seriously discount his judgment and to feel that he looks lightly upon his patriotic duty.

Mr. Watson's plan of campaign has been disclosed. He is a southerner, and what he says of his people and their institutions will be accepted in the north as "by the card." A prominent, if not the most prominent, issue of the Chicago platform, invites a radical reversion to the bloody shirt through the so-called negro planks, and unfortunately Mr. Watson's campaign is a contribution to that end.

With Dr. Crum and Minnie Cox so fresh in our minds, it is hardly possible that Mr. Watson will be able to convince any observant southern voter that there is only a distinction without a difference between the democratic and republican parties in the present campaign, especially when it comes to the eternal negro. The denial of postoffice privileges to the people of that Mississippi town was not a mere negro bogy raised by demagogical southern democrats to insure white supremacy for their own political ends, and it is not merely southern prejudice that prefers a tenant in the white house who is less republican in the choice of his table associates. Mr. Watson stresses these matters with an obvious desire to raise a doubt as to Judge Parker's natural proclivities in like situations On this score the south has absolutely no doubt. It can imagine nothing worse than Roosevelt. It has come to know Roosevelt.

Mr. Watson discusses the negro question at length and out-Herods Herod in his defense of the principle of white supremacy. And yet his candidacy for the presidency, whether so intended or not, is a direct contribution to the elements that favor republican success, and is one of the most serious obstacles yet presented to block the way of democratic victory.

To say the least of it, Mr. Watson's position is inconsistent, and it is apparent that he need expect no encouragement from any democratic state in his campaign, as the only possible effect of his candidacy will be to encourage the chances of a continued republican administration, with its south defying possibilities.

Georgia's High Tide Prosperity.

"The farmers, the bankers, the inhabitants generally of Georgia are right now in better financial condition than in years."

That is the overwhelming verdict of the bankers of the state, the men whose collective opinion constitutes the most sensitive and accurate barometer of commercial conditions obtainable.

Several days ago the national comptroller of the currency issued a report in which he asserted that Georgia, among other states, would this year be forced to call in more outside financial assistance than last, and that the demand would be made three weeks earlier than usual. This statement had special reference to the movement of the cotton crop while, at the same time, general conditions in the state were presumed to be affected, by implication. Believing that the tenor of the report was founded on a misinterpretation of the status in this section, The Constitution interviewed not only the most prominent bankers of Atlanta, but representative financiers in every section of the state. The concensus of their opinion given above, not only attributes error to the comptroller's report, but goes farther and states positively that not in years have the banks and people of the state been in healthier financial condition.

President C. E. Currier, of the Atlanta National bank, an authority of national breadth, summarizes the situation in this wise:

You can say for Atlanta and this section of Georgia that the banks are borrowing less money than they did last year and are better able to meet the demands for moving the crops. I do not know where the comptroller of the currency got his figures, but he has made a mistake so far as this section of Georgia is concerned.

While other Atlanta bankers go more into detail, the pith of their views coincide accurately with those of Mr. Currier. Among those interviewed were Messrs. Hawkins, Thornton, Lowry, Ottley and Peeples, men whose names stand for soundness and conservatismm in the fiscal world. They assign as the reasons for Georgia's magnificent financial condition the high price of cotton for the last two years, the large peach yield of this year, and proportionate increase in prices in all the state's products.

The views of President G. Gunby Jordan, of the Third National Bank of Columbus, adequately compress the attitude of the out-of-town bankers. He says in part:

We think that the state of Georgia is in the best fix we have ever seen it, largely from the good price cotton brought during the past two years. This cotton crop was produced very cheaply, also. The corn crop is a good one. So is the hay crop, and peaches brought about $2,000,000 in the state, and the wool crop brought a good price. The consequence is, the borrowing this year has been less urgent than common. We hear of a good many banks in southwest and southern Georgia that are already accumulating money from the sale of cotton, and are seeking good borrowers. Their crop matures about two weeks earlier than it does in our immediate vicinity. We do not anticipate any heavier demand this year than usual. In fact, we think that money will be very easy in Columbus as soon as cotton begins to move rapidly, and, from the receipts today, it is beginning to do that.

Among those who express similar, if not stronger convictions, are Messrs. L. P. Hillyer and J. W. Cabaniss, of Macon; F. D. Bloodworth and Mills D. Lane, of Savannah; James White and J. J. Wilkins, of Athens: M. R. Jallette and E. M. Smith, of Thomasville, and S. B. Brown and Morris Wessalowsky, of Albany. Mr. Lane, of the Savannah Citizens' bank, says that in ninety days from now there will be more money in the south than the banks will know what to do with, that we will be seeking borrowers instead of lenders, and that even now there are ample funds available to handle all the crops of Georgia.

There you have the condensed opinions of solid business men, men who do not express themselves on flimsy premises, men who place their reputation for keen observation, for safe judgment, for shrewd reasoning and conservative action back of their unhesitating statements concerning conditions in this section.

They are in close touch with every phase of business here; they are themselves vitally interested in the affairs they discuss; they have seen both "lean and fat" times and they harbor no hallucinations regarding evidences of prosperity or disaster; if anything, they are apt to under rather than overstate the situation.

Their words, untouched by hyperbole or imagination, point out that Georgia and the south are fast gaining an independent financial status of their own; that while business conditions in other parts of the country are such as to depress the laboring man and capitalist alike, here in Georgia and her neighboring states the prosperity is greater than in years.

"Our Literary" President.

As a dilettante litterateur Theodore Roosevelt presents a unique candidate for the presidency. But for the fact that the fortuity of politics placed him in the presidential chair, the fact would never have been widely known that President Roosevelt is one of "them literary fellers" and has written a whole string of books. A great many of his fellow-countrymen now know the titles of several of President Roosevelt's books and have been somewhat enlightened as to their contents by the partisan press. A great many administration officials and government clerks have also really bought the bound writings of the president-author, to the pecuniary satisfaction of his publishers. Indeed, we understand that a late edition de luxe of the presidential literary output has materially interfered with the financial ability of thousands of civil service employees to meet their campaign assessment this year.

Being an author, and probably having a trunkful of unpublished manuscript on hand, Candidate Roosevelt is in a peculiarly favorable position for springing "epigrams" without end upon his meek and long-suffering party adherents. The stock was by no means exhausted when he swung the circle as a vice-presidential candidate four years ago and cast his rhetorical pearls, unafraid, in the unappreciative face of a Colorado mob. Presidential junkets, state papers in explanation of his startling state coups, set speeches on notable occasions, and now the literary requirements of his campaign for a second term, have afforded him rich opportunities for going down into his literary treasure chest, but still his sophomoric platitudes (we will be pardoned for being truthful) issue as from a veritable cornucopia.

The admiring Mr. Cortelyou, who was one of the charter subscribers to the de luxe edition, is making use of a compilation of excerpts therefrom to razzle-dazzle the susceptible voter with the real literary quality of Candidate Roosevelt's greatness. We have bound volumes already under the title of "The Roosevelt Doctrine" and "The Roosevelt Book," to say nothing of tons of pamphlets devoted to the president's wise sayings.

There are, however, many things the president has writen which are religiously expurgated from republican campaign literature. These forbidden hunks of wisdom, teeming with scintillating epigrams and virile with the red, red blood of the real strenuosity, are being seized upon with avidity by the unliterary but not unappreciative political bureau of which Tom Taggart is the head. Mr. Taggart, being from Indiana, ought to know literary values. He, too, is compiling a "Roosevelt Book" for gratuitous broadcast circulation, the same teeming with the great white house author's hidden pearls of thought. It is really surprising, from a perusal of the Taggart paper edition, how refreshingly frank and candid, not to say unsophisticated, Author Roosevelt has been in his heart-to-heart talks with his hoped-for readers. Evidently there was a time, when the distinguished author was very young and very, very artless, that he had no thought of ever making a vulgar canvass for the office of president of the United States. There were none of the verbal wiles and smooth dissembling of the practical politician in the Roosevelt utterances of other days when he was his own bold, free self. He spoke right out in meeting and wore his heart on his sleeve. For example, in one of his books he asseverates:

In great crises it may be necessary to override constitutions, to disregard statutes.

In the foregoing literal quotation the Rough Rider presidential candidate is looking squarely in the mirror at himself. This is only a characteristic sample. In describing the picturesque working of lynch law for the arch-crime of cattle-stealing and making out a sympathetic case for the cowboy lynchers, Author Roosevelt informs us that "lynch law has been healthy for some communities." He means, of course, in the west. Of cowboys as a class he says:

They are much better fellows and pleasanter companions than the small farmers or agricultural laborers, nor are the mechanics and workmen of the great cities to be compared to them.

However, it is to be doubted if the young scion of Knickerbocker aristocracy ever spent much time in the plebian society of mere farmers and workingmen.

But the book that, perhaps, best exhibits the colossal and naively audacious Roosevelt nerve is the one in which he takes it upon himself to make a literary analysis of former presidents of the United States, from Washington down. We say "down" with obvious significance. He sneers at the intellectual and statesmanly qualities of pretty much the whole bunch, branding the great Jefferson as "timid and shifting" and the great Madison as "incapable," with "no special ability." Jackson he pronounces "ignorant," Van Buren he avers "served the mammon of unrighteousness," and Harrison, Taylor and Fillmore are contemptuously dismissed as "small presidents."

Already the republican managers are apologizing for the Taggart edition. They explain that Teddy was callow and sophomoric when he wrote such things and knows better now.

"Oh, that mine enemy would make a book!" What better could the democracy ask than a literary giant heading the opposition ticket?

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

A Fit Subject.

(From The Louisville, Ky., Times.)
In the case of the Atlanta man who attempted to commit burglary in a newspaper office, it will not be necessary to hold a lunacy inquest.

Wants Something Doing.

(From The Columbus Enquirer-Sun.)
"Another day gone and nobody called a liar in Atlanta," sighs The Augusta Chronicle. The Chronicle evidently wants something strenuous all the time.

Advice From Kentucky.

(From The Paducah, Ky., Democrat.)
Atlanta, which has been clamoring for pure milk, has suddenly discovered that it is the impurity of the aqueous fluid that is mixed with the lacteal. Moral: Never mix your drinks.

Not Always.

(From The Columbus Ledger.)
When an Atlanta official—a police commissioner or an alderman, for instance—denounces another in the newspapers as a liar, it doesn't necessarily mean that there is going to be trouble.

(From The Savannah Press.)
Atlanta is still weeping over freight discriminations. Birmingham tells her to hush crying, move over to Alabama and get in line. This is the refinement of cruelty. Birmingham is the cause of the whole trouble now.

Found Out Better.

(From The Houston, Tex., Post.)
An Atlanta burglar went into a newspaper office to rob the safe, but compromised on six trading stamps and an old pistol. He probably acted with good judgment when he learned the character of institution he was in.

One Buffalo Enough.

(From The Louisville, Ky., Times.)
The country heaves a sigh of relief because the three Atlanta counterfeiters who admit that they had been making "Buffalo" bills are now in prison. One Buffalo Bill is about enough for the whole world and competition should be discouraged.

Wonderful Fluid.

(From The Louisville, Ky., Times.)
How unreasonable the people of Atlanta are. It is stated in Atlanta papers that the water supplied to the city contains not only meat and drink, but gritty deposits which aid digestion, and yet the citizens of the Georgia metropolis are kicking about their rations, apparently oblivious to the fact that the price of beef is above rubies.

Spahr Jumped from Steamer.

London, September 1.—C. B. Spahr, of Kings Bridge, N. Y., city editor of two magazines of New York, fell or jumped overboard from the steamer Prince Albert, midway between Ostend and Dover, August 30. This mysterious disappearance recalling the disappearance of Frederick Kent Loomis, is reported on the arrival of the steamer, by E. W. Ordway, of 109 Dean street, Brooklyn, in whose company Mr. Spahr was making a tour of Europe for the benefit of his health.

Two State Days at Fair.

World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, September 1.—Special celebrations in honor of Indiana and Tennessee were held today, and parades, with the governors and their respective staffs of the two states participating, marched through the grounds. President Francis responded to Governor Durbin. Similar exercises were held at the Tennessee building.

Fails for $125,700.

New York, September 1.—Carson J. Newwitter, doing business, in this city and Astoria, L. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $125,700 and assets of $105,500. Newwitter has been identified with the trade for forty years.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

Juicy Prospects.

Watermillion lookin'
Lak my chance is gettin' slim,
But yander sets Br'er Possum,
A-laffin' on de limb!

Good times, my honey,
Dey comin' fer ter stay;
Chune up de fiddle,
En dance de worl' away!

Summer say, "I lef' you:—
Eat en drink yo' fill!"
Yander is de cane juice,
Drippin' fum de mill!

Good times, my honey,
Dey comin' fer ter stay;
Chune up de fiddle,
En dance de worl' away!

Ain't de worl' a good worl'!
People, take yo' place!
'Possum-pie en 'taters,
En de deacon sayin' grace!

Good times, my honey,
Dey sho' is come ter stay;
Chune up de fiddle,
En dance de worl' away!

* * * * *

"Another lynching out west!" When will those people become civilized and learn to respect the law?

* * * * *

An International Affair.

"Billville International Emporium" is a sign over a building in the rural district and the stranger is further informed within he may purchase—

"Postal cards, side meat, stamped envelopes, corsets, new molasses, coffins, school books, hardware, home-made cheese, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary and first-class fertilizers."

* * * * *

His Celestial Flight.

"So you think he's in glory, eh?"

"Well, the mule kicked him sky-high, an' ef he didn't bump his head agin' a star, I'm mighty certain he went clean over the pearly gates!"

* * * * *

Down in Georgia.

I.

Who kin sigh, an' keep still
When Joy gives him a chance—
When the cane's took to mill
An' the gals come to dance?
When it's "Hands 'round!" to all,
In the holly-wreathed hall?
Pleasure comes at yer call
Down in Georgia!

II.

Who kin walk all alone
Where no sunshine is found,
When a feller is swingin'
His sweetheart around?
Then the worl's rollin' nigh
To the heaven on high—
There's a song for the sigh
Down in Georgia!

* * * * *

"Retired" business men are thick as leaves the world over; but whoever heard of a "retired" author—unless, indeed, he retired to his garret to read the stars, and see if they said anything about breakfast!

* * * * *

A Word from Br'er Williams.

"Climb high in life, ef you will," said Brother Williams, "but make sho' er one thing, en dat is: W'en hit comes yo' time ter fall, watch yo' chance, pick out a sof' place, en never fall whilst anybody lookin'!"

* * * * *

The Poor Man's Cry.

I.

De po' man cry, en de Lawd he hear,
Kaze he cry so loud en long,
De saints, dey rise,
En rub dey eyes,
En he drown de angels' song!

II.

He holler loud fer de crust er bread,
En Gabrul, he surprise';
En he up en say:
"Ef 'twuz Jedgmint Day
I'd blow 'im ter de skies!"

III.

Yit, still he cry, en de stars on high—
Dey see 'im whar he roam,
En dey say fu'm top:
"Ef you'll des stop,
We'll come en light you home!"

* * * * *

There is a fiddle in Georgia that is 90 years old, and a man whose age is 102 is still playing it for his great-grandchildren to dance!

* * * * *

The Mule's Revenge.

"Lightnin' come along t'other day," said the Billville citizen, "after I had had my mule new-shod, an' ripped the shoes clean off o' him. But that mule got even with it."

"Hit did?"

"You bet! Give that lightin' both o' his hind heels, sent it flyin' back whar it come from, an' it split a cloud in two, an' broke a rainbow all to pieces!"

* * * * *

Hill and Valley.

I.

Down in the valley
Sweet dreams call to life;
But—strive for the hilltop,—
Wave flags in the strife!

II.

O, sweet is the dreaming
Where violets throng,
But—sing on the hilltop
Life's brave battle-song!

* * * * *

Fields white with cotton, hills of yellow corn,—the barns bulging with Plenty, the fiddlers "rozzuming" the bow, the girls willing, and the world goes spinning round in the halleluia dance!

F. L. S.

English Heads Veterans.

Indianapolis, September 1.—Captain William E. English today succeeded Harold Megrew as commander in chief of the united Spanish war veterans under the agreement signed April 18, when the amalgamation of Spanish war veterans was completed. The national encampment will be held at St. Louis, September 10, when Captain English's successor will be elected, but will not take office until January 1. Twenty-five thousand members of the organization are expected to attend.

School Burned Accidentally.

Constantinople, September 1.—An investigation proves that the fire which destroyed the American school for boys at Erzeroum, Asiatic Turkey, August 29, was accidental. The school belonged to the American board of commissioners for foreign missions.

COTTON POSSIBILITIES OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE

WHEN we come to investigate the question as to what are the prospects of our obtaining cotton from new sources of supply we are met by the striking fact that in many parts of our foreign possessions the natives have been growing cotton from time immemorial, says The London Times. There are certain parts of West Africa, for instance, where cotton has been grown for 1,000 years or more; at one time Yoruba cotton cloth, woven in native looms, was sent as far away as to the markets of Brazil; while a century ago the West Indies were a principal source of the supply of cotton for Europe. It may, in fact, be taken as fully established that the larger part of Greater Britain lies within the cotton belt—that is to say, within those portions of the earth's surface where the conditions of soil and climate are suitable to the growing of cotton. The British Cotton Growing Association, as the results of investigations and experiments already made, believes, indeed, that within the British empire all the cotton required by Lancashire can be grown; though, as the secretary of the association, Mr. J. C. Atkins, remarked in a paper he read at the first international congress of cotton spinners and manufacturers at Zurich in May, "the development of large tracts of country will necessarily be a stupendous work, and take a considerable time, as it is a difficult matter to introduce a new industry, especially among new races only on the borders of civilization, even if they have in their own primitive way grown cotton before."

The investigations and experiments here referred to have further convinced those who have followed them that, instead of attempting to grow American or other exotic varieties of cotton in British colonies, dependencies, or protectorates more practical results, as a rule, be obtained by seeking to improve the growths which are already indigenous to the particular country concerned. Good specimens have been grown from American seed in various parts of Africa, but the conclusion of British investigators is akin to that of the extremely thoroughgoing and most practical experiments of the Germans in Togoland—that it will on the whole be far better to devote attention to indigenous in preference to exotic growths.

Here, of course, the question arises whether the cotton so produced will be likely to satisfy the particular requirements of the Lancashire spinners. No doubt is entertained that much of it will do so, and that the quantities will steadily increase, and it is further pointed out that an increased supply of any kind of cotton usable in any part of the world is to be desired. Speaking generally, the cotton market is an international one, and a shortage of supply in any one particular quality leads to an increased demand for the quality either immediately above or immediately below it, thus increasing the pressure in regard to either or both of those qualities, as well as the one directly concerned. In the same way any largely increased supply in the case of one quality may leave a surplus which will relieve the demand for the next qualities; while, still further, cotton which did not suit Lancashire might serve the purposes of eastern or continental markets, and allow of a larger supply of American being available for general use.

Another of the general principles arrived at is that the work of such a body as the Cotton Growing Association should be of an educational rather than of a purely commercial character. It should seek to encourage the growth of cotton by the natives and settlers in the different colonies and protectorates instead of growing and selling on its own account. Modern methods of agriculture and the use of the most practical types of implements and machinery will be demonstrated at model farms or plantations which will be established, partly as object lessons, and partly as centers for the distribution of good seed, ginning and baling factories being added as required. With the practical training thus afforded to them, it is hoped that the natives and settlers will themselves take to cotton growing, on small farming, however, in preference to large plantation principles.

The lines of action have thus been laid down in very clear and practical fashion by the leaders of the present movement, and it would seem that they certainly start with better prospects of success than was the case on the occasion of the previous attempts to find supplementary sources of supply. Those that were made at the time of the American civil war mainly fell off as soon as the special causes inspiring them had disappeared; but the fact is realized today that the present problem is due, not to any particular event in the world's history, but, primarily, to a growth in the world's requirements, which can only be met by the creation of new sources of permanent supply. What is now aimed at is the provision of such sources, and one of the facts impressed with the greatest emphasis on the inquirer in Lancashire is that the movement there set on foot is itself one of a permanent character, and is in no danger of disappearing with the collapse of the crisis that has called it into being.

Among the territories likely to produce good results at an early date, and (in estate agent's language) more or less "ripe for immediate development," one of the most promising of all within the boundaries of our empire is the British central Africa protectorate.

Stretching along both sides of the Shire river, the protectorate runs up the whole of the east side of Lake Nyasa, and represents a total land area of 20,000,000 acres, most of which is suitable for cotton growing. The port of the country is Chinde, situate on one of the mouths of the Zambesi. Chinde belongs to Portugal, but Great Britain has a concession under which goods for the protectorate are landed duty free. A system of transport is already established and in full working order, and further improvements are being rapidly effected. There are from twenty to thirty steamers (stern wheelers) running up the Zambesi and Shire rivers to various points from which goods may reach Blantyre, the chief town, to be thence distributed by river steamers, like steamers, traction engines, wagons, natives and so on, to all parts of the protectorate. To obviate much of the present transshipment a railway is now in course of construction (and the work is well advanced) between Port Herald, which can be reached at all times from Chinde and Blantyre, and this line is to be continued from Blantyre to the south end of Nyasa. This will mean that, whereas most of the existing cotton plantations are situated south of Lake Nyasa, the increased transport facilities offered will allow of millions of acres in the lake district being planted with cotton.

The natives have grown cotton for centuries, but the best results in this part of Africa have, thus far, been obtained from seed recently imported from Egypt, samples of two kinds so produced having realized 7⅝d and 8½d per pound on the Liverpool market.

Some thousands of acres in the protectorate are now being planted with cotton, and it is anticipated that good supplies will be coming to hand within the next two years. No really great results, however, are likely to be obtained until the railway communication has been completed. When that has been done the volume of possible supplies from the British central African protectorate will be an item with which American speculators will have to reckon.

The population of the protectorate is about 800,000, including some 600 Europeans. There are complaints of a shortage of labor in the districts specially suitable for cotton growing and the planters have a grievance against the government on the ground that they have allowed and encouraged natives to go to South Africa, by sea, to work in the gold mines there. On the other hand, additional labor should be procurable from the adjoining Portuguese territories, while small colonies of natives from India are settling in the district, with the result that the Hindu worker is found to be an improvement on the African. Food, both for Europeans and natives, is plentiful; good stores are established in every settlement; and the climate is "fairly healthy." Government land in fee simple, including charges (but exclusive of mineral rights) costs from 6s to 7s per acre.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Mule Kicks Some.

Editor Constitution: I would not think of discussing the great questions of political or social economy with the talented editor of The Constitution nor with Colonel Jenkins, of Nebraska, but when you begin the discussion of the subject "Does the Mule Kick," I can speak from experience and declare most emphatically, "Behold he kicketh!"

That I am the mule's enemy I positively deny. That mules kick more than horses do, I by no means assert, but mules do, at sundry times, and in diverse manners, use those "battering rams" which the editor seems to regard with so much composure. This scribe was reared on a farm and has handled mules ever since he was large enough and has received one awful token of their appreciation of his kindness to them. A neighbor boy and myself arranged with some young ladies to take them to church one Sunday evening. There were so many boys and girls who wanted to go that we found it necessary to take a two-horse wagon for them. I was going to "splice" with one of his father's mules a big bay mule named Lucy. When I went, late in the afternoon, to the lot to catch her she assumed an attitude of complete resignation, marched up into the corner of the lot like she thought that what the propriety of the occasion demanded. But when I walked up behind her, placed my hand upon her hips and said, "woah," she returned the salute by placing in a tender manner her left "hock" upon my chin, while the left foot and lower leg measured about 2 feet up and down my chest. Accompanying this, and simultaneously with a grunt which imitated the hoarse bellow of the huge "bull of Bashan."

This series of unexpected movements had the effect of laying me sprawling in the dirt, to the disfigurement of my face, as well as the detriment of a pair of white linen breeches.

Until you can blot out the memory of the past, or produce convincing proof that the mule has reformed, it will be useless to tell me and those of similar experiences, that that animal will not kick.

It is my candid opinion that the low death rate among the colored "mule-skinners," as you suggest, is due largely to the fact that there is an abiding conviction in the mind of the last one of them that the mule will "bear watching."

All right, lets discuss this question, although I must express a fear that, with past experience, I am not open to conviction.

GEORGE F. BROWN.

Rison, Ark.

From Mob Law To No Law.

Editor Constitution: Georgia stands humiliated before the world by reason of the Statesboro lynching. Then and there the judicial and executive branches of our government were insulted and defied. This is the most far-reaching attack upon law and order yet given, and by reason of the premises we occupy dangerous grounds if we could but realize it.

It is only a few steps from lawlessness, such as this, to anarchy. When lynching is justified for any crime it will be justified for the next lower crime, and then the next until the great bulwarks of civil liberty have been swept away. If one mob considers one crime so heinous that the perpetrator should be burned, another mob doubtless will put the same estimate upon other crimes. It will then soon become a matter of taste and prejudice and might will make right, and civil liberty and government, by law, will be things of the past.

Yesterday a gentleman who condemns such things remarked to me that he heard a fellow citizen condemning Governor Terrell for ordering an investigation, and immediately I read in The Constitution of the 30th instant a communication from Savannah wherein it was claimed by W. B. Moore that all the people of Bulloch county except the lawyers and preachers approved the lynching. Mr. Moore cannot know this fact; he can only surmise it. It cannot be true. It should not be true. If it is, it is so much worse for the people and it renders our situation alarming and lamitable.

What, under existing circumstances, is the duty of every law abiding citizen in Georgia? Certainly we should commend, uphold and approve the action of Governor Terrell. If he ever did an act that was worthy of the approval of the people, and he has done many, his course in this matter should receive our unqualified approbation. We not only owe this to our chief executive, who has been so loyal to law and duty, but to our government and ourselves and children. In the next place we cannot remain silent lest our silence be misconstrued. We must set before the people the majesty of the law and its beauty and urge them to rest securely under its aegis. We must show them whether unrestrained passion and lawlessness leads. We must teach them that the hope of ourselves and our children rests in obeying and upholding the law. We must impress upon them the truth that they who stab the law stab themselves, and inflict wounds upon their consciences that in days to come will harrow up their souls and that they who, contrary to the law and for revenge, take human life inflicts wounds upon their natures, from which they can never recover. We must persuade the people to put on the old love for the law and to walk in it.

ALVAN D. FREEMAN.

Newnan, Ga., August 31, 1904.

CITY PRIMARY ON OCTOBE

City Executive Committ Yesterday and Fixed

Resolutions Adopted Witho Discussion—People To Be Chance To Vote on W Primaries—Subcommit Appointed.

The city executive commi yesterday at noon in the cou ber and decided to hold the mary on Wednesday, October of resolutions, offered by C. of the fourth ward, for the the primary, was adopted w little discussion.

The special features about t tions were the provision for boxes and six managers and cl second and sixth wards, so a tate voting in these two la cincts in the city; the pro literature at the polls on el and a provision to allow the say whether or not in the fu ci'men should be chosen by stead of from the city at lar

Of the thirty-three memb committee, thirty-two were p only absentee was H. F. W eighth ward, and it was he had left the city to g He was excused.

The resignation of Councilm of the sixth ward, from the cil was read. It will take uary 1.

Charles S. Northen, me the sixth, sent in his resigna is now in the eighth ward accepted and the chairman T. E. Veal to fill the vac Northen is a member of t tee from the eighth ward.

It was agreed to require all to be placed in writing. Th effect of shutting off a lo resolutions and motions.

A communication from the the eighth ward, announcin had selected four members ward, was read, and the fo were appointed and invited the floor. The alternates not voted on, as there are n on the committee.

Mr. Allen introduced his which are given in full e The Constitution.

Resolutions Are Ad

Mr. Shirley, from the fift voted to the literature clau asked to put it in writing, h "Oh, let it go."

Mr. Corrigan, from the se like the idea of too many the sixth and second ward told to put it in writing, "Oh, let it go."

The previous question wa sustained on Mr. Allen's re Mr. Brown said he would that his ward had instru vote for ward primaries.

The chair ruled him out the previous question had "Oh, I suppose there is me to beat about in the a Mr. Brown, "for this thin it had all been cut and go."

The Allen resolutions only two or three voting a Mr. Brown still wanted ward matter, and Mr. Cu the seventh, moved to r action of the committee i Mr. Brown speak.

The motion was lost by to 11.

Chance for Ward P

Mr. Childress from the fered a set of resolutions subcommittee to place on "For Ward Primaries," Ward Primaries." This w the people vote on the m Mr. Northen moved to lutions on the table. Th lost by a vote of 28 to Mr. Welch, from the sec the previous question, dress' resolutions were adopted.

Before the committee chairman announced the committee to arrange the primary:

First Ward—J. C. Huff
Second Ward—M. M.
Third Ward—C. A. Ch
Fourth Ward—R. A. E
Fifth Ward—George W
Sixth Ward—T. E. Ve
Seventh Ward—J. F. D
Eighth Ward—H. F. W

$1.75 to Rome, Ga., via the Western and Atlant

On account of the St Confederate Veterans, th will sell round trip ticke return at the very low r the round trip, tickets o 12th, 13th and 14th, September 12th, 1904. Trains leaving Atlant and 4:30 p. m.

Special train with Americus, Albany and Camps will leave Union at 11:30 a. m., Septemb For further informati C. B. WA

J. A. THOMAS, C. P. No. 1 N. Pryor St. CHAS. E. HARMA

$18.00 Chicago to apolis and

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CITY PRIMARY ON OCTOBER 5

City Executive Committee Met Yesterday and Fixed Date.

Resolutions Adopted Without Much Discussion—People To Be Given Chance To Vote on Ward Primaries—Subcommittee Appointed.

The city executive committee met yesterday at noon in the council chamber and decided to hold the city primary on Wednesday, October 5. A set of resolutions, offered by C. N. Allen, of the fourth ward, for the holding of the primary, was adopted with very little discussion.

The special features about the resolutions were the provision for two ballot boxes and six managers and clerks in the second and sixth wards, so as to facilitate voting in these two largest precincts in the city; the prohibition of literature at the polls on election day, and a provision to allow the voters to say whether or not in the future councilmen should be chosen by wards, instead of from the city at large.

Of the thirty-three members of the committee, thirty-two were presen. The only absentee was H. F. West, of the eighth ward, and it was stated that he had left the city to get married. He was excused.

The resignation of Councilman Peters, of the sixth ward, from the city council was read. It will take effect January 1.

Charles S. Northen, member from the sixth, sent in his resignation, as he is now in the eighth ward. It was accepted and the chairman appointed T. E. Veal to fill the vacancy. Mr. Northen is a member of the committee from the eighth ward.

It was agreed to require all resolutions to be placed in writing. This had the effect of shutting off a lot of minor resolutions and motions.

A communication from the citizens of the eighth ward, announcing that they had selected four members from that ward, was read, and the four members were appointed and invited to seats on the floor. The alternates chosen were not voted on, as there are no alternates on the committee.

Mr. Allen introduced his resolutions, which are given in full elsewhere in The Constitution.

Resolutions Are Adopted.

Mr. Shirley, from the fifth ward, objected to the literature clause, but when asked to put it in writing, he said:

"Oh, let it go."

Mr. Corrigan, from the second, did not like the idea of too many managers in the sixth and second wards, but when told to put it in writing, he said:

"Oh, let it go."

The previous question was called and sustained on Mr. Allen's resolutions.

Mr. Brown said he would like to say that his ward had instructed him to vote for ward primaries.

The chair ruled him out of order, as the previous question had been called.

"Oh, I suppose there is no use for me to beat about in the air," remarked Mr. Brown, "for this thing looks as if it had all been cut and dried. Let it go."

The Allen resolutions were adopted, only two or three voting against them.

Mr. Brown still wanted to get in his ward matter, and Mr. Culberson, from the seventh, moved to reconsider the action of the committee in order to let Mr. Brown speak.

The motion was lost by a vote of 18 to 11.

Chance for Ward Primaries.

Mr. Childress from the first ward, offered a set of resolutions instructing the subcommittee to place on the ballots: "For Ward Primaries," and "Against Ward Primaries." This was done to let the people vote on the matter.

Mr. Northen moved to lay the resolutions on the table. The motion was lost by a vote of 28 to 4.

Mr. Welch, from the second, called for the previous question, and Mr. Childress' resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Before the committee adjourned, the chairman announced the following subcommittee to arrange the details of the primary:

First Ward—J. C. Huff.
Second Ward—M. M. Welch.
Third Ward—C. A. Chosewood.
Fourth Ward—R. A. Ewing.
Fifth Ward—George W. Payne.
Sixth Ward—T. E. Veal.
Seventh Ward—J. F. Daniel.
Eighth Ward—H. F. West.

$1.75 to Rome, Ga., and Return. via the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

On account of the State Reunion of Confederate Veterans, the W. & A. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Rome and return at the very low rate of $1.75 for the round trip, tickets on sale September 12th, 13th and 14th, with final limit September 19th, 1904.

Trains leaving Atlanta at 8:25 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Special train with Atlanta, Macon, Americus, Albany and other Georgia Camps will leave Union Depot, Atlanta, at 11:30 a. m., September 14th.

For further information call on C. B. WALKER, T. A., Union Depot.

J. A. THOMAS, C. P. & T. A., No. 1 N. Pryor St.
CHAS. E. HARMAN, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

$18.00 Chicago to St. Paul-Minneapolis and Return.

Via the North-Western Line. $22.00 round trip Chicago to Superior and Duluth; $20.75 round trip Chicago to Sault Ste. Marie, tickets on sale daily. $12.85 Chicago to Marquette and return, on sale August 2 to 16 and September 6 and 20. Correspondingly low rates from other points. Perfectly appointed train service. Through sleeping cars. The best of everything. Information and tickets can be secured from your home agent, or address N. M. Breeze, 435 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Honesdale Decorated Stem Ware.

Our late shipments contained a complete line of this crystal; showing the gold decorated in a number of patterns. A few suggestions as to the infinite variety of purposes for which it is designed—

Goblets	Wines
Saucer Champagnes	Cordials
Clarets	Cocktails
Sherries	Tumblers

Hock Glasses

MAIER & BERKELE,
31-33 Whitehall.

HIGH SCHOOL IS ALL RICHT

So Says Board of Education in Secret Session.

Special Committee Makes Report on Boys' High School, Saying It Was Good—Too Many "Adopted" Children in the City.

The board of education, while in secret session yesterday afternoon, adopted a report from the special committee which was appointed to investigate the Boys' High school to ascertain if it was too expensive, and if additions could be made to the manual traning department. The report of the committee was of a general nature and complimented the school very highly. The committe had practically agreed that there would be no use to agitate the matter any further at this time of the year.

The report as adopted by the board was as follows:

"To the Board of Education: Your committee appointed to investigate the expense of the Boys' High school submit as a result of a careful examination the following conclusions:

"1. The existence of the three departments, the technological, the commercial and the classical, necessarily increase the expense per scholar of the school.

"2. We deem the work now being done in each department excellent and we do not suggest any change.

"3. We recommend that the board give an opportunity for the development of each department.

"In conclusion we desire most cordially to commend the school to the board. We believe it affords an unexcelled opportunity for the instruction of the boys of Atlanta. We hope that parents will be able to keep more of their boys in the grammar schools through the eight grades and then also give them the advantages offered in the Boys' High school. Respectfully,

"E. P. BURNS,
"HOKE SMITH,
"L. Z. ROSSER."

Too Many "Adopted" Children.

The board decided that it had a very serious problem to deal with when it came to keeping out of the schools a number of children whose parents did not reside in the city, but who were being "adopted" by relatives solely for the purpose of getting the children entered in the schools.

It was stated that at least two hundred such children would have to be ejected from the schools this year. Every day people call upon the superintendent with children whom they have "adopted."

The board decided to eliminate from its rules a section which allows a child to enter the schools whose guardian resides in the city unless it is shown that both guardian and ward are residents of Atlanta and both parents are dead.

It was agreed to leave it optional with children whether or not the new song book, "Melodious Songs," be used.

Professor Slaton, principal of the Boys' High school, requested that physical culture be abolished in his school, and the matter was referred to the teachers' committee with power to act.

The application for two extra instructors in the manual training department was referred to a special committee, which will confer with the council finance committee.

Classics in Boys' High School.

Editor Constitution: I am glad to see you take so sane and vigorous a stand for the continuance of classical studies in the Boys' High school. It is a timely resistance to the too-pervading disposition to force our educational enterprises down to the purely commercial basis of the age.

This is no stage of civilization in which to throw overboard the study of Greek and Latin. Rather is a period in our evoluton when their study should be all the more strenuously insisted upon. I do not take much stock in the mental discipline pleas made for these studies. There are other and even better studies for such purposes. Nor do I care much for the value of them as keys to ancient literature, since most of what is worth while in those literatures have been adequately translated for us. Those pleas are scholastic rather than practical.

But the value of the knowledge of Latin and Greek to the professional man can never be minimized in this country and age. Lawyers, physicians, pharmacists, preachers, teachers, editors and authors all need the knowledge of those languages daily in order to be approximately perfected and adequate in their vocations. The lack of that knowledge in any one of those persons is a striking deficiency and is almost invariably deplored by him or her who suffers from such deficiency of equipment.

Passing from these self-evident cases, we should not ignore the fact that this is a scientific and mechanical age, when new inventions are almost daily demanding new terminologics for the proper expression of their actions and effects. All these resort to Latin and Greek roots or substantives to get the terms and compounds necessary to describe new facts and operations.

The advantages made in electrical science are marked by the coming of a host of new words from Greek and Latin materials. How else could we have acquired ohms, volts and emperes? Where else did we get electrodes, dynamos and rheostats?

Indeed, it would take pages of The Constitution to enumerate the creation and definitions of the thousands of new words thus coined and added to the English-American vocabulary by the necessities of modern science and civilization.

The young man who is to be efficient, because abreast of the intelligence and terminology of common life, must have knowledge enough of Greek and Latin to recognize the origin of new words and to analyze derivations back to their roots or components. All other things being equal the man who is able to do those things will outstrip his competitors as with 7-league boots.

Surely, the able and well-informed members of our school board will not perpetrate the cross anachronism or solecism or fanaticism of modernity, of banishing from the Boys' High school curriculum these renaissent essentials of an efficient education.

SAM W. SMALL.

$30 to Colorado and Return

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line. Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, daily throughout the summer. Correspondingly low rates from all points east. Only one night to Denver from Chicago and Central States and only two nights en route from the Atlantic Seaboard. Two fast trains daily. N. M. Breeze, 435 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio.



Tomorrow morning we will make a general statement that should nudge hundreds of men, and quicken dormant Insurance thoughts. Be sure to read it.

ROBERT L. FOREMAN,
MANAGER FOR GEORGIA,
Equitable Building.

RULES FOR WAR BEING FRAMED

Opposing Commanders Discuss Methods of Killing Each Other.

Corps Headquarters, Gainesville, Va., September 1.—Every rule of the war game which is to be played during the annual maneuvers of the army was discussed at an extended conference today, participated in by General Corbin, as corps commander; General Grant, commander of division No. 1; General Bell, commander of division No. 2, and the four brigade commanders from each division besides the staff officers of General Corbin and those of each of the two division cadets, making an aggregate of nearly forty army officers.

After luncheon the convention was resumed in an informal way. During its session nothing was said by the respective officers regarding the plans of either side for offensive or defensive operations.

The military organizations of each camp will begin to arrive Saturday.

FUNERAL OF C. A. VOLBERG

Many Friends Gather at Last Rites of Favorite Atlanta Newspaper Artist.

Funeral services of Charles Albert Volberg, the artist, were conducted at his late home, 141 West Hunter street, yesterday afternoon. Rev. Volbrecht, of the German Lutheran church, officiated, and in addition to the regular liturgical services, spoke of the brilliant future of Mr. Volberg, his wonderful strength and cheerfulness during the two years of his blindness and the great help he had been to his co-workers and fellow-craftsmen in the setting of an exampple of gentle bravery in the face of great affliction.

The home was crowded with loving friends and among them many of the Atlanta newspaper men with whom he has ever been a great favorite. In proof of this fact the floral offerings were so many as to cover the coffin and form a great bank of blossoms sent as a last token of love and esteem.

The following acted as pallbearers: Fred Lewis, Dan Carey, Sam Dibble and Alan Rogers, of The Constitution staff; Marshall Lane, of The Atlanta Journal, and Charles Kelly, of The Atlanta News. The interment was in Westview.

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

The Commercial Center of the South.

Richmond, Va., the picturesque capital of the Old Dominion, is moving by rapid strides to the leadership in commercial circles of the south. With $24,142,465 invested in manufacturing, the value of her output last year amounted to $59,436,117. There are now about 1,300 concerns engaged in the manufacture of various articles and employing about 30,000 hands. The wholesale and jobbing trade of the city amounted, in 1903, to $43,400,789, the actual capital invested aggregating $10,429,900.

It is the largest tobacco manufacturing center in the south; it has the only locomotive works in the south, a large shipbuilding plant, the largest fertilizer company in the country, the largest paper mills and the largest paper box factory in the south, probably the largest baking powder factory in the country, the largest publishing house in the south and the largest wooden ware factory in the world. In addition to these concerns, the manufacturing and jobbing establishments represent every line o. merchandise and many of its firms are well known over the entire country.

The exceptional advantages enjoyed by Richmond as a distributing center make it a convenient and attractive market for retail merchants—particularly those of the south. Its seven great railroads, with a total mileage of 27,674 miles, traverse the states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia and Ohio, as well as many northern and eastern states. Its steamship lines give Richmond the advantage of lowest competitive freight rates on all lines.

Leading manufacturers and jobbers, anxious to further extend their trade throughout the south, now offer to refund the railroad fare of any southern merchant whose purchases upon a personal visit to Richmond reach amounts large enough to justify such action. Particulars of this liberal offer may be had by writing the chamber of commerce or any of the following leading firms: Southern Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of baking powder; Fleishman, Morris & Co., shoes; M. Cohen Son & Co., clothing; Drury, Hughes & Co., dry goods; T. W. Wood & Sons, seeds; A. von N. Rosengt, brewery; E. A. Saunders Sons & Co., groceries and liquors; Roberts & Hodge, shoes; R. A. Patterson Tobacco Company, Cottrell Saddlery Company, Stephen Putney Shoe Company, Wingo, Ellett & Crump Shoe Company, Richmond cedar works, Richmond stove works, Etchison Hat Company, Merchants' national bank.

The foregoing concerns are all representative manufacturers and wholesalers in their respective lines. They are wide-awake, progressive establishments, fair in method and liberal in principal. They are making it possible for enterprising southern retail merchants to visit one of the largest and best cities in the south and at the same time secure their stocks of goods at as low or lower prices than they could be bought in any other market, not excluding the great cities of the north.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE CITY COMMITTEE

The following are the resolutions in full adopted by the city executive committee for the primary to be held Wednesday, October 5:

Resolved, 1, by the city executive committee of the city of Atlanta, That a white primary election be held in the city of Atlanta, on Wednesday, October 5, 1904, for the nomination of the following officers: A mayor of the city of Atlanta, four aldermen at large (one each from the third, fourth, seventh and eighth wards); eight councilmen, one from each ward of the city; also one councilmanf or the term of one year from the eighth ward; and one councilman to fill the term of Hon. E. G. Peters, resigned, from the sixth ward; city treasurer, city tax collector, city engineer, city commissioner of public works, city attorney, city sexton, and any other city officer to be elected at the regular city election to be held in December, 1904.

Resolved 2, That the polls of said primary election shall be opened in each ward in the city of Atlanta at 7 o'clock a. m. and remain open until 7 o'clock p. m.; that a ballot box shall be placed at each voting precinct in the city of Atlanta, except the voting precincts of the second and sixth wards, in which excepted voting precincts two ballot boxes shall be placed. Each ballot box to be in charge of three sworn managers and three sworn clerks, to be appointed and publis.... at least six days before said primary election, by a subcommittee composed of one from each ward and the two ex-officio members as hereinafter specified, the representatives from each ward to be appointed from the regular city executive committee by the chairman of this committee.

Resolved 3, That all legally qualified white voters whose names appear on the list of registered voters up to and including September 14, 1904, shall entitled to participate in said primary election.

Eighth Warders To Vote.

Resolved 4, That all registered white citizens of formerly Peachtree district, now within the limit of the eighth ward, be and the same are hereby entitled to vote i said primary; also all registered white citizens in that portion of formerly the sixth ward, now the eighth ward, shall be entitled to vote in said primary, provided said citizens are registered on or before September 14, 1904.

Resolved 5, That no registration certificates will be allowed on primary election day. The managers will allow no one to vote unless his name appears on the regular registration list.

Resolved 6, That the subcommittee provided for in this resolution shall appoint and announce the managers and clerks in each ward in said primary election, and fill same and all vacancies up to the day of said primary election; in the event any manager or clerk shall not appear at the voting precinct on the day of the primary election, the manager or managers appearing at the voting precinct shall appoint men to fill any vacancy or vacancies on said day; shall arrange for polling places, ballot boxes, and make any and all arrangements necessary for properly conducting the primary election held under and by authority of this resolution. They shall assess in their discretion each candidate as equitably as may be necessary to defray the expenses of said primary election, such as poll rents, furnishing meals for managers and clerks, hire of managers and clerks, and all necessary expenses of said primary election, and disburse the same.

Resolved 7, That every voter participating in said primary election shall be considered as pledged to support the nominee of the same.

Resolved 8, That the city executive committee shall assemble in the council chamber Thursday, October 6, 1904, at 12 o'clock noon, to consolidate the vote of said primary election, and announce the result, declaring the nominees of said primary election.

Special Rules.

1. That the use of carriages or other conveyances, either directly or indirectly, by the candidates participating in or submitting their claims for nomination, on the day of election, as held under this resolution, for the purpose of conveying voters to or from the voting places, shall be prohibited. This rule does not apply to individual voters using their own conveyances for their personal use.

2. That it shall not be admissible for any candidate desiring to be voted for in said primary election, held under this resolution to engage paid workers in his behalf; that no such candidate shall at any time after the adoption of this resolution, either directly or indirectly, pay to any person, any sum of money or other valuable consideration, or promise or agree to pay, or otherwise give, either directly or indirectly, any valuable consideration, either before, during, or after the day of said primary election, in consideration of the vote of such person or his influence or services in seeking to secure or control the votes of others in favor of such candidate.

3. That upon evidence satisfactory to this executive committee that any candidate or candidates has or have been guilty of the violation of any of the foregoing special rules, the vote of such candidate shall be declared null and void, and the person receiving the next highest vote for said nomination shall be declared the regular nominee for said office. In the event there is no other candidate contesting for such nomination, or in the event all the contestants for nomination for any given office shall forfeit their nomination by violating the foregoing special rules, it shall then be the duty of this executive committee to arrange for nominations to be made for such office.

4. That all persons are hereby put on notice that any candidate who submits his claim to the voters of Atlanta at this primary election, by that action agrees to the conditions under which said primary election is to be held, including these special rules, and obligates himself to conform to the same and to abide by the action of this executive committee in its enforcement of said rules and requirements.

5. That on October 6, 1904, at the meeting of this executive committee, the successful candidates for the nominations for the different offices be required to make affidavit that they have fully complied with rules 1, 2, 3 and 4 hereof, and that they have not in letter or spirit violated the same in any respect, and that on failure of any candidate to subscribe to such affidavit, the nomination shall be awarded to the candidate receiving the highest vote who shall make such affidavit.

Spbcommittee's Work.

6. The subcommittee appointed under authority of this resolution shall have printed all the tickets to be voted in said primary election. Said tickets shall be uniform in size, color and arrangements, and shall be designated as the "official ballot." Said tickets shall contain on one side the names of all the candidates for the respective offices to be voted for, and on the back of same shall be the words "official ballot," and the signature of the chairman and secretary of the subcommittee appointed under and by virtue of this resolution. The color, size and arrangement of said tickets shall be decided by said subcommittee and by them kept secret until the morning of the election. The managers are hereby instructed and directed not count any tickets other than the "official ballot" as above described.

7. The voting shall be done in a room to be selected and prepared under authority of the subcommittee or primary committee of this resolution in the respective wards and the ballot box or ballot boxes shall be located as nearly as practicable in the center of said room. It shall be the duty of the managers to see to it that there is but one entrance for voters or others to said room and that all other entrances, if any, shall be kept closed by the managers during said election and the count. The exits shall be through the same door as the entrance.

8. One each of the three sworn managers and clerks at the respective ballot boxes in said voting precincts shall be stationed together at or near the entrance of said room; it shall be the duty of said clerks to have a copy of the registration lists and to ascertain from same whether or not each person desiring to vote is registered; if registered, the clerk shall notify the manager at the door, and when given such notice it shall be the duty of such manager to furnish said voter with one of the above described official ballots, together with a card of instructions and direct the voter to a booth located in said room, in which to arrange his ticket privately, as he desires to vote it. Said voter shall arrange his ticket without the assistance of any one, unless unable to do so from physical disability or from inability to read for want of sufficient education. If the voter is incapacitated from either of the above causes to make out his ticket and such is apparent to the managers, upon investigation, the managers at the ballot box or either of them, or one of the clerks in the presence of such manager, shall, upon application, make out the ticket for such person, but shall in no case suggest to him, either directly or indirectly, which of the candidates for the respective offices should be voted for, but shall scratch said ticket in accordance with the desire of such person. Voters shall arrange their tickets by scratching out the names of the respective candidates whom they do not desire to vote for, and leaving the names of such candidates as they desire to vote for. When the voter has declared his ticket, he shall proceed to the ballot box to have the same deposited without delay, and after depositing the same with the manager he shall retire from the room immediately. The manager at the entrance shall furnish the official ballot to those only whom the clerk at the door declares registered and to no other person, and he shall give each voter one ticket, and if said voter shall make a mistake in arranging his ticket, he can, by delivery of said ticket to the manager at the door, procure another ticket, and continue to do so until he has been furnished not exceeding three tickets. The manager shall take up said mutilated ticket or tickets before furnishing another ticket, and shall destroy them, and shall in no instance furnish more than three tickets to any one voter.

The Complete Details.

9. There shall be a sufficient number of booths in each of the rooms of the respective voting precincts to accommodate the registered voters of said precinct.

10. It shall be the duty of one of the managers at the ballot box at each of the respective precincts to keep a registration list, and to verify the registration of each voter before depositing his ballot in the box, in order to see that no mistake has been made by the clerk at the door.

11. The posting of circulars, lithographs or any other kind of campaign graphs on the wall of the booth or either inside or outside, shall be positively prohibited, except by special permission of the subcommittee.

12. Voters shall approach the entrance of the various polling places in single column, and shall be protected from the solicitation of candidates and workers by ropes or other device extending from the entrance of the voting place out into the street or along the sidewalke a sufficient distance and in such manner as to protect the voter from being crowded when entering the various polling places. The managers are required to see that no crowding of voters in the entrance to polling places is permitted.

13. No candidate, worker or other person shall approach a prospective voter after such voter shall have entered behind the ropes or other device inclosing a space designated for the column of voters.

14. When a voter shall have deposited his ballot with the manager at the ballot box, he shall promptly retire from the room in conformity with the rules in effect upon the day of election.

15. In all instances where there are two or more candidates for the same office, each manager shall inspect and verify the count of all the ballots cast for each candidate at their respective precincts.

16. Any violation of any rule governing the primary election held under authority of this resolution shall be vigorously dealt with under the law.

17. The chairman of this committee shall be ex-officio member of the subcommittee aforesaid, and the secretary of this committee shall be ex-officio secretary and treasurer of the subcommittee appointed by virtue of this resolution, provided a suitable arrangement can be made with said secretary as to compensation, and he is willing to serve in that capacity; otherwise, in all other respects the subcommittee is hereby empowered to perfect its own organization.

18 All matters pertaining to or connected with the holding of the primary aforesaid not covered by the foregoing rules and regulations are hereby left to the sound judgment and discretion of the subcommittee herein provided and to be appointed.

ON TO BALTIMORE
Via
SEABOARD
Air Line Railway.

Account of the national convention Fraternal Order of Eagles the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell round-trip tickets from all points to Baltimore at remarkably low rate $19.95, on September 10, 11, 12, good for return passage until September 19th. Can be extended to September 25th by payment of fee of one dollar to Joint Agent at Baltimore.

Special service will be aranged for Eagles and their friends to leave Atlanta at noon, Sunday the 11th, going by way of Norfolk, Ocean View, Virginia Beach, Old Point Comfort, thence by palatial steamer to Washington and Pennsylvania railroad to Baltimore. Fare for the round trip $19.95.

For reservation of sleeper and steamer accommodations call or 'phone (100), City Ticket Office, No. 116 Peachtree street, Piedmont hotel Annex.

BETTS & CO. PLANT BURNS.

Fire Destroys One Million Feet of Lumber.

Ashburn, Ga., September 1.—(Special.)—A dangerous fire at the plant of J. S. Betts & Co., at noon today destroyed the shed where the dressed lumber was stored and 1,000,000 feet of lumber. The fire was discovered quickly and by heroic work the plant was saved.

The loss will amount to $12,500 and fully covered by insurance.

Asa Candler, Jr. Sues for Cattle.

Hartwell, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) On return day for Hart superior court a number of important suits were filed. Among them Asa G. Candler, Jr., through his attorneys, A. G. & Julian B. McCurry, filed suit against the Southern Express Company for damages to a shipment of fine Hereford cattle, bought from Overton Harris, Harris, Mo. The petition alleges that the company's negligence caused damage and death to some of the shipment. Mr. Candler owns some of the finest cattle in northeast Georgia.

Million Dollars for Charleston.

Washington, September 1.—Reports from the navy yard at Charleston have been received at the navy department and the recommendations for improvement there during the next year call for appropriations in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. Paving the streets in the yard, building wharves and improving the water distribution are among the main items.

Negro Agent Arrested.

Waycross, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) A negro insurance solicitor has been arrested in this city on the charge of writing insurance policies for a company that has not complied with the laws of Georgia governing insurance concerns doing business in this state. The negro's bond was fixed at $200, and he has given security in this sum.



How to Judge Beer

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE

"BRILLIANCY"—Clarity and polish, proving perfect brewing and fermentation.

"CLEAN" TASTE—The absence of a disagreeable foreign or "after-taste," proving scrupulous cleanliness during the brewing process.

"SOLID, CREAMY FOAM"—An infallible indication of body, age and excellence of brewing material.

"PURITY"—Impossible to find in most bottled beers, because their preservation is gained through chemical adulteration.

"FLAVOR"—The distinctive individual characteristic of any beverage; as peculiar to it alone as is its odor to the rose. A delicious and pronounced hop aroma is the highest standard.

A. B. C.

is the ONLY beer that possesses all of these essential qualifications. Its purity is absolutely guaranteed by its makers. It is the ONLY beer that can be so guaranteed, because it is the ONLY beer bottled exclusively at the brewery.

THE AMERICAN BREWING CO.
ST. LOUIS, U. S. A.

For sale by
JACOBS' PHARMACY CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

RAILWAY NOTES.

L. Green assumed his new duties as general freight agent of the Southern railway yesterday, to which position he was appointed some time ago. Mr. Green's abilities as an expert railroad man are too well known to need any comment at this time. Portions of his successful record have been printed in this column again and again. Yesterday the Atlanta railroad world was quite busy with herself telling the same story—that the right man was in the right place, and the popularity and esteem in which he is held by his fellow-craftsmen was brought out again and again in almost every casual conversation of the street.

G. R. Browder, formerly division freight agent of the Southern, at Birmingham, also arrived and began his new duties as assistant general freight agent, he having been promoted to the position made vacant by the promotion of Mr. Green. Mr. Browder also is well known in Atlanta, where he has many friends, both as a clever gentleman and a thorough and practical railroad man.

Two other deserving promotions which are sure to be received with gratification by their many friends are those of Chief Clerk W. H. Paxton, who was yesterday promoted to assistant to the general freight agent and Assistant Chief Clerk J. M. Jones to the position made vacant by the promotion of Mr. Paxton. Both of these gentlemen are thoroughly capable and experienced railroad men. Altogether there were a good many who moved up a peg with the coming of September yesterday.

Tomorrow the state troops of Georgia will start for the government maneuvers at Manassas and the railroads of the state are ready for them with equipment and every other particular. Traveling Passenger Agent W. C. McMillin, of the Southern, will leave with the troops tomorrow. Many sections carrying Texas and Alabama troops will also pass through Atlanta tomorrow on their way to the historic battle field of Virginia. Later General Passenger Agent J. P. Billups, of the West Point Route; J. G. Hollenbeck, the Atlanta Louisville and Nashville man, and a number of other prominent local railroad officials will go to Manassas in the interests of the roads they represent.

ARGUES FOR INTERVENTION.

Any Attempt Now Would Mean Trouble, Says Cullom.

Freeport, Ills., September 1.—Senator Shelby M. Cullom, who has delivered the principal address at the reunion of old settlers of Stephenson county, argued that there should be some recognized means of interference to end the war between Russia and Japan.

Under present conditions, he declared, if this nation or any other should interfere in the interest of peace it would become involved in the struggle and would accomplish nothing. Senator Cullom is chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations.

Fatal Shooting Affray.

Florala, Ala., September 1.—Abb Hammonds, marshal, today shot and killed Budd Tucker in a street duel and seriously wounded Jim Tucker and a man named Jacobs, bystanders. All are prominent.

HON. EVAN P. HOWELL, REV. SAM W. SMALL, REUBEN R. ARNOLD AND HON. JOHN B. GOODWIN WILL INTEREST YOU. COME OUT.

Eiseman Bros.

Custom Tailoring Autumn and Winter Display Is Now Ready

Tasteful men may come here expecting to find all the newest Suitings, Trouserings, Vestings and Overcoatings.

The shops on Fifth Avenue and Hanover Square do not exhibit smarter or nobbier, or richer styles. Quiet, elegant stuffs; swagger, obtrusive stuffs—and every in-between effect. Whatever you choose from our counters you may be sure of that touch of grace and refinement that satisfies completely the strivings of fastidious men.

Smart Models
Perfect Fitting
Artistic Workmanship

Good Clothes For Good School Boys Are Decisively Reduced.

Eiseman Bros.,

11-13-15-17 Whitehall Street.

SOCIETY

Gardner-Metz.

A WEDDING which, no doubt, will be a great surprise to the many friends of the young couple, was that of Miss Cora Lucile Gardner and Mr. Leslie V. Metz, both of this city.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. A. Langston, at his residence, 530 Spring street, on the evening of August 2. However, the fact was not made known until the afternoon of August 31.

Mrs. Metz is the daughter of Mrs. Mattie E. Gardner, and was for several years connected with the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, being chief operator at the North Avenue exchange at the time of her marriage. Mr. Metz holds a prominent position with the same company, and is well known in the business world.

Mr. and Mrs. Metz left the city yesterday morning for a short tour, and will return the latter part of next week. They will then be at home to their friends at 22 Cooper street.

September, but the good old summer time nevertheless.

Wakefield-Herley.

THE marriage is announced of Mrs. Mollie Wakefield and Mr. John T. Herley, which took place Tuesday morning at the residence of Rev. Father Jackson, in West End. Mr. and Mrs. Herley are at home to their friends at 46 East Mitchell street.

Southeimer-Kohler.

THE betrothal of Miss Claudie N. Southeimer, of New Orleans, to Mr. Max N. Kohler, of Savannah, will be formally announced to their friends on September 3, at the home of Miss Southeimer, 3575 Chestnut street, New Orleans.

Floral Contest.

ON Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Louise Green entertained a large party of friends at a floral contest at her home in Decatur. The score cards were dainty "lady slippers," and the first prize, a hand-painted bonbon dish, was won by Mrs. Gaines. The consolation, a hand-painted candle stick, was drawn by Mrs. Edwin Ansley.

Those present were Mrs. Joseph Green, Mrs. Albert Cox, Mrs. Kate Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Ruth Pattillo, Mrs. Edwin Ansley, Mrs. Richard Simms, Mrs. Edwin Barry, Mrs. Nat Pratt, Mrs. Eugene Wilson, Mrs. F. H. Gaines, Mrs. Dr. Patton, Mrs. John Cunningham, Mrs. Loyd Parks, Mrs. R. L. West, Mrs. Willis McGowan, Mrs. E. K. Hunter, Mrs. Park Glenn, Mrs. John Pearce, Mrs. George Ramspeck, Mrs. Jennie Findley, Mrs. George, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. John Montgomery, Miss Kate Ansley and Miss Sadie Avery.

Reception at the Post.

MRS. WILLIAM CLARENCE BENNETT has issued invitations for a reception on Saturday afternoon, from 4 until 6 o'clock, at her residence, 17 West, Fort McPherson, to introduce Mrs. Guyer and Miss Sheckels.

To Miss Howard.

MISS IONE CLARKE entertains informally this evening at her home, on Highland avenue, in compliment to Miss Janie Howard, the guest of Miss Elizabeth Bay.

Last evening Miss Howard was the guess of honor at a tally-ho ride given by Miss Ray. Between eighteen and twenty guests were entertained, and the occasion was an unusually enjoyable one.

Miss Erskine to Entertain.

MISS THERESA ERSKINE will entertain at cards this afternoon at her attractive home on Whitehall street in compliment to her guest, Miss Gewenna, of Macon. The occasion will be one of the prettiest affairs of the week and will be enjoyed by a number of Miss Erskine's friends.

An Enjoyable Occasion.

MISS IDELLE KIMBALL'S card party on Saturday afternoon is being anticipated with pleasure by a number of her young friends. Hearts will be the game played and the decorations throughout the house will be in pink and white and will carry out this idea.

The invited guests include Misses Marjorie Brown, Laura Green, Pauline Colter, Helen Thorne, Minnie May Wood, Frances Connally, Isabel Kuhrt, Elizabeth Morgan, Mary Helen Moody, Susie Hallman, Etta and Irene Beaumont, Claudia Johnson, Reta Frohsin, Ruth Corrigan, Anna Watson, Marie Houston, Vivian Allen, Nellie Morris, Laura Cowles, Edna May, Elizabeth Rawson, Mary Bastrum, Myra May, Maud Brooks, Susan Spalding, Dorothy Selby, Marie and Cecil Love, Dorothy Stevens, Edna Glenn, Mildred Holley, Margie Champion, Edith Dunson, Irene Champion, Ruth Corrigan, Sarah Byrd, May Cole, Clara Hancock, Clifford West, Ruby Lawton, Laura Wyatt, Nonie Ragland, Antoinette Blackburn, Passie May Ottley, Juanita Morgan, Esther Smith, Julia Rosser, Alice May Mackey, Leontine Day, Mildred Noble and Katherine Craig.

Ladies Extend Thanks.

The cemetery committee of the Ladies' Memorial Association has adopted the following resolution:

"We, the cemetery committee of the Ladies' Memorial Association, are very greatly indebted to Mr. Barefield, the city sexton of Oakland cemetery, for his uniform and courteous assistance in the prosecution of our work on the confederate memorial grounds. From personal knowledge of his efficiency, we respectfully request all patriotic citizens and friends of the Ladies' Memorial Association to support him in his race for re-election to the office of sexton, which he has so faithfully filled.

"Mrs. William A. Wright, chairman; Mrs. Julian A. Hutchinson, Mrs. Charles Arnall, Mrs. S. H. Melone and Mrs. M. R. Torbert."

Southern Youth in Gotham.

To a large and appreciative audience assembled in the Woman's Club rooms last evening, Miss L. Graham Crozier lectured on, "The Greater New York, a Field for Ambitious Young Southerners."

The subject—a broad one—was handled in an able and orignal way, and, although the lecturer was at many times inspirational in the pictures she presented of the success of individual southerners in New York, she, at the same time, would have tempered the ambition of the young man or woman who believed that success could be achieved without energy, industry and perseverance, no matter how evident the spark of genius or how distinctive the talent he or she might possess. She discussed both sides of the question, in the end leaving the thoughtful person to wonder just whether or not the Greater New York was the field for the ambitious southerner.

She touched upon the young man in commerce, in journalism, in politics, proving that there were opportunities at home as well as abroad, and expressing it as her opinion that never before had politics opened the same fields for the young man's success as in the present.

In her discussion of metropolitan journalism as a profession she took occasion to pay tribute to southern newspapers, declaring that Sunday editions of The Times-Democrat, The Birmingham Age-Herald, The Atlanta Constitution and The Atlanta Journal were not only abreast of the times, but to her mind more interesting and more full of "real pith and moment" than the more voluminous New York Sunday dailies.

On papers upholding the standards as do the four southern papers mentioned, she believed there was more opportunity for the ambitious young southerners than upon the more crowded staffs of the New York papers, which she declared had already absorbed so much southern talent and developed so few celebrities.

Of the young woman from the south seeker, she talked at length, and the facts she gave most useful to the young woman wage earner.

What the art classes and universities mean to the inexperienced she likewise discussed, her lecture throughout demonstrating that she talked from study and experience—from the standpoint of one most familiar with the professional and social forces of metropolitan life.

Meetings.

The first fall meeting of the board of managers of Atlanta chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held Saturday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the residence of the regent, 410 Peachtree. A full attendance is urged.

Social Items.

Mrs. J. B. Whitehead has returned from a visit to the mountains of Virginia.

•••

Judge and Mrs. S. L. Brewer, from Tuskegee, Ala., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Kurt Mueller, at 235 Courtland avenue.

•••

Misses Anna and Martilla Hood, of Plano, Tex., have gone to Dawson to visit relatives, after spending several days with Mrs. George W. Grubbs.

•••

Mr. J. H. McCarthy, Miss McCarthy and Mr. Parneupier, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Chamberlin, left Wednesday for California.

•••

Miss Bessie Baxter has returned from North Carolina.

•••

Miss Lula Kingsbery leaves today for her home in Carrollton.

•••

At the card party given on Wednesday afternoon by Miss Kate Waldo, the prizes, which were dainty water colors, were won by Miss Ethel Gay and Miss Margaret Ladson.

•••

Mrs. Edward Chamberlin left yesterday for a visit to Mobile and Point Clear.

•••

Mrs. Nixon, of New Orleans, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James G. Miller, at the Marlborough.

•••

Miss Cornelia Green, who is traveling abroad, is now in Switzerland.

•••

Dr. Robin Adair, Jr., is in St. Louis.

•••

Miss Caroline B. James will spend next week in St. Louis.

•••

Mrs. John Gay and Miss Ethel Gay have returned from St. Louis.

•••

Mrs. Allen Morris has returned from a visit to Mrs. Robert Kyle in Gadsden, Ala.

•••

Mrs. W. H. Blount has returned to her home in Swainsboro.

•••

Mrs. Cowan and Miss Ivah Cowan, of Albany, Ga., are in the city this week.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Ruden are in Louisville, Ky.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. George Bonny have returned from Toxaway, N. C.

•••

Miss Harriet Campbell leaves Saturday for Memphis, where she will spend the month of October.

•••

Mis Gewinner, of Macon, will be the guest this week of Miss Theresa Erskine.

•••

The North Side Bowling Club was entertained yesterday morning by Miss Sadie Morris.

•••

Miss Janie Howard, the guest of Miss Elizabeth Ray, returns Saturday to her home in Danville, Va.

•••

Miss Evelyn Martin, the guest of the Misses Waldo, will be entertained at a straw ride this evening.

•••

Captain and Mrs. Joseph Barbee are in New York.

•••

Mrs. George Adair and children are at Mount Airy.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Moore have leased the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Hurt Chipley on West Peachtree during the absence of the latter in Europe. They will begin the erection of their new home on Peachtree road at once, hoping to take possession by February or the early spring.

•••

Mr. W. D. Ellis is recovering from his recent illness.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Foreman returned Monday from St. Louis.

•••

Miss Louise Dubose, of Athens, is in the city.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thompson entertained informally at supper last evening in compliment to Miss Alice Finckel, of Washington, the guest of Miss Rosalie Howell.

•••

Mr. J. Wylie Pope and Miss Pope leave Saturday for St. Louis.

•••

Miss Caroline Westmoreland has returned from Chick Springs.

•••

Mrs. J. J. Doonan and Miss Margaret Doonan have been spending a week in Macon.

•••

Mrs. Albert Howell leaves today for a visit to Flat Rock.

•••

Misses Gertrude and Katherine Jones are the guests of their father, Colonel S. L. Jones.

•••

Miss Laula Wise has returned to Alabama.

•••

Miss Kate Wilson, of Washington, D. C., will visit Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Wilson in a few days.

•••

Miss Nell Deveney will visit in Augusta next week.

•••

Hon. A. D. Candler and family have taken possession of their new home on North avenue.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Black have returned from St. Louis.

•••

Misses Maud Haverty, Nell Devency and Claire Ridley will return to Notre Dame in Baltimore this fall.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. John Lucas Mell leave this week for St. Louis, visiting Lookout Mountain on their return.

•••

Miss Jessie Mitchell has returned from Flat Shoals.

•••

Miss Wesley Mitchell is in St. Louis and will return home this week.

•••

Mr. Fred Seamans has returned from Canada and Nova Scotia.

•••

Mrs. Cone Maddox is recovering from a critical illness.

•••

Miss Nell Malone has returned home.

•••

Mrs. B. S. Drake and son have returned from Newnan.

•••

Mrs. Reeves and Miss Nellie and Catherine Reeves, of Albany, are in the city.

•••

Miss Agnes Persons, who has been spending a few days with Miss Inez Sledge, has returned to Orlando, Fla.

•••

Miss Edith Schlesinger, of Chattanooga, arrives Monday to visit Miss Ruby Hutchinson.

•••

Miss Ruth Lewis has returned from Warm Springs.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Tidwell announce the birth of a daughter, Rosa Elizabeth, at the home of her grandfather, Captain J. G. McCall, in Quitman.

•••

Miss Louise DuBose, of Athens, is in the city.

•••

Dr. Weldon E. Persons has returned to Orlando, Fla.

•••

Mr. Leslie M. Ross has returned to Nashville.

•••

Miss Loula Keeling return home today from a visit with her sister, Mrs. J. D. Rumph, in Birmingham.

•••

Misses Sallie and Mattie Harwell have returned from Virginia.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Sam D. Jones have taken possession of a pretty new home at Inman Park.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hall leave this week for Norfolk, Va., where they will make their home.

•••

Miss Mary Macauley is visiting her brother, Dr. George Macauley, of Mayport, Fla.

•••

Mr. J. W. Marshbank and family have returned to the city.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Jones, Jr., of Cartersville, were in the city yesterday on their way home from Savannah.



MISS ANNIE SUE CHANDLER, OF CARLTON, GA.
She Is the Admired Guest of Miss Lula Chandler, of Bishop, Ga., This Week.

The superiority of Blue Ribbon Vanilla Extract consists in its perfect purity and great strength.

DAHLONEGA, GA.

Mrs. John C. West, of Atlanta, with her little daughters Wandsleigh and Norma Belle, is visiting her parents, Colonel and Mrs. W. P. Price, at "Seven Oaks."

Miss Isabella Charters entertained about twenty guests Tuesday afternoon from 4 to 6 in honor of her little cousin, Wandsleigh West, of Atlanta. The feature of the afternoon was the spider web formed of ribbons, at the end of which each child was happily surprised with a dainty gift. After games on the lawn delightful refreshments were served in the dining room.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA.

Cards have been received by relatives and friends in Huntsville announcing the marriage of Miss Lila G. Warwick, formerly of this city, to Mr. Herbert A. Brown, at Manila, Philippine Islands. The bride is a sister of the late Major Oliver B. Warwick, Eighteenth Infantry, who was killed in the Philippines four years ago, and went from here to the islands as a teacher in the employ of the government.

The marriage of Oliver B. Patton, son of O. B. Patton, cashier of the First national bank, of this city, and Miss Carlisle Walker, was solemnized at Richmond, Ky., Tuesday evening.

You should not attempt to entertain without having Beuchler's ice cream at dessert. 'Phone 2105.

SPECIALLY CONDUCTED TOURS TO THE SAPPHIRE COUNTRY

An announcement of interest to everybody wishing to visit the "Beautiful Sapphire Country" of North Carolina is the statement that specially conducted tours to the famous Toxaway hotels will leave Atlanta on September 10, 17 and 24. Mr. I. H. Aiken is now at the Piedmont hotel, in this city, making final arrangements for these tours and booking people who desire to take advantage of the very low rate, which will include railroad fare, necessary carriage fare and one week's board at any or all of the five elegant hotels of the Toxaway Company. Full information, terms, etc., may be had of Mr. Aiken personally or by telephone. Printed matter at the Southern railway ticket office, Kimball house corner. As September is the most pleasant month in which to visit these resorts, these tours will doubtless be very successful.

ALUMNI TO MEET MONDAY.

Old Members of High School To Discuss the Classical Course.

A meeting of the alumni of the Boys' High school has been called by the president, James L. Mayson, for next Monday night at 8 o'clock, in the council chamber, for the purpose of getting expressions from the members about the proposition to abolish the classical course in the school and substitute an industrial course.

Prominent members of the alumni, among them Hon. John Temple Graves, Hon. Clark Howell, James T. Wright and P. F. Smith, will be on hand to make short talks.

The intimation that the Boys' High school is costing the city too much and that the classical department may be abolished will doubtless bring out a large attendance at the meeting of the alumni, the members of which have never lost their interest in the school.

THE BALLARD HOUSE.

Mrs. E. M. Warner Leases It for a Term of Years.

It will be gratifying to the public generally to know that Mrs. E. M. Warner, who for several years so successfully managed the Nonesuch Restaurant, has leased for a term of years the Ballard House. Mrs. Warner is thoroughly capacitated to take charge of this house. Her knowledge of the business and her wide acquaintance with the people not only of Atlanta, but the state of Georgia, gives her a prestige that warrants a large patronage from the very start.

The Ballard House has just been entirely overhauled and refurnished. Carpenters and masons have been busy for some time. A few days ago the house was turned over to Mrs. Warner and she will have it ready for occupancy by next Monday.

The Ballard House is favorably situated, being located next to the Majestic Hotel and just opposite the Governor's Mansion. Its large yards and spacious verandas make it a desirable place at which to live. Mrs. Warner wishes the public to know that she will make the house strictly first-class and that it will be a family hotel. The table fare will be unsurpassed by any hotel in the city. The Ballard House has large, airy rooms and parties desiring to board there can confer with Mrs. Warner at any time.

$13,000 Loss by Fire.

Dallas, Tex., September 1.—Fire early today partly destroyed smoke house of the Armstrong packing plant in this city. The building was damaged $10,000 and the stock $3,000.

FEW ESCAPES, SAYS COLLIER

Denial of Charges of the Police by Commissioner of Public Works.

The commissioner of public works makes emphatic denial that there are any unusual number of escapes from the stockade. He refers to the records and says the reports will show that there have been fewer escapes during the past year than for any ten years previous.

Mr. Collier also says that Officer Sewell's statement about "90 per cent of the prisoners escaping from the stockade" is untrue.

When seen yesterday Mr. Collier made the following statement in regard to the charge that escapes from the stockade were numerous of late:

"That I may not be misunderstood, I will use plain language, and say he knew this statement false when he made it.

"This officer is one of a very small contingent of a most excellent police force (I know of none better) who opposed me in my two elections as commissioner, and he has never ceased in his opposition.

"He had the right to oppose me, but as an officer he has no right to slander a coordinate department of the municipal government.

"I do not know Officer Sewell by sight, and why he should have made this opportunity to slander the stockade management I cannot understand. For his reckless speech I think he should be decapitated, and I trust the officials of the police department will not pass it by unnoticed.

"As a whole, our police force is composed of high-toned, honorable, energetic gentlemen, faithful in the discharge of every duty.

"I do not believe there is another member of the force who could have been induced to make a charge so slanderous.

"For the information of those interested, I have required my superintendent of the stockade to give me the number of prisoners sent to the stockade and the number who have escaped therefrom during the months of July and August for several years back.

"Strange to say, these months increase the number of inmates fully 25 per cent over other months and also greatly increase the number of escapes. Why 'dog days' have this effect on this class of our population I cannot explain—unless the hot weather makes them just that much more an enemy to hard work.

"In August, 1904, there were 37 prisoners sent out marked 'return,' of which 3 escaped, only 8 per cent instead of 90 per cent, and in no other month would the percentage be larger. All prisoners who are under suspicion or who will be needed as witnesses, or against whom state cases will be made are marked 'return.'

"The stockade superintendent does not know to which class his prisoner belongs.

"Let it be borne in mind that the prisoners sent to the stockade are for violating city ordinances, and as a rule are short-term prisoners.

"About 20 per cent are negro girls, young in years but old in crime; about 8 per cent negro boys below the age of 16—some no bigger than a minute; 10 per cent white men, in for getting drunk; of the other 47 per cent, at least one-half are young negro men almost physical wrecks, and the whole gang are mean enough to warrant the authorities in keeping them there if possible.

"The girls are worked on the farm, and we could not afford to compel them to wear chains; they cannot be huddled, but must be worked on different parts of the farm. There are times when they must be entrusted to female trusties; and there are some who carry water from the spring to the field hands. Then there are with the street forces water boys and dumpers, who are compelled to be permitted to get from under the eyes of the guards.

"If a white driver is taken ill on the works, rather than let his team remain idle a white trusty is put on until a regular driver can be reached. So of necessity they are compelled to trust many of the prisoners away from the guards, and from these are at least 75 per cent of the escapes.

"If caught in the act of escaping, they cannot be shot down, and unless they can be run down by one of our guards, assisted by a 'trusty' (if he will), he makes good his escape.

"The prisoners, white and black, male and female, dress just as others of their class, and while being worked in densely populated sections of the city, some time find it not difficult to evade the vigilance of the guard, and every negro stands ready to aid them in their escape.

"I think the stockade authorities use all the severity that should be permitted.

"The prison building at best was only a makeshift—the builder had no idea of the requirements of a prison building than he had of heaven. It is neither 'bomb proof nor air tight'—never was even fairly safe, and now while we are in the midst of constructing a new prison, it is less safe than before.

"Again, the prisoners who are working on the new prison are compelled to go from one part of the building yard to another, carrying material and occasionally they find a chance to dodge.

"I do not think it economy to increase the guard force to prevent the few escapes that now occur; our excellent police force recaptured nineteen out of twenty of them, who are returned under double sentences so the city loses nothing by reason of the escapes.

"It has been suggested that if we can't keep them from occasionally escaping, let them remain locked up—what would a lazy negro want better than three meals a day and a shady room with no work? And the idea of walling in the farm is just ridiculous.

"I believe the prison is being economically and efficiently managed under the circumstances. Have patience until we get our modern prison building completed and we will then promise to greatly reduce escapes.

"We would not now be justified in employing more severe measures with the class of prisoners we handle.

"Remember, a large per cent of our escapes are girls and boys (some of the latter would slip through a No. 6 sieve).

"Do not think that I am not displeased at the escapes, I get madder than a hornet when I hear of one, and would discharge or suspend if I could fix the guilt. I have thus punished several whom I thought careless in the past. Very respectfully,

"H. L. COLLIER,
"Commissioner Public Works."

Mr. Collier's statement was brought out by charges being made in the police court to the effect that escapes were getting to be quite frequent at the stockade, and Officer Sewell was quoted as saying that 90 per cent of the state prisoners who were temporarily serving city sentences escaped from the stockade.

$27.50 Hot Springs, S. D. $30.70 Deadwood and Lead

and return, from Chicago daily, via the Chicago and North-Western Ry. Correspondingly low rates from other points. The Black Hills region, the great natural sanitarium of the west, is one of the most picturesque spots in the world and well worth a visit. Information and tickets can be procured from your home agent. Illustrated Black Hills Booklet with valuable map mailed on receipt of 4 cents in stamps by W. B. Kniskern, Chicago.

HANDSOME GOLD JEWELRY.

In view of the fact that the jewelry purchasing public demand and appreciate truly artistic and high-class jewelry, we are prepared to not only meet their demands but introduce the absolutely new...

Diamond Palace, HAYNES & MELLICHAMP, 37 Whitehall St.

Sweating, Blistering, Itching, Aching, Tired Feet
CURED IN ONE NIGHT BY
ROYAL FOOT WASH.
Removes Odors of Perspiration from Feet, Arm Pits, Etc., at Once. Stops Chafing.
25c at Druggists or postpaid from Eaton Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.
Money back if not satisfied. Write for sample.
Mr. J. A. Addleburg, Riceville, Tenn., says: "Royal Foot Wash gives entire satisfaction and does all that is claimed for it."

The Daylight Corner.



They Come With September.

Derbies and Soft Felts come again into their own.

Miller and Youman new blocks in black or brown derbies.

All the new shapes in soft hats from Stetson and other famous makers.

$3 and $3.50
Special Sale of Neckwear.

Regular and four-in-hands $1.50 Ties — Wide End $1.00 and At 50c

50c Grenadines, Rumchundas and other silks, At 25c

EISEMAN & WEIL,
1 WHITEHALL STREET.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS,
24 1-2 WHITEHALL ST.

VALUABLE INFORMATION!! READ THIS!!
SAVE PAIN AND MONEY—Teeth Extracted Without Pain, by application to the gums, or Vitalized Air given when desired.

$5.00 $5.00
Full Set $5
$5.00 $5.00

Best Set of Teeth, (guaranteed) $5.00
Gold Crowns, (22-k) $3.00 to $5.00
Bridge Work, $4 per tooth

We employ a Specialist in each line of Dentistry. Consequently we can give you the best work at remarkably low prices. We pay cash for all materials and buy in large quantities, saving big discount.
EXAMINATION FREE. Office Hours: 8:00 a. m., to 10:00 p. m. Sunday, 9:00 a. m., to 4:00 p. m. Bell Phone 1703. Lady Attendant.
REMEMBER THE PLACE—Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets, over Brown & Allen Drug Store.

IN THE COURTS.

The regular fall court term begins Monday morning and the different courts in the city will start to work.

In the superior court Judge Lumpkin will charge the new grand jury. After the jury is charged it will retire to a room set apart for it, where Solicitor Hill will explain the work to be done. A number of cases will be brought before the members. The most important will be that of A. A' Wallice, who is charged with the murder of Frank Brett, formerly employed as the coach of the Mercer baseball team, and well known in the south as "Coach Betts."

In the criminal court a heavy docket is awaiting the opening of the session. As Monday is Labor day it is probable that very little work will be done in the courts.

A writ of habeas corpus, sworn out in Judge Wilkinson's court, was served on Chief Ball yesterday in the case of David Carrol, who, it is claimed, is a deserter from the United States navy. It is alleged that the young man joined the navy while in a drunken condition and without the consent of his wife.

The hearing of the injunction of Bishop Nelson against the city of Atlanta will come up Saturday morning at 9 o'clock in the superior court, Judge Lumpkin presiding.

In his petition, Bishop Nelson claims that the closing of Waverly place would injure the church property and on this account he asks that the injunction be made permanent.

Property Transfers.

The following property transfers were filed yesterday:

Bond for Title—F. C. Lacy to Louis Stenau, for $6,000, lot No. 460, Washington street.

Warranty Deed—J. M. Hendrix to Miss Virginia Hendrix, for $500, lot on Crew street.

Warranty Deed—Azman Murphy to Mrs. Mary E. Carman, for $575, lot on Pulliam street.

Warranty Deed—Jerry W. Goldsmith to Joseph V. Dunlap, for $950, lot on Linden avenue.

Warranty Deed—J. W. Goldsmith to Virginia A. Fain, for $918, lot on Linden street.

Warranty Deed—Henry G. Bean to Samuel W. Ramsey and George C. Trimble, for $1,500, lot on Trimble street.

Warranty Deed—Jacob Emmell to Mrs. Fannie Stewart, for $80, lot on Humphries street.

Warranty Deed—John Ganson to Mrs. J. C. Call, for $500, lot on McDaniel street.

Warranty Deed—F. G. Jones to Mrs. Jennie S. Croll, for $600, lot on Elizabeth street.

Warranty Deed—C. B. Howard to Mrs. J. S. Croll, for $1,000, lot on Smith street.

Quit Claim Deed—Mrs. Jennie S. Croll to Mrs. Maude Moyers, for $5, lot on Elizabeth street.

$1.75 to Rome, Ga., and Return. via the Western and Atlantic Railroad.

On account of the State Reunion of Confederate Veterans, the W. & A. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Rome and return at the very low rate of $1.75 for the round trip, tickets on sale September 12th, 13th and 14th, with final limit September 19th, 1904.

Trains leave Atlanta at 8:25 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Special train with Atlanta, Macon, Americus, Albany and other Georgia camps will leave Union Depot, Atlanta, at 11:30 a. m., September 14th.

For further information call on
C. B. WALKER, T. A., Union Depot.
J. A. THOMAS, C. P. & T. A., No. 1 N. Pryor St.
CHAS. E. HARMAN, G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

DEATH OF C. K. MITCHELL.

Atlantan Dies Suddenly at Opelika. Funeral Occurs Today.

Charles K. Mitchell, of Atlanta, and who has many relatives and friends residing near Atlanta, died sudenly at Opelika last Wednesday night of meningitis.

Mr. Mitchell was 38 years of age. His near relatives who survive him, are Mrs. E. Smith, of East Point; John Mitchell, of Knoxville, Tenn.; Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Williams, of Edgewood; E. E. Smith, of East Point, and Mrs. M. J. Adams, of No. 87 Orange street, this city, whose daughter he married.

The funeral will occur this morning from the residence, No. 62 Hood street. At the time of his death Mr. Mitchell was connected with the William Miller Range Company, and Furnace Company, of Cincinnati.

ROYAL PALACE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Most beautifully located on the Atlantic coast, open to October 1. Special September rates. Under entirely new management. Write for booklet.
Charles B. Pettyman, Owner and Proprietor. Lyman J. Watrous, Manager.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS,
"THE ROCKAFELLOW"
J. S. PUTNAM, Proprietor.
Homelike, select, bounteous table, moderate rates. Bath house under same roof. We employ no drummers; we are on our merits. Write for booklets. Our porters meet all trains at depot. Half-rate round trip 60-day ticket on sale by all railroads Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Hotel Bon Air
Atlanta, Georgia
ON PEACHTREE ST., IN THE FASHIONABLE SECTION. ACCOMMODATES FIFTY GUESTS. ENJOYS A REFINED PATRONAGE. EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE; HOME COMFORTS. AIRY ROOMS. SPACIOUS VERANDAS. MODERN CONVENIENCES. $1.50 PER DAY; $7 TO $10 PER WEEK.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
MARLBORO HOUSE
Stone, Iron and Slate Construction
CAPACITY 600
Calls attention to its unexcelled
Location and Surroundings, Elegance, Conveniences.
High-grade Music every day in the year. Running hot, cold and ICE water, and Bell Telephones in the bedrooms. Sea water in all baths. Light, airy halls and sleeping chambers. OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

One fare plus twenty five cents for the round trip by the Seaboard Air Line to Richmond, Va. Tickets on sale September 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th, with final limit to September 15th, 1904. Through sleeping cars and day coaches without change.

The Bridegroom's Gift.

It has passed into a custom and preferably it is of diamonds. We have infinite suggestion in all the precious stones and their conspicuous quality is perfection.

Davis & Freeman,
Jewelers.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
New; Complete; Ten Stories; Fireproof; Always Open. Write for Folder and Rates.
THE LEEDS COMPANY

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BEAUTY

of quality, expert cutting and perfect setting distinguish Crankshaw Diamonds from the ordinary stones.

The Stock is superb and very large at this season.

Chas. W. Crankshaw,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
Century Bldg, Whitehall St.

AURUMASTER REAPERS STA

Forged Ahead in th Stretch at Sheepshead

Wild Mint Won Dash St
Driving Finish—Libretto the Hempstead Cup S plechase—Other Races.

New York, September 1.—A at 20 to 1, won the Reaper st year-olds, at Sheepshead Bay feating the odds-on favorite Right, by a head. Lyne monde's Right into the lead the stretch and was apparent easily when Crimmins brou master up and won.

Wild Mint won the Dash s driving finish by half a le Councilman, with the fa Eames, third. Dreamer broke Hildebrand dismounted opposi house, led his horse back to and claimed a foul and Coun disqualified. The stewards als ed Phillips for six days for ro Dreamer was placed second zara third.

Libretto, in the Hempstead chase, was the only horse to over the full course. The oth but Horizontal and Daffydown remounted and finished secon respectively.

FIRST RACE—Last 6 furl Futurity coure: *Zeala, 107 to 5, won; *My Buela, 105 to 5, second; Raiment, 105 (D 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:01. Pr Delusion, Myopia, Galice, M Bob, Queen Rose, Monon Ag Star Daily, Novena, Luretto, ran. *Coupled.

SECOND RACE—Six furlo track: Alan-a-dale, 115 (Ly won; Flying Ship, 117 (Hilde 1, second; Tramator, 98 (Coc 1, third. Time, 1:13 2-5. Ocean ran.

THIRD RACE—The Dash, longs of Futurity course: 105 (Burns), 8 to 1, won; D (Hildebrand), 7 to 10, second; 103 (Hoffler, 8 to 1, third. Diamond Pasadena, Buttling Gilman finished second, but w fied for fouling. Time, 1:13 2-5.

FOURTH RACE—The Rea miles: Aurumaster, 103 (Cr to 1, won; Ormondes' Right, 7 to 20, second; Ed Tierney, 3 to 1, third. Time, 2:00. starters.

FIFTH RACE—The Hem steeplechase, full course: (Barnhard), 7 to 1, won; Ho (E. Heider), 25 to 1, second Dilly, 153 (Donohue), 2 t Time, 5:25 2-5. Bonfire an fell.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 1 turf: Eagle, 99 (Crimmins), The Lady Rhodesia, 99 (W. 1, second; Prince Ching, 108 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 Cup, Homestead, Kilogram, lina, Silver Days, Requiter, wood, Daisy Green, Top Rig

Today's Entries at She

First Race—Six furlon course: Legatee, Light Note Cornell, Sir Boliers, Aucu muck, Oliver Cromwell, 11 Bulwark, Salt and Pepper, Is Reveller, Linda Lee, Guardi

Second Race—Six and a h on main track: Pol Roger, vis, 116; Pat Bulger, 110; 106; Blue Peter, Vagary, Fox ranium, Sovereign, 103; Stol Kickshaw, Cottage Maid, 10 rie, 99; King Pepper, 97; Wizard, Yo San, 88.

Third Race—Mile and an Chancellor, 112; Grey Fri 110; Fulsus, 107; Spring, 10 105; Palm Bearer, 104; Clo De Kober, 101; Marmee, Bri rumaster, 90.

Fourth Race—One mile: 122; Molly Terrant, 119; Bro Sigilght, 90.

Fifth Race—Handicap, 5½ turity course: Oiseau, 119 114; Merry Lark, Seala, 113 Gamara, 106; Blue Bird, 1 98.

Sixth Race—The turf ha and a quarter on turf: Hur Gunfire, 122; Gold Money, 9 97; Arnicola, 96.

WILL FIGHT PRO

National Commission A Designed To Prevent Leagues Covering P

Cincinnati, September 1.— baseball commission met posed of a number of cont also interpreted some rules others.

The rules adopted before sion considered any specia intended to prevent all case up players." It was stated there would be "no hiring by major leagues to be retu leagues.

Copies of all major leagu agreements with players a with the commission. No considered from national clubs against drafted play tember 10. The second the draft price will not b the player has been secure committee was in executiv ing the afternoon the a were earnestly discussed by ball men.

AMERICAN ASSOC

Milwaukee-Toledo game rain.
St. Paul-Louisville gam rain.
Milwaukee-Columbus ga rain.
Kansas City 2, Indianap

Yes, indeed,
Impe
Now serve
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Out-of

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Come With
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Soft Felts come
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October 1. Special Sep-
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water in all baths, Light,
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AURUMASTER WON REAPERS STAKES

Forged Ahead in the Last Stretch at Sheepshead Bay.

Wild Mint Won Dash Stakes in a Driving Finish—Libretto Won the Hempstead Cup Steeplechase—Other Races.

New York, September 1.—Aurumaster, at 20 to 1, won the Reaper stakes for 3-year-olds, at Sheepshead Bay today, defeating the odds-on favorite Ormonde's Right, by a head. Lyne rushed Ormonde's Right into the lead and led to the stretch and was apparently winning easily when Crimmins brought Aurumaster up and won.

Wild Mint won the Dash stakes in a driving finish by half a length from Councilman, with the favorite, Dr. Eames, third. Dreamer broke down and Hildebrand dismounted opposite the club house, led his horse back to the stand and claimed a foul and Councilman was disqualified. The stewards also suspended Phillips for six days for rough riding. Dreamer was placed second and Handzara third.

Libretto, in the Hempstead cup steeplechase, was the only horse to successfully cover the full course. The others all fell, but Horizontal and Daffydown Dilly were remounted and finished second and third respectively.

FIRST RACE—Last 6 furlongs of the Futurity coure: *Zeala, 107 (Lyne), 3 to 5, won; *My Bucia, 105 (Callahan), 3 to 5, second; Raiment, 105 (D. O'Connor), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:01. Princess Eris, Delusion, Myopia, Galice, Metallic, Mrs. Bob, Queen Rose, Monon Agnes Virginia, Star Lily, Novena, Luretto, Holy Smoke ran. *Coupled.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs on main track: Alan-a-dale, 115 (Lyne), 2 to 5, won; Flying Ship, 117 (Hildebrand), 6 to 1, second; Tramator, 98 (Cochran), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 2-5. Ocean Tide, Speo ran.

THIRD RACE—The Dash, last 5 furlongs of Futurity course: Wild Mint, 105 (Burns), 8 to 1, won; Dreamer, 101 (Hildebrand), 7 to 10, second; Handzara, 103 (Hoffler, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:00. Diamond Pasadena, Buttling ran. Councilman finished second, but was disqualified for fouling.

FOURTH RACE—The Reaper, 1 3-16 miles: Aurumaster, 103 (Crimmins), 20 to 1, won; Ormondes' Right, 107 (Lyne), 7 to 20, second; Ed Tierney, 106 (Burns), 3 to 1, third. Time, 2:00. Only three starters.

FIFTH RACE—The Hempstead cup, steeplechase, full course: Libretto, 152 (Barnhard), 7 to 1, won; Horizontal, 152 (F. Helder), 25 to 1, second; Daffydown Dilly, 153 (Donohue), 2 to 1, third. Time, 5:25 2-5. Bonfire and Jim Slick fell.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 1 1-16 miles, on turf: Eagle, 99 (Crimmins), 7 to 1, won; The Lady Rhodesia, 99 (W. Davis), 4 to 1, second; Prince Ching, 108 (W. Fischer), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 2-5. Tantalus Cup, Homestead, Kilogram, Irascible, Bolina, Silver Days, Requiter, Tof San, Boxwood, Daisy Green, Top Right ran.

Today's Entries at Sheepshead.

First Race—Six furlongs, futurity course: Legatee, Light Note, Palm Tree, Cornell, Sir Boillera, Aucassin, Kunjamuck, Oliver Cromwell, 115; Red Fox, Bulwark, Salt and Pepper, Ismailian, Fair Reveller, Linda Lee, Quardille, 112.

Second Race—Six and a half furlongs on main track: Pol Roger, Atwood, Clavis, 116; Pat Bulger, 110; Counterpoise, 106; Blue Peter, Vagary, Foxy Kane, Geranium, Sovereign, 103; Stolen Moments, Kickshaw, Cottage Maid, 100; Canajoharie, 99; King Pepper, 97; Palette, 93; Wizard, Yo San, 88.

Third Race—Mile and an eighth: High Chancellor, 112; Grey Friar, Adriutha, 110; Pulsus, 107; Spring, 106; Dalesman, 105; Palm Bearer, 104; Cloverland, 102; De Kober, 101; Marmee, Brigand, 97; Aurumaster, 90.

Fourth Race—One mile: Hurstbourne, 122; Molly Terrant, 119; Broomstick, 115; Sigilght, 90.

Fifth Race—Handicap, 5½ furlongs, futurity course: Oiseau, 119; Tongorder, 114; Merry Lark, Seala, 113; Gilpin, 112; Gamara, 106; Blue Bird, 104; Jerry C. 98.

Sixth Race—The turf handicap, mile and a quarter on turf: Hurst Park, 127; Gunfire, 122; Gold Money, 99; Carbuncle, 97; Amelia, 96.

WILL FIGHT PROTECTION.

National Commission Adopts Rules Designed To Prevent Minor Leagues Covering Players.

Cincinnati, September 1.—The national baseball commission met here and disposed of a number of controversies. It also interpreted some rules and adopted others.

The rules adopted before the commission considered any special cases were intended to prevent all cases of "covering up players." It was stated that hereafter there would be "no hiring of players" by major leagues to be returned to minor leagues.

Copies of all major league contracts or agreements with players are to be filed with the commission. No claims will be considered from national association clubs against drafted players after September 10. The second installment of the draft price will not be paid unless the player has been secured. While the committee was in executive session during the afternoon the additional rules were earnestly discussed by visiting baseball men.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee-Toledo game postponed; rain.

St. Paul-Louisville game postponed; rain.

Milwaukee-Columbus game postponed; rain.

Kansas City 2, Indianapolis 1.

RACING SEASON READY TO START

Georgia Derby Will Be Run at Piedmont Saturday.

Tomorrow afternoon the racing season will open in Atlanta.

Through the efforts of those who are interested in horse racing in the city this meet has been obtained, and a number of the best horses in the country will compete for the prizes that have been offered.

While, of course, the horses taking part in the races will not be equals of Broomstick, Delhi and many other crack horses at present carrying off the honors on northern tracks, there will be many good races on the local track before the meet ends. The horses taking part in the coming meet are said to be superior to any of those which have been seen in Atlanta up to date.

The meet will last fifteen days at least, and it is not at all improbable that it will be continued several days beyond this limit; especially if the meet attracts the crowds which are expected to attend.

The big day of the meet will be the opening day, when the Georgia derby will be run. A splendid field will take part in this race, and those who attend will see the best racing in the history of Atlanta.

The stables at Piedmont park are crowded with the horses which have been brought to take part in the races. Horses which have taken part in all the meets in the south are entered in the Atlanta races. Every day the number already present is increased by new arrivals.

AT ST. LOUIS

BAS D'OR CAPTURES THE PRINCIPAL RACE.

St. Louis, September 1.—Bas d'Or won the feature of the Fair Ground card today. Otto Stiefel, the favorite, had bad racing luck, being cut off twice in the last eighth. Bas d'Or, badly outran the first part, had clear sailing through the last eighth and won by a length from Commodore, who was a nose in front of Dishabille. Track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Tally H., 109 (Foley), 10 to 1, won; King Rose, 109 (J. Conley), 4 to 1, second; J. W. O'Neil, 103 (Rice), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:13¾. Debbie May, St. Paris, Clausus, Sylvia Talbot ran.

SECOND RACE—One mile; Check Morgan, 92 (T. Williams), 3 to 1, won; Lemon Girl, 103 (Young), 7 to 2, second; Judge Cantrill, 107 (H. Gilmore), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Vulcain, Uranium, Extol, Easter Walters, Gudenards, Amorous, Flora Bright, Birdwood, Sam Stevens ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Scotch Dance, 107 (J. Conway), 5 to 1, won; Triple Silver, 102 (S. Dickson), 13 to 2, second; Kiowa Chief, 102 (Roach), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 ⅘. Ameberita, Torio, Ophelia Martin, Twemlow, King Fox III, Philora, Huguenotta, Gay American, Tryon, Oudon ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Bas d'Or, 112 (Foley), 2 to 1, won; Commodore, 109 (D. Austin), 4 to 1, second; Dishabille, 87 (J. Dale), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:14. Otto Stiefel ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Aggie Lewis, 92 (Rice), 7 to 2, won; Blissful, 100 (T. Williams), 4 to 1, second; Never Such, 106 (Cocolo), 6 to 5, third. Time, 1:47½. Lyrist and Iran ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile, selling: Second Mate. 105 (Cocolo), 8 to 1, won; Flyer, 108 (Rice), 5 to 1, second; St. Simonian, 107 (Young), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:41. Fenian, First Chip, Jena, Bill Moore, Axares, Ben Lear, Dr. Burns and Lynch ran.

Today's Entries at St. Louis.

First Race—Six furlongs: Nellie Bawn, Back Number, 99; Catherine Knox, Lady Burlington, eDtest, 109; Mae Miller, Dusky Secret, Maghoni, La Amanda, 104; Bright Flower, 114.

Second Race—Five and a half furlongs: Lady Sellers, Verandah, Telephone Bell, Elenika, Pharmacy, Joe Graham, Fay Sharp, 100; George T., 103; Aten, Flying Fire, Mr. Ritchie, Mabel Sims, Billy Hansel, 106.

Third Race—Six furlongs: Santa Ventura, Sanctissima, 99; Tangible, Drummond, Maud Wallace, Hazel H., Noweta, 104; Lady Churchill, Applesweet, Aline S., 109.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs: Fannette, Lookaway, Lida Vivian, 102; Felix Mozges, Twemlow, Belcour, 105; Responsive, Bombino, Mafalda, Bird Pond, Sadie Burch, Trogan, 107; Marquis de Carabas, 110; Fontesia, 102.

Fifth Race—Five and a half furlongs: Anadarco, Korea, Trace White, 100; Platt, Harlequin, 103; John Randolph, Kitty Belle Brooks, Bessie Mc., Lady Mercury, True Wing, 106; Deceiver, Herman Doyle, 109.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: The Hebrew, Regina D., 90; Juba, 92; Dollinda, 95; Bugue Horn, Fiori, 96; Scalper, 97; Mistanthrope, 98; Little Corker, Sister Lillian, 100; Jack Little, 101; Light Opera, 102; Varro, Dawson, 105.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Tie Game at Columbia.

Columbia, S. C., September 1.—Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Macon	1	1	1
Columbia	0	0	1

Batteries: Bayne and Harnish; Heisman and Shea. Time 2:15. Attendance 500. Umpire Kelly. Called end of the twelfth; darkness.

Tie Game at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., September 1.—Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Savannah	1	5	3
Charleston	1	6	1

Batteries: Savidge and Roth; Childs and Smith. Time 2:15. Umpire Grim. Attendance 1,186.

Augusta Wins and Ties.

First game:	R.	H.	E.
Jacksonville	1	4	8
Augusta	5	9	3

Batteries—Chappelle and Robinson; Lucas and Dunlap.

Second game:	R.	H.	E.
Augusta	2	7	2
Jacksonville	2	5	3

Batteries—Lucas and Dunlap; Devey and Robinson. Umpires both games, Whipple and Mathison. Attendance, 500.

Yes, indeed,

Imperial Pilsener

is a good beer.

Now served at 99 places in Atlanta.

W. L. BRIDWELL, Distributer.

Out-of-town Orders promptly filled.

Phones: Bell 1712. Standard 1261.

HEISMAN HERE FOR FOOTBALL

Wants the Soldiers to Get Out a Football Team.

Cach Heisman, of the Tech football team, has arrived in Atlanta in order to be on hand for the beginning of the football season in this city.

"I don't know what kind of a team we will have this season, as it is at present impossible to tell what men will report, but we intend to make a strenuous effort to land in front when the season once gets started.

"It was thought at first that all our old team would come back, giving us a splendid nucleus for the beginning of the season. One by one these men have dropped off and now we are certain of but few of last year's team. Wood has been sick and may not return; Thrash has graduated; Clarke will not answer the roll call; Brown died, and there are others.

"I want all our players to report in the city by September 15, so we can start to work. A great deal depends on this early start. If the men report as I wish them to, and the material is promising, a game will be arranged for October 1, thus giving us splendid practice in the early season. If the players do not report, however, in time, this game will have to be abandoned. I am also desirous that all new men who will enter the Tech this year and wish to try for the team should be on hand on September 15.

"The expenses will be light. The dormitory at the Tech will be open and the mess hall will be running. Thus every inducement is offered to those wishing a football course.

"I have heard rumors to the effect that the soldiers intend to get out a team this year. They have great material at the fort, and should be able to give any team in the south a run for their money.

"I hope that these reports are true, and that the team will be organized as early in the season as possible. If organized late in the fall, the organization will be of little value to themselves or to any one else.

"If they organize at once, I will be glad to give them any assistance in my power, if they desire my aid. I will go out and help them get in shape aiding in the coaching up to the time that my own team reports, and if suitable hours can be arranged will gladly devote my time to them even while my own team is getting in shape. It would not be impossible for both teams to train together at the same time. We will be glad to arrange practice games with them at any time.

"Our schedule has not yet been announced, but it is very nearly complete. We have with Cumberland, Clemson, Mooney, Auburn and others—ten games in all. Every game will be played in Atlanta with the exception of one with Auburn, as we wish to build up a local patronage, and this cannot be done except by playing ball in Atlanta. Playing on foreign fields and away out in the country won't help us attain this end.

"Three teams at least, unknown to this region, will meet the Tech this season. The schedule is a hard one, but we intend to do our best in every game."

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 4, Detroit 2.

New York, September 1.—The locals took the opening of the series from Detroit today. Attendance, 4,062.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0	6	2
New York	4	7	0

Batteries—Donovan and Beville; Powell and Kleinow. Time, 1:35.

Washington 1, Chicago 0.

Washington, September 1.—Washington defeated Chicago today. Wolfe held the visitors down to five hits. Attendance, 1,000.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Washington	1	9	3
Chicago	0	5	0

Batteries—Wolfe and Clarke; Smith and McFarland. Time, 1:45.

Even Break in Boston.

Boston, September 1.—Cleveland won the first of a double-header here today, but Boston's victory in the second contest enabled the champions to retain their lead in the pennant race by the narrowest of margins. Attendance, 18,374.

FIRST GAME.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	4	10	1
Boston	1	6	2

Batteries—Rhodes and Buelow; Tannehill and Criger. Time, 1:42.

SECOND GAME.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Boston	2	13	0
Cleveland	1	3	1

Batteries—Gibson and Farrell; Donodue and Buelow. Time, 1:42.

St. Louis 2, Philadelphia 0.

Philadelphia, September 1.—Two doubles and two singles in the ninth inning won today's game for St. Louis. Attendance, 4,950.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	2	9	1
Philadelphia	0	6	0

Batteries—Glade and Sugden; Waddell and Schreck. Time, 1:45.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago 3, Brooklyn 0.

Chicago, September 1.—Lundgren's fine pitching, with perfect support, shut out the Brooklyn team today, only one of them reaching second base. Brooklyn, short on pitchers, tried out a Chicago amateur, who did well, but was a trifle nervous. Evers, O'Neill and Babb carried off the fielding honors. Attendance 900.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	3	10	0
Brooklyn	0	4	4

Batteries: Lundgren and O'Neill; Koualik and Bergen. Time 1:40.

Rain at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, September 1.—Pittsburg-Boston game postponed; rain.

St. Louis 5 Philadelphia 2.

St. Louis, September 1.—St. Louis took the final game from Philadelphia this afternoon. McFarland had the best support. Attendance 2,300.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	5	8	1
Philadelphia	2	6	3

Batteries: McFarland and McLean; Sutthoff and Dooin. Time 1:30.

Rifle Association Meets.

Seagirt, N. I. September 1.—A trumpet call today announced the formal opening of the thirty-second annual meeting of the Rifle Association of America and the thirteenth meeting of the New Jersey State Rifle Association. About 250 of the crack shots of the country have already reported here. The day was occupied with shooting in the many individual matches that will remain open throughout the meeting.

CRACKERS SPLIT DOUBLE HEADER

Smith Won First, While Ely Dropped His Game.

Smith Let Down Birmingham with Two Hits, McCay Kept Up Phenomenal Work, Getting Another Homer and Four Other Hits.

Southern League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Orleans	116	70	46	.603
Memphis	112	65	47	.580
Atlanta	108	61	47	.565
Birmingham	113	57	56	.504
Little Rock	111	53	58	.477
Nashville	114	54	60	.474
Shreveport	110	51	59	.464
Montgomery	109	36	73	.330

South Atlantic League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Macon	104	63	41	.606
Savannah	101	58	43	.574
Charleston	102	55	47	.539
Jacksonville	106	51	55	.481
Columbia	104	44	60	.423
Augusta	105	40	65	.381

American League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	114	70	44	.614
New York	111	68	43	.613
Philadelphia	108	62	46	.574
Chicago	115	65	50	.565
Cleveland	111	62	49	.559
Detroit	111	47	64	.423
St. Louis	110	45	65	.409
Washington	112	27	85	.241

National League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	117	85	32	.726
Chicago	116	71	45	.612
Pittsburg	113	66	47	.584
Cincinnati	117	67	50	.573
St. Louis	119	62	57	.521
Boston	118	44	74	.373
Brooklyn	114	40	74	.351
Philadelphia	117	33	84	.274

Games Played Yesterday.

Atlanta, 5, Birmingham 4.
Birmingham 7, Atlanta 4.
Nashville 9, Montgomery 0.

Games Played Today.

Atlanta in Birmingham.
Shreveport in New Orleans.
Nashville in Montgomery.

Birmingham, Ala., September 1.—(Special.)—Birmingham and Atlanta had a split this afternoon, the visitors taking the first game 5 to 4 and Birmingham taking the second 7 to 4.

By the grace of Umpire Wood, Atlanta took the first game, his umpireship giving the Crackers the very best of the decisions in every instance, and handing the game on a silver plate. In the second game he handed Atlanta entirely the worst of the decisions and this to some extent prevented the locals from losing.

In the first game Smith held Birmingham down to two hits, but they were bunched in the second inning, and coupled with a dead ball, a base on balls and an out, netted the locals four runs. O'Brien hit for three bags with two men on bases.

In the same inning Atlanta made three runs on Demontreville's two-bagger, Clark's three-bagger and McCay's home run. In the fourth McCay's double, a fielder's choice and a passed ball netted another run, and in the ninth McCay singled. Smith sacrificed and Winters' single won the game. McCay covered himself with glory, getting a home run, a double and single in three times up.

Second Game.

In the second game Birmingham outbatted Atlanta and won, although the score was tied three times. Atlanta started strong, Stafford getting safe on Vaughan's error and scoring on Kohler's triple.

In the third inning Birmingham made two runs on Duffy's single, Clark's error and two outs. One more was added in the sixth on Lynch's single, O'Brien's sacrifice, Morse's error and Duffy's single.

Atlanta made a run in the seventh on Smith's error, which allowed Kohler's ball to pass him, followed by pretty base running on the center fielder's part. He scored on outs.

The score was tied in the eighth by McCay's second single of the second game, a sacrifice by Ely and a single by Crozier.

Birmingham broke up the game in the eight by a single from Matthews, and error of Morse, which allowed Hennessey to anchor safely on a sacrifice, and Lynch's two-bagger, which scored Matthews. Hennessey and Lynch scored on the three outs which followed in quick succession. Atlanta had the raw end of four close decisions in this game, at least one of which prevented a run.

The detailed score:

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Winters, rf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Crozier, lf	5	0	1	3	0	0
Stafford, 1b	3	0	0	11	0	0
Koehler, cf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Morse, ss	4	0	1	2	7	0
DeMontreville, 2b	3	1	0	3	2	0
Clark, c	4	1	1	4	2	0
McKay, 3b	4	3	3	0	2	1
Smith, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	5	7	27	13	1

BIRMINGHAM—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Duffy, cf	4	0	0	3	1	0
Ward, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	1
Vaughan, 1b	3	0	0	7	1	0
Smith, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Matthews, c	4	0	0	9	0	0
Hennessy, rf	1	1	0	2	0	0
Lynch, ss	3	1	0	3	4	2
O'Brien, 3b	2	1	1	1	0	0
Streit, p	3	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	4	2	27	8	3

Score by innings:

Atlanta	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	5
Birmingham	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

Summary—Two-base hits, McKay; three base hits, O'Brien, Clark; home run, McKay; bases on balls off Smith 6, off Streit 3; struck out by Smith 4, by Streit 9; wild pitches, Streit; hit by pitcher by Smith 1; sacrifice hits, Smith; stolen bases, Vaughan, Hennessy, Morse, DeMontreville; double plays, Morse to Stafford; DeMontreville to Morse to Stafford; Duffy to Vaughan. Time of game, 1:45. Umpire, Wood.

BIRMINGHAM—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Duffy, cf	5	1	2	2	1	1
Ward, 2b	3	2	1	2	1	1
Vaughn, 1b	4	0	2	7	0	1
Smith, lf	3	0	0	3	0	1
Mathews, c	3	1	1	5	3	0
Hennessy, rf	3	1	1	2	1	1
Lynch, ss	4	2	2	2	4	1
O'Brien, 3b	1	0	0	4	5	0
Reagan, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	30	7	9	27	14	6

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Winters, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Crozier, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Stafford, 1b	4	1	0	8	1	0
Koehler, cf	4	1	3	2	0	0
Morse, ss	4	0	0	1	3	3
Demont, 2b	3	1	0	6	3	1
Clarke, c	3	0	0	4	3	1
McKay, 3b	3	1	2	2	1	0
Ely, p	2	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	31	4	6	24	14	5

Score by innings:

Atlanta	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	4
Birmingham	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	3	x	7

Summary—Three-base hits, Koehler; two-base hits, Lynch; sacrifice hits, Hennessy, O'Brien 2, Ely; stolen bases, Vaughn, Duffy 2, Ward; bases on balls, off Ely 3; hit by pitcher, Ely 1; struck out, by Ely 4, by Reagan 3. Time of game 1:45. Umpire Wood.

M. RICH & BROS. CO. | M. RICH & BROS. CO.

We Offer Today, Friday, a Sale of

FINE EMBROIDERIES

Values Up to $4.00 a Yard; For Choice.....

98c

For today only, Friday, beginning at 9 o'clock, we will sell a lot of high class Embroideries very much below cost. Only about one hundred and fifty pieces in this lot, including Wide Chiffon, Swiss, Batiste and Nainsook Flouncings, some of them with bands to match---and a variety of wide bands in linen Teneriffe work, drawn work, Irish Point and English Embroideries. All these goods are the highest novelties of this season---think of the marvelous money saving chance we offer you to secure them at half to one-fourth of their real value---Regular prices $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 a yard; choice, 98c

M. RICH & BROS. CO. | M. RICH & BROS. CO.

BOYER'S ACTION DECIDES RACE

Savannah, Ga., September 1.—(Special.) President Boyer, of the South Atlantic League, tonight decided that he would not have the postponed games with Charleston and Augusta played on the home diamond.

The two remaining games with Charleston and the three regular games with Augusta next week are all that will be played here. They will wind up the season at Savannah.

This action by President Boyer was taken because of the criticisms that have been made of him as both owner of the Savannah club and president of the league. It has been freely asserted in some of the league cities that he has arranged to have postponed games played on the home diamond so as to give the Savannah team this advantage in the race for the pennant.

Savannah's only chance was in these extra games and President Boyer's inability to face the criticism that is being unjustly launched will cost his club this chance. With but the regular games remaining Savannah's hopes have gone a-glimmering and the pennant is cinched for Macon.

AT HARLEM

FOSSIL, 16 TO 5, WINS PRINCIPAL RACE OF DAY

Chicago, September 1.—Fossil, who was backed for a killing at Harlem the other day and failed to win, was lower in the betting today and came home first after a desperate struggle with Port Royal and Prince Silverwings.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Useful Lady, 105 (Wilson), 11 to 5, won; Dixelle, 101 (Bonner), 30 to 1, second; Effie M., 98 (Preston), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:01 1-5. Dundall, Baker, Lady Lasca, Black Art, Raviana, Tyrolian, Handy Bill, Miss Deuce, Pirelia and Adare ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Comrade, 105 (Davis), 4 to 1, won; Norel, 105 (Henry), 4 to 1, second; Agnes Brennan, 104 (Helgesen), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 3-5. Jehane, Cardinal Wolsey, Fly Lady, Komombo, Eleata, Mary McCafferty and Olympian ran.

THIRD RACE—One mile: Fossil, 103 (Sheehan), 16 to 5, won; Port Royal, 108 (Helgesen), 13 to 5, second; Prince Silverwings, 100 (Aubuchon), 18 to 5, third. Time, 1:9. The Lady, Fonsoluca ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Robin Hood, 103 (Nicol), 13 to 1, won; Mad Mullah, 108 (Helgesen), 15 to 1, second; Hagerdon, 114 (Henry), 11 to 5, third. Tmie, 1:13. Peter J., Bay Wonder, Crestfallen, Rag Tag, Harney and Cyprienne ran.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs: Belle Kinney, 100 (Aubuchon), 11 to 5, won; Prince Brutus, 103 (Henry), 4 to 1, second; Portsmouth, 103 (Mountain), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:00 2-5. Happy Jack, Viroqua, Intense ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile: Brand New, 98 (Aubuchon), 2 to 1, won; Atlantico, 105 (Nicol), 3 to 1, second; Docile, 98 (Seamster), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:40. Apple and Chockayotte ran.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile: Great Eastern, 98 (Harris), 18 to 5, won; Langford James, 95 (Nicol), 6 to 1, second; Lida Lieb, 95 (Organ), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 4-5. Mohican, R. F. Williams, Sartor Resartus, Armorer, Jusque La, Watermelon, La Chaperone, Lissardo ran.

Today's Entries at Hawthorne.

First Race—Five and a half furlongs: Sis Lee, 103; Colonel Suppert, 106; Padre, 101; El Otros, McClellan, 106; The Belle, 107; No Trumper, Silver Skin, 110; Lady Ellison, The Novice, 103; One Way, Petit Duc, 106; Regale, 98. No Trumper and Lady Ellison, Ellison's entry.

Second Race—Steeplechase, short course: Evander, Schwartzwold, 150; Maud Muller, 138; Cardigan, 150; Don Ami, Class Leader, 138; Dominique You, 129; Montanic, Laura K, 159; Lingo, 150.

Third Race—One mile: Copper, 97; Alma Dufour, Shawana, 94; Judge Himes, 107; Princess Tulane, 104.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs: New Mown Hay, My Jane, Bombardier, Peter Paul, Briel, Bill Walters, 106; Florista, Don't Ask Me, The Crisis, 112; Allista, 106; Bellaire, 115; Gypzene, 122.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs: Garvice, Captain Neroth, Envoy, Lord Dixonl, 107; Girdlestone, 110; Cutter, 105; My Eleanor, 104; Del Carina, 97; Centigrade, Lady Fashion, Janeta, 99.

Sixth Race—Mile and a quarter: Charlie Miller, 90; Frank Mc, Sarilla, 94; Saltvate, 93; Excentral, 89; Major Mansir, 106.

Seventh Race—Six furlongs: Angelo, Marshalsea, Hudson, Winesap, 103; Commander, Cleora, 105; The Fog, 112; Bob Franklin, Mémnon, Begone, Tam O'Shanter, 98; Lampoon, Payne, The Forum, 100; Longmore, 108; Hardinge, 106.

Personally Conducted Tour To California

MISSOURI PACIFIC AND DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILWAYS.

A Special train has been arranged for and will leave St. Louis 9:30 o'clock the morning of August 31st, via the Missouri Pacific Ry., consisting of through Baggage Car, Day Coach, Dining Car and Standard Pullman Sleeping Cars. The route will be via Kansas City, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and the Denver and Rio Grande Ry., (the Scenic Line of the World.)

Stops will be made at Colorado Springs, Glenwood Springs and Salt Lake City en route. There will be no transferring of baggage, etc., to hotels. Sleeping Cars will be occupied entire time en route to San Francisco. The cost for one double berth accommodating two persons, St. Louis to San Francisco, including all stops and lay-overs, will be $16.00.

A very handsome itinerary covering the trip has been issued and will be mailed on application.

For reservations apply to the undersigned,

I. E. REHLANDER,
Trav. Pass. Agt.,
No. 24 West Ninth St.,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Missouri Pacific Railway

Note—Through Sleeping Cars to go forward on this train will leave Jacksonville, Fla., August 29th; Chattanooga, Nashville and Memphis, Tenn., on August 30th.

FIREMEN PLAY TOMORROW

Will Meet the Athletics in Third and Deciding Game of the Series.

The firemen and the Athletics are scheduled for a game Saturday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock at Piedmont park.

Two games have been played between these two teams, each club winning one. Both baseball teams have been doing good work this season, though the Athletics have played the greatest number of games.

The line-up for the game follows:

ATHLETICS.		FIREMEN.
Foreman	catcher	LaFitte
Cox	pitcher	LaFitte
Reynolds	first base	Gibson
Tichenor	second base	Lawshe
Gore	third base	Pritchett
Clarke	shortstop	Short
Freeman	center fielder	Cottingham
Browning	left fielder	Peel
Stovall	right fielder	Harrison

MAJOR DELMAR AGAIN FAILS.

Makes Another Attempt to Lower World's Record.

Providence, R. I., September 1.—Eight thousand persons attended the grand circuit meeting at Narragansett Park today, the big attraction being the attempt of Major Delmar to lower the world's trotting record, without a wind shield, of 2:02¼. But the son of Delmar made a complete fail

MONTHLY REPORT WAS THE FACTOR

Doubts As to Its Figures Caused Trade to Act Cautiously.

EVENED UP LATER IN THE DAY.

Due to Three Holidays Following the Report—It Is Believed a Good-Sized Short Interest Is Still Outstanding—Trade Light.

New York, September 1.—Cotton showed further excitement and irregularity today. The marker opened firm at an advance of 15@21 points, which was hardly so much as due on the showing made by Liverpool, where prices affected by decreasing crop estimates, in improved demand for spot cotton and covering by recent sellers, according to private cables, were fully 25 to 30 American points higher than due on the local close of the previous day. A good demand was attracted by this showing and some of yesterday's sellers were evidently nervous enough to cover, but there was a continuance of the pressure noted during Wednesday's trading and after some irregularity the market sold off until the gain had been reduced to a matter of 5 or 6 points on the more active months; but, everything considered, the market absorbed the offerings surprisingly well, and just around midday rallied on a renewal of bull support and some outside buying attributed to the influence of a bullish crop estimate by the leader of last winter's bull campaign predicting a crop of only 10,000,000 bales. This was not taken very seriously by local traders, but there was much apprehension as to the probable showing of tomorrow's report and the smaller shorts at any rate are not overconfident of a large crop, so that the market responded to the increased demand by advancing to about the opening figures. But the buying soon petered out and the market meeting with continued liquidation by bulls who wanted to dispose of their holdings before the bureau, worked back again and in the late trading was quiet and easy at about the lowest prices of the day. The close was steady at a net advance of 3@7 points. Sales were estimated 400,000 bales. According to private cables the report of a local newspaper showing the September condition to be 77.4 per cent or a deterioration of 7 per cent from the figures of the same authority last month was one of the factors in advancing prices in that market. Here this same report was taken rather bearishly as forecasting a government report of around 84 per cent. The market toward the close seemed to be getting about at well evened up as it could be prior to the report, although it was believed that a good-sized southern short interest formed on the preceding day was still outstanding.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 1.—In dry good market conditions are improving and sellers are sanguine that the near future will show a more general and decided request for goods, which it will be hard to satisfy if for immediate delivery. Jobbing trade is just beginning to appreciate the condition and buyers are commencing to test the market.

The New Orleans Cotton Market.

New Orleans, September 1.—The spot cotton market was steady; sales 825 bales, including 600 to arrive.

Futures opened steady with prices 15 to 22 points up. Liverpool was much better than expected, being 8 points higher when the local market opened. Heavy profit taking by longs was indulged in after the opening, and there was little fresh buying. Bears were not disposed to put out fresh short lines, and at the lower levels covered to some extent. There was little to support the market except the belief in crop deterioration. Tomorrow the most important government bureau report of the season will be made public late in the day. Immediately following this report are three holidays. With such conditions few traders cared to increase their commitments on either side of the market. The initial advance was followed by a reaction, which, however, still left prices from 6 to 10 points higher than yesterday's close. In the trading September opened 15 points up at 10.77, sold up to 10.81 and finally down to 10.72. The market closed steady. Net gains were September 10 points and 6 to 8 points on the other positions.

Comparative Cotton Movement.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1904	1903	1904	1903	1904	1903
Saturday..	8.74	318	2923	314	84065	159360
Monday....	12670	944	7695	440	84756	162249
Tuesday..	15623	403	807	735	90238	153565
Wednesday	18690	575	7107	925	111740	152820
Thursday.	8674	1178	23852	3181	88849	145054
Friday....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total....	63831	3418	41286	4908	....	....

Yesterday's Port Receipts.

The following table shows receipts at the ports yesterday compared with the same day last year:

	1904.	1903.
Galveston	4,094	137
Norfolk	40	8
Baltimore	....	....
Boston	5	5
Wilmington	....	31
Philadelphia	....	....
Savannah	4,214	836
New Orleans	....	136
Mobile	66	7
Charleston	253	18
New York	....	....
Total	8,674	1,178
INTERIOR MOVEMENT.		
Houston	5,313	351
Augusta	293	165
Memphis	15	6
St. Louis	15	....
Cincinnati	201	....
Total	5,837	522

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, September 1.—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand increased with prices barely steady; middling uplands 6.70; sales 8,000 bales; American 6,100; speculation and export 600; receipts 1,100, all American.

Futures opened steady.

	Opening Range.	Close.
September	6.15-6.22	6.21
September-October	5.91-5.99	5.98
October-November	5.83-5.89	5.87
November-December	5.81-5.86	5.83
December-January	5.75-5.80	5.79
January-February	5.75-5.80	5.79
February-March	5.78-5.81	5.79
March-April	5.82	5.79
April-May	5.78	5.79

Futures closed quiet.

Details of Texas Crop.

New Orleans, September 1.—Secretary Hester today made public the details of the Texas crop of 1903-04, as follows:

Receipts at Texas seaboard 2,461,497 this year and 2,179,781 last year.

Shipped inland to Mexico and points west of the Mississippi river 90,353 this year and 167,768 last year.

Shipped by rail via St. Louis, Cairo, etc., 134,372 this year and 197,727 last year.

Receipts at New Orleans, exclusive of Galveston, 177,606 this year and 254,910 last year.

Receipts at points on Mississippi river, etc., north of St. Louis bound east, etc., 12,262 this year and 30,439 last year.

Total Texas crop 2,876,090 this year and 2,830,625 last year.

Including difference between Texas cotton received at Shreveport and minor points by rail and wagon amounts shipped from Louisiana and Arkansas into Texas; also exclusive of that part of the Oklahoma crop which went into Texas—say 113,653 bales this year, against 89,282 last year.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO Great Britain.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Galveston	Steady	11⅛	4,094	4,094	81	20,665	11,689	5,551	698	8,716
Norfolk	Nominal	.....	40	40	.....	1,330	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baltimore	Nominal	11.50	1	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston	Quiet	11.50	5	198	.....	.....	2,249	.....	.....	.....
Wilmington	Nominal	.....	.....	.....	.....	144	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia	Steady	11.75	.....	.....	.....	135	.....	.....	.....	.....
Savannah	Firm	11⅛	4,214	4,214	343	18,945	.....	94	.....	.....
New Orleans	Steady	11 3-16	.....	3	625	22,003	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mobile	Quiet	10 3-8	68	68	.....	1,224	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memphis	Quiet	10 7-8	15	102	25	8,706	.....	.....	.....	.....
Augusta	Quiet	11 3-8	293	293	288	2,220	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston	Nominal	.....	253	253	.....	584	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati	Nominal	.....	201	201	.....	3,565	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisville	Firm	11⅛	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis	Quiet	11⅛	15	15	.....	5,896	.....	.....	.....	.....
Houston	Steady	11	5,313	5,313	1,141	14,002	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York	Quiet	11.50	.....	.....	1,225	25,819	.....	.....	.....	.....

Total receipts today 8,674. Exports to Great Britain today 13,938; to France 8,716; to continent 698. Stock 88,949.

Consolidated receipts 5 days 63,331. Exports to Great Britain 5 days 26,475; to France 8,866; to continent 5,945.

Total receipts since Sept. 1, 8,674; exports Great Britain 13,938; France 8,7 16; continent 698.

THE RANGE FOR COTTON OPTIONS

RANGE IN NEW YORK.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Previous Close.
September	10.00	11.05	10.91	10.92	10.88-90	10.85-88
October	10.90	10.90	10.72	10.76	10.75-76	10.68-69
November	10.85	10.85	10.79	10.78	10.73-75	10.68-70
December	10.94	10.94	10.75	10.78	10.77-78	10.72-73
January	10.90	10.91	10.78	10.79	10.78-79	10.72-73
February	10.89	10.89	10.89	10.89	10.82-85	10.75-76
March	10.98	10.99	10.88	10.88	10.87-88	10.80-81
May	11.04	11.05	10.91	11.05	10.92-94	10.85-88

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Close.	Previous Close.
September	10.76	10.82	10.72	10.73	10.72-74	10.62-63
October	10.77	10.79	10.63	10.65	10.65-66	10.58-59
November	.....	.....	.....	.....	10.65-66	10.57-59
December	10.83	10.83	10.66	10.69	10.68-69	10.61-62
January	10.84	10.87	10.71	10.73	10.72-73	10.66-67
February	.....	.....	.....	.....	10.77	10.70-72
March	10.95	10.96	10.84	10.85	10.84-86	10.77

Closed steady.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Companies.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close. Today.	Close. Yes'day.
Atchison	6,700	81⅛	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
do. preferred	100	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
Baltimore and Ohio	4,900	87⅛	86⅝	87	86⅝
do. preferred	....	.....	.....	92	92
Canadian Pacific ex-div.	1,500	124½	124¼	124½	127
Central of New Jersey	.....	.....	.....	168	168
Chesapeake and Ohio	3,700	39⅛	38⅝	38⅞	38¾
Chicago and Alton	1,100	41⅞	41½	41⅝	41
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	82	82
Chicago and Great West	1,400	15½	15¼	15¼	15¼
Chicago and Northwest	500	187⅜	187	187½	186
Chicago, M. and St. P.	20,900	155⅜	154	154⅝	154
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	182	180
Chicago Term. and Trans	200	6⅝	6	5¼	5½
do. preferred	1,008	13	12½	13	12½
C., C., C. and St. Louis	200	78⅜	78	78¼	75
Colorado Southern	500	16	16	15⅝	15
do. 1st preferred	.....	.....	.....	49	49⅜
do. 2d preferred	300	21⅞	21⅞	21½	22
Delaware and Hudson	2,000	164	163	163⅜	163⅜
Dela., Lack. and West	.....	.....	.....	270	270
Denver and Rio Grande	400	24¾	24⅜	25	25¼
do. preferred	300	76⅞	76½	76½	76½
Erie	46,300	29⅛	28¼	28⅝	28⅛
do. 1st preferred	4,400	65¼	64⅝	65	64⅜
do. 2d preferred	2,700	41⅜	40½	41	40⅝
Hocking Valley	400	84⅝	81½	82¾	83
do. preferred	200	89	88¾	89½	89¾
Illinois Central	1,500	137½	137	137¼	137¼
Iowa Central	200	22¼	22	22	21⅝
do. preferred	300	42½	42½	42	42
Kansas City Southern	.....	.....	.....	23⅝	23½
do. preferred	1,800	46½	45½	45½	45
Louisville and Nashville	1,300	121⅜	120	120¼	120½
Manhattan L	400	155	154⅝	154⅝	154⅜
Metropolitan Securities	15,300	89¾	87¼	87¼	88¾
Metropolitan St. Ry.	15,700	120	118½	118½	119¾
Minneapolis and St. L.	200	56½	55	55	55
Minn., St. P. and S. S. M.	600	73⅛	72⅞	73	72⅞
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	129	128½
Missouri Pacific	6,300	97¼	96½	97	96¾
Missouri, Kans and Tex	9,500	22¼	21⅞	22	21⅜
do. preferred	400	37	36½	36½	36
New York Central	1,100	47	46¾	47	46⅜
Nat. R. R. of Mex. pfd.	400	37	36½	36½	36
New York Central	1,100	123	122	122½	122¾
Norfolk and Western	2,400	67⅞	67½	67¾	67½
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	90	88
Ontario and Western	900	31¾	31	31½	31
Pennsylvania	16,800	125⅛	124⅝	125⅜	124⅞
Pitts., C. C. and St. L.	.....	.....	.....	68	67
Reading	19,300	62⅛	61⅝	61⅝	62¼
do. 1st preferred	.....	.....	.....	84½	84½
do. 2d preferred	300	74¼	74	73½	73½
Rock Island Co.	6,300	27⅜	25¾	27	25½
do. preferred	3,900	69⅝	68⅝	69⅞	69½
St. L. and S. F. 2d pfd	3,600	59½	58¾	59¾	58¾
St. Louis Southwestern	2,000	20½	19	20⅛	19¼
do. preferred	2,600	43⅜	40⅝	42½	41⅜
Southern Pacific	22,700	57¼	56½	56⅝	56½
Southern Railway	26,200	29½	28⅝	29⅛	28⅝
do. preferred	1,000	95	94½	95	94½
Texas and Pacific	4,500	31	30⅝	30⅝	30⅞
Toledo, St. L. and West	300	28¼	28	28¼	28¼
do. preferred	500	47	46	46¾	46¼
Union Pacific	19,600	99	97⅝	98½	98
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	93	93
Wabash	500	19½	19¼	19⅜	19⅛

Total sales for the day, 511,700 shares.

Railway Companies.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close. Today.	Close. Yes'day.
do. preferred	1,200	39⅛	39	39	38⅞
Wheeling and Lake Erie	.....	.....	.....	17	17
Wisconsin Central	800	18¾	18	18½	18⅛
do. preferred	500	41¾	41½	41½	41
Mexican Central	2,900	12⅛	11⅝	12	11½
Va.-Car. Chem. Co	100	32½	32¼	32	32
do. preferred	1,700	107⅝	106½	107	106⅞
Seaboard Air Line	.....	.....	.....	14⅝	16⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	29½	32¼

Express Companies.

Adams	.....	.....	.....	225	225
American	.....	.....	.....	209	210
United States	.....	.....	.....	118	118
Wells-Fargo	.....	.....	.....	230	230

Miscellaneous.

Amalgamated Copper	16,600	57⅜	56½	56¾	56⅝
Amer. Car and Foundry	600	19	18⅜	18⅞	18⅝
do. preferred	100	79¼	79¼	78½	78¼
American Cotton Oil	100	32½	32½	32½	32⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	91	91
American Ice	.....	.....	.....	6⅝	6⅝
do. preferred	100	26¾	26¾	26¾	26
American Linseed Oil	.....	.....	.....	12½	15
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	30	33
American Locomotive	1,100	21	20½	20⅝	20¼
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	89½	89½
Amer. Smelt. and Ref'g.	1,500	64⅜	64	64¼	64
do. preferred	700	107	106⅞	106⅝	106¼
Amer. Sugar Refining	3,000	132	131⅜	131⅜	131
Anaconda Mining Co.	100	80	80	77½	79
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	15,300	55¼	54½	54⅝	54¼
Colorado Fuel and Iron	500	36½	36½	36½	36
Consolidated Gas	1,000	196½	195½	195¾	195
Corn Products	200	13	13	13	13
do. preferred	800	70	69¾	69	69½
Distillers' Securities	900	26½	26	26¼	26
General Electric	600	166	165	165	165
International Paper	500	14¾	14½	14¾	14⅝
do. preferred	1,100	75	74	74¼	73½
International Pump	400	29	28	28¼	29¼
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	76	76½
National Lead	200	23¼	23¼	23	22¾
North American	.....	.....	.....	91½	92
Pacific Mail	600	.....	.....	28¾	28¼
People's Gas	2,800	102⅜	101½	102	101½
Pressed Steel Car	200	32½	32⅛	32⅛	32¼
do. preferred	100	77½	77½	77	77
Pullman Palace Car	.....	.....	.....	215	215
Republic Steel	1,300	7⅝	7½	7⅝	7⅝
do. preferred	4,100	44½	44	44	43½
Rubber Goods	300	18	17⅞	17⅞	17⅝
do. preferred	100	82	82	82	81½
Tennessee Coal and Iron	1,900	45½	44¾	45	44¾
United States Leather	200	7½	7½	7½	7½
do. preferred	100	86½	86½	82⅝	86⅜
United States Realty	300	52⅞	52½	52½	52
United States Rubber	500	19⅛	18⅞	18½	19
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	74	74
United States Steel	19,400	13¼	12⅞	13¼	12⅝
do. preferred	103,600	63	61⅞	62¾	61½
Westinghouse Electric	.....	.....	.....	160	159
Western Union	1,400	90¼	90	90	89¾

STOCKS AND BONDS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	104⅝	do. collateral 5s	85⅞
do. coupon	105⅛	C., C., C. and St. Louis gen. 4s	101½
U. S. 3s, registered	105	Chicago Terminal 4s	74¼
do. coupon	105½	Consolidated Tobacco 4s	72¼
U. S. new 4s, registered	131⅜	Colorado and Southern 4s	84
do. coupon	131⅝	Denver and Rio Grande 4s	101
U. S. old 4s, registered	106	Erie prior lien 4s	99
do. coupon	107	do. general 4s	86¾
Atchison general 4s	103⅝	Fort Worth and Denver City 1st.	105¼
do. adjustment 4s	95	Hocking Valley 4½s	108
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	98¼	Louisville and Nash. unified 4s	103⅜
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103	Manhattan consol gold 4s	106½
do. 3½s	95¼	Mexican Central 4s	61
Central of Georgia 5s	111⅝	do. 1st income	14¼
do. 1st income	84⅞	Minn. and St. Louis 4s	95
do. 2d income	48⅛	Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	100⅛
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	105⅜	do. 2ds	80
Chicago and Alton 3½s	79	National R. R. of Mexico con. 4s	76½
Chicago, B. and Quincy new 4s	97	New York Central gen. 3½s	100¼
Chicago, M. and St. Paul gen. 4s	110½	New Jersey Central general 5s	133½
Chicago and Northwestern con. 7s	128¾	Northern Pacific 4s	105⅛
Chicago, R. I. and P. R. R. 4s	75¾	do. 3s	74¼
		Norfolk and Western consol 4s	101¾
		Oregon Short Line 4s and partic.	96¾
		Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	98½
		Reading general 4s	100
		St. L. and Iron Mountain con. 5s	116¾
		St. L. and San Francisco fg. 4s	84⅞
		St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	97⅛
		Seaboard Air Line 4s	81⅜
		Southern Pacific 4s	94
		Southern Railway 5s	117
		Texas and Pacific 1sts	119¼
		Toledo, St. L. and Western 4s	76½
		Union Pacific 4s	105
		do. convertible 4s	104⅜
		United States Steel 2d 5s	80¼
		Wabash 1sts	118
		do. debenture Bs	63⅛
		Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	91⅜
		Wisconsin Central 4s	89¼
		Colorado Fuel convertible 5s	72¼

MARKET REVIEWS.

Cothran & Co.

COTTON—The day was full of interesting developments. In the first place, Liverpool was due to come several points lower, but instead it come up several points. This was a surprise, in view of the fact that an ex-member of the exchange, who has been very prominent on the bull side of late had cabled Liverpool that he was out of the market. The advance was due to the enormous buying by Alexandrian operators. These operators are known to be the largest in the trade, and up to the present time have not failed to make a great deal of money of late years. The buying was undoubtedly due to conditions in the southwest, where the combination of boll weevil and hot, dry weather has been too much for the crop. We regard this news from Liverpool as worthy of a great deal of consideration. The Journal of Commerce, in its monthly cotton report, gives the condition as 77.4, against 84.4 last month. This journal has been very accurate in forecasting the government figures, and it now looks as though a substantial decline might be expected in the report tomorrow. It must not be forgotten that the crop has gone back rapidly since the 25th of last month, and any figures given by Washington will be accepted with this in view. It is said that Mr. Sully is now talking 10,000,000 bales, as the coming cotton crop. The last crop was within a few thousand bales of his estimate last year, and what he says is likely to receive attention. We do not care to be short of cotton.

WHEAT—The market was nervous, quite strong at times, and then turned weak, deliveries on September contract being larger than expected, but some of the local traders and the northwest bought on unfavorable weather, while the strength in corn was a bull help. Local shorts covered freely, and on the advances May was sold to some extent by a St. oLuis house. Operations were largely professional, and as the Hungarian report was ignored in Liverpool it did not attract much attention here, owing to the imperfect estimates. The close was strong, but with further advances appearing we would favor sales.

CORN was very strong. Liverpool showing advances on Austria bidding for Argentina cargoes, while Roumaria removed import duties on forage crop. Receipts were large, but there was a good cash demand, glucose people being in the market and taking all offerings. September shorts were anxious buyers. Commission houses and wealthy local operators were big buyers of December and May, while the southwest bought to some extent, with offerings less pronounced, although there was considerable realizing on the swells. The outlook is unfavorable, there is more public interest and we look for higher prices, while favoring purchases on reactions.

OATS—There was selling by cash houses early, but with corn advancing, talk of an increased export demand and shorts covering freely prices worked up with sample lots 1-2c higher, although working off later. December and May were well bought, with sentiment more bullish, and we would favor their purchases whenever jammed down.

PROVISIONS were supported by the packers, which started early to covering with some commission house buying of October lard. September product was offered freely, but well taken, lard especially, and while the cash trade was slow there was a better feeling all around.

STOCKS—The stock market today was a very irregular affair, but it became oversold sooner than the majority of the Wall street speculative element thought possible, and it again exemplified the wisdom of purchasing on all reactions of whatever extent the active issues of worth. We believe that this irregularity will continue, but that the undertone will still be good and specialties improve. The feature of the day was Steel preferred. On the short side, Metropolitan was the dominant factor, but its decline affected the market in general but little. He who hesitates to buy is lost in this market, judging from the past few weeks.

Weil Bros' Crop Letter.

Montgomery, Ala., September 1.—At the end of the month of July the cotton crop was nearer perfect than any crop we have seen in all our experience. Taking a retrospect of the causes and the various conditions leading up to that high standard, we find we had a dry spring; the months of May and June particularly were dry, and offered the farmer greater opportunities for giving his crop thorough cultivation than have ever been known. Conspicuous are the fine stands this season. During the previous year much cotton land had to be abandoned on account of unseasonable weather for cultivation. But this season, instead of abandoning land, more of it was taken in. The oat fields were turned into cotton fields after the oat crop had been gathered. Splendid equipment in the way of new live stock and new farming implements aided our planters in this undertaking; fertilizers were used more heavily than ever before; labor was plentiful. During the month of July precipitation came just when wanted and when needed; the strides made by the cotton plant were most surprising in consequence. The first of August found the plant large, vigorous, thrifty and well fruited through the entire belt; the country presented an aspect such as is rarely seen, and it looked as if the whole country was planted in cotton. Rains during the month of August were quite heavy. They proved favorable in some sections; in others they caused rank growth and shedding, and on sandy lands what is termed rust. The hot sun following the rains affected many localities, scorching the plant in the sandy land districts. The red lands and bottom lands have thus far not suffered. The heavy rains in August caused the delay in maturing the bolls, therefore, at the beginning of September our receipts of cotton are hardly more than they ought to have been on August 15. Whether it be from exhaustion or ripening of the plant or from other causes, deterioration has unquestionably taken place to some extent but we dare say it has been exaggerated from some sections. The ripening of the plant is like the leaves of a tree in autumn, and often mistaken for and spoken of as rust. In consequence, reports of deterioration during the ripening stages in August and September are common. With few exceptions, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi have at present splendid prospects, and a large increase in yield may be expected from these states.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, September 1.—Lemons, fancy $2.75@3.00; choice $2.25@2.50; slow sale. Bananas, per bunch, culls 75c@$1.00; straight $1.25@1.50. Nuts, Peanuts, Virginia, 4½@6c; Georgia 4½c; cocoanuts, 100, $3.75. Dates, 50 lbs., $6 @6.50; packages 7½c lb. Figs, 13½@14c. Citron, 15cv. Raisins xx, $1.75 per box; xxx $1.61 per box. Prunes, small 6@8c; large 6@7½c. Candy, common stick, 5½@ 7c lb.

WHEAT ERRATIC IN EARLY TRADING.

Sentiment During the First Hour Favored the Bears.

FEELING WAS FIRMER LATER.

December Was 3-4c Higher at the Close—Corn Gained 3-4c, Oats 3-8c and Provisions at the Close Were 5 to 17 1-2c Up.

Chicago, September 1.—Additional rains in the Red river valley and firmness of foreign markets caused strength in wheat here today. At the close December wheat showed a gain of ¾c; corn was up ¾c, oats ⅜c higher and provision 5 to 17½c higher.

Wheat opened somewhat unsettled, December being down ¼ to ⅜c to ¼@⅜c higher at $1.08@1.08⅝. No news was at hand, and as a result traders were somewhat at sea. During the ear y part of the session the market was erratic. In spite of the firm cables there was a disposition to take profits with the result that during the first hour sentiment favored the bears. A firmer feeling developed toward noon and the remainder of the session the market held a fair advance. Reports from Paris were that owing to disappointments in threshings France would be an importer of wheat. The market was further strengthened later by reports of heavy rains in the Red river country. Houses with northwest connections were liberal purchasers, thus giving more force to the bullish advance from that section. December reached $1.09⅝. The close was strong at $1.09@ 1.09⅛. C earances equaled 58,400 bushels. Primary receipts 676,300 bushels, against 619,900 a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported 322 cars, against 241 last week and 311 a year ago.

A strong tone prevailed in corn throughout the session. Deliveries on September contracts were light, and some confidence was imparted to bulls by the fact. In addition the foreign markets were strong. Roumania was reported to have taken off the import duty. December opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 51¾@51⅞c, sold between 51⅝@52⅜c and closed at 52½c. Receipts 524 cars, 108 contract.

Small receipts, an improved export demand and strength in other grains caused a firm tone in oats. December opened a shade to ⅛c higher at 33⅛@33⅜c to 33⅜c, ranged between 33⅛@33¼c and 33⅜@33¾c and closed at 33⅜c. Receipts 180 cars.

Small September deliveries accounted for a moderate demand throughout the provision list. Strength of grains also had some influence. October pork closed 15@17½c higher at $11.30, October lard 12½c up at $7.12½, and ribs up 5c at $7.42½.

Estimated tomorrow: Wheat 66 cars; corn 664 cars; oats 223 cars; hogs 14,000 head.

The board will close Monday, September 5—Labor day.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
Sept., old	1.08¾	1.09⅛	1.08¼	1.09
Sept., new	1.06	1.07⅛	1.06	1.06¾
Dec.	1.08	1.09⅛	1.08	1.09⅛
May	1.10½	1.11⅝	1.10⅛	1.11⅜
CORN—				
Sept.	53⅛	54⅛	53	53⅝
Dec.	51⅝	52⅞	51⅝	52½
May	49⅞	50¾	49⅝	50½
OATS—				
Sept.	31⅝	32⅜	31⅜	32¼
Dec.	33¼	33¾	33¼	33⅝
May	35⅜	36¼	35¾	36⅛
MESS PORK—				
Sept.	11.10	11.15	11.07½	11.15
Oct.	11.12½	11.35	11.12½	11.30
Jan.	12.62½	12.75	12.62½	12.72½
LARD—				
Sept.	6.87½	7.00	6.87½	6.97½
Oct.	7.02½	7.15	7.02½	7.12½
Jan.	7.07½	7.22½	7.07½	7.20
SHORT RIBS—				
Sept.	7.17½	7.27½	7.17½	7.25
Oct.	7.35	7.45	7.35	7.42½
Jan.	6.62½	6.70	6.62½	6.67½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	18,900	20,800
Wheat, bushels	170,000	30,900
Corn, bushels	412,700	385,500
Oats, bushels	253,800	173,100
Rye, bushels	9,000	900
Barley, bushels	49,200	5,700

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, September 1.—Flour: Diamond patent $6.25; Postell's Elegant $6.50; fancy patent $5.75; straights $5.10; extra fancy $4.25; fancy $3.75; first patent spring $5.40; choice white corn 75c bushel; No 2 white corn 73c; No. 2 mixed corn 72c; white clipped oats 58c; No. 2 white oats 55c; No. 2 mixed oats 53c; No. 3 mixed oats 53c; pure wheat brand $1.35 per cwt.; mixed bran $1.20; brown shorts $1.30; white shorts $1.50; Victor feed $1.35; choice large baled hay $1.10 per cwt.; No. 1 small baled hay $1.00; No. 2 small baled hay 90c; plain corn meal 72c per bushel; bolted meals 85c; pearl grits $1.70

St. Louis, September 1.—Flour steady. Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash and elevator $1.09½; track $1.11½@1.12; No. 2 hard $1.09@1.11; December $1.11¼; May $1.13⅝. Corn higher; No. 2 cash 51½c; track 52¼c; December 49¼c; May 48½c. Oats higher; No. 2 cash 32c; track 33@33¾c; No. 2 white 36c; December 33¼c.

New York, September 1.—Flour inactive but firmer. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red $1.11⅝; options opened steady and soon advanced on further bullish news concerning spring wheat conditions, together with small southwest receipts and a scare among shorts; closed ¾@1c net higher; May $1.13⅛; September $1.13; December $1.12⅛. Corn, spot firm; No. 2 59⅝; options firm all day, but very quiet here, closing ½@⅝c net higher; September 59¾; December 59½. Oats, spot dull; mixed 35½@36; options nominal; September 37⅜; December 38¼.

Chicago, September 1.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat $1.10@1.14; No. 3 $1.02@ 1.10; No. 2 red $1.08 1-4@1.09 3-8. No. 2 corn 54; No. 2 yellow 55 3-4@56. No. 2 oats 32 1-4; No. 2 white 34; No. 3 white 32 1-4@34. No. 2 rye 71 1-2.

Kansas City, September 1.—Wheat higher; September 96 7-8; December 96 1-4; rank growth and shedding, and on sandy lands what is termed rust. The hot sun following the rains affected many localities, scorching the plant in the sandy land districts. The red lands and bottom lands have thus far not suffered. The heavy rains in August caused the delay in maturing the bolls, therefore, at the beginning of September our receipts of cotton are hardly more than they ought to have been on August 15. Whether it be from exhaustion or ripening of the plant or from other causes, deterioration has unquestionably taken place to some extent but we dare say it has

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

All classified advertisements are 10c per line each insertion in either daily or Sunday editions. Six words allowed to a line.

Count the words in your advertisement, and remit cash with order.

No advertisement taken for less than three lines.

Special rates on contract.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A gentleman, worth not less than $1,500 a year, to represent prominent Boston house in Atlanta and other southern cities. John S. Willey, Piedmont Hotel.

WANTED—Opticians to take charge of office. Guarantee Opt. Co., 113 Dauphin st., Mobile, Ala.

WANTED—Five first-class plumbers; wages $4 per day of eight hours; steady work for first-class mechanics. Alabama Supply Co., No. 318 North Twentieth st., Birmingham, Ala.

WANTED—Stenographer and bookkeeper to go to country town. Address, with references, "Banker," care Constitution.

WANTED—At once, first-class striper. Columbus, Ga., Buggy Co., Columbus, Ga.

PAPER HANGERS—Several first-class workmen wanted, for steady work; good wages to reliable men. Apply at once. The Wall Paper Parlor, 104 Dexter ave., Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED—At once a bright, intelligent, active and strong boy, 14 years or over, for office and errand work. 817 Equitable Bldg.

EXPERIENCED male stenographer $60; saleslady for suit department with some knowledge of altering; two experienced saleladies and experienced salesmen at once; experienced mattress maker; to sell cheap, scholarship in two good colleges; experienced bundle wrapper; two experienced city salesmen in wholesale grocery line. We have more calls for stenographers than we can supply. If you want a position register with the Capital City Business Agency, 1020 Empire Building. Cabinet maker to leave city; good salary.

WANTED—Two single men between 25 and 35 years of age as representatives of international correspondence schools of Scranton, Pa., for country territory. Must have experience as solicitors and collectors, be strictly temperate and able to furnish corporation surety bond. Apply to Superintendent, 516 to 518 Empire Bldg.

WANTED—Bright, quick young man for bookkeeper. State experience and salary expected. Don't leave it to us, but state salary expected. Ambition Gordon, care Constitution.

ARE YOU SATISFIED with your present position and salary? If not, write us for plan and booklet. We have openings for managers, secretaries, advertising men, salesmen, bookkeepers, etc., paying from $1,000 to $10,000 a year. High grade exclusively. HAPGOODS (Inc.), Pennsylvania bldg., 1501 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. Offices in New York, Chicago and 12 other cities.

EXPERIENCED stenographer; salary $40.
Two stenographers, moderate salaries.
1 at once, cabinet makers; steady employment, ten hours per day.
Experienced yard man for planing mill.
Two sash, door and blind men.
Man to keep tools, file saws, sharpen planing knives.
Oyster shucker.
Wood molder machinist.
Expert sausage maker.
Youth, 16 to 17 years of age.
H. T. Callaway, mgr. Empire Business Bureau, 927 Prudential building.

WANTED—Young men and ladies to learn telegraphy and R. R. accounting. We operate six schools. Indorsed by all railroads. Day and night sessions. Morse School of Telegraphy, Viaduct Place, Atlanta.

WANTED—To first-class picture frame makers; also mat cutter; year's contract and good salary to right man. Binder Frame Mfg. Co., 85 So. Forsyth.

MARBLE CUTTERS WANTED.
Ten marble monumental cutters wanted at once. Good wages and steady work. Cleveland Florence Marble Co., Fowler, Ala.

IF YOU WANT a position quick and one that pays let us have your name; it cost you nothing to see what we have good for you in the line of positions. Remember we are not one of the old employment agencies that have got your money without results. We have the only satisfactory method. Get our list and be convinced. It's free. Southern Supply Co., Fort McPherson, Ga.

I WANT a first-class white man to cook for hotel. Please send reference with application. I will pay $7 per week and fine board and lodging. Brown House, H. D. Weaver, proprietor, Hawkinsville, Ga.

WANTED—Teacher of stenography, typewriting and bookkeeping for immediate position. Also a number of teachers at moderate salaries. Special offer. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, 94 N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A blacksmith, by W. O. Watson, Albany, Ga.

WE need 10 first-class map salesmen to handle magnificent line of new government survey maps; splendid proposition; state experience. Hudgins Co., Atlanta, Ga

LEARN while you learn—Shorthand taught by mail by reporter of fifteen years' experience; typewriter furnished. W. C. Massey, 1001 Prudential bldg., Atlanta.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Special inducements to distant applicants. Few weeks completes. Can nearly earn expenses before completing. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo.

SITUATIONS WANTED — MALE.

EXPERIENCED druggist desires change of position; sober and reliable; best references; would leave city. Address Sailor, care Constitution.

WANTED—Employment. Young man, age 23. Am a farmer. James Carroll, Yorkville, S. C.

PIEDMONT WALL PAPER

Beats them all. 72 N. Broad street.

INSTRUCTION.

MARCUS MAYER,
Teacher of Piano.
Son and pupil of Mr. I. M. Mayer. Children and beginners a specialty. Prices moderate. 602 Lowndes bldg.

DRUG FIXTURES FOR SALE.

ENTIRE outfit of show cases, wall cases, fixtures, etc., will be sold very cheap on account of moving. Call or write at once. Elkin-Watson Drug Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A woman (of middle age preferred) who understands duties of housekeeping and is not afraid of work. Excellent home to right party. Apply 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. at 103 Walton st.

EXPERIENCED saleslady for suit department.
Bookkeeper and stenographer; salary $30 to $40.
Girl, 12 to 14; light work.
Lady collector, from 35 to 40 years of age.
H. T. Callaway, mgr. Empire Business Bureau, 927 Prudential building.

WANTED—A good cook and general house servant for small family. Apply 364 Spring st.

WANTED—Good cook. Call at 869 Peachtree street.

WANTED — Experienced, respectable young white woman for general house work; also cook. Good home. State particulars. German preferred. Apply Dr. Mrs. Rosa Mohish, 349 Peachtree st.

WANTED—White girl for general housework, country girl preferred; good home, liberal wages to right party. Address Mrs. John Miller, Crescent City, Fla.

"MEDITATION WALTZES," that soft, sweet, dreamy, fascinating melody; you know the effect; autograph edition 25c. F. W. Hoss & Co., Atlanta.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

AN exeprienced teacher desires a position in private family; small children preferred. Box 85, Bluemont, Va.

ENGLISH Catholic governess, French, music, Italian, long experience. Miss Scanlan, 111 East 28th st., New York city.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS wanted for "War Songs and Poems of the Southern Confederacy," Collected and edited by an ex-confederate and well known author, Rev. H. M. Wharton, D. D. Dedicated to the late General John B. Gordon. Endorsed by most prominent ex-confederates and the Daughters of the Confederacy. Contains over 500 pages. Magnificently illustrated. Rare collection of war songs and poems dear to every southern heart. Every true southerner will want this book. Enormous demand. Magnificent opportunity for agents. One agent made $99.20 first week; another $328.90 in seven weeks. Terms liberal. Territory assigned on application. Outfit free. Send at once 15 cents to pay postage. Don't delay. Address Dept. C. the John C. Winston Co., 1006 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

WANTED—Canvassers for THE SUNNY SOUTH in every Georgia town and also in the towns of all other southern states. A splendid opportunity for women wanting a little supplementary "pin money" income. The cost of The Sunny South is only 50 cents per year and its circulation is now nearly 100,000. Extraordinary commission inducements and the easiest and cheapest fireside paper for which to get subscribers. Write for particulars to The Sunny South, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Agents to solicit for the Mutual Life of New York. R. F. Shedden, manager, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

WANTED—Salesman to represent, on a commission basis, in South Carolina, central and eastern Georgia, well-established dry goods commission house. Shipments direct from mills to customers. Give experience, age, references, etc. P. O. Box No. 440, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Bakery, established trade; all facilities; for further particulars address The Baker, care Constitution.

FOR SALE—A well-established drug business, located in Atlanta; invoice about $2,000; profits good. Terms easy. Other business interests reason for selling. Address Lock Box 518, Atlanta, Ga.

GROCERY BUSINESS for sale; established trade, doing a nice business; good location. Bennett & Butler, 1001 Century Bldg.

WANTED—Canvassers for THE SUNNY SOUTH in every Georgia town and also in the towns of all other southern states. A splendid opportunity for women wanting a little supplementary "pin money" income. The cost of The Sunny South is only 50 cents per year and its circulation is now nearly 100,000. Extraordinary commission inducements and the easiest and cheapest fireside paper for which to get subscribers. Write for particulars to The Sunny South, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Partner for grocery business with about $600 capital; good locality and established trade. 728 Empire Bldg.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta, 2nd floor Constitution bldg.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

WANTED—By New York cotton exchange house a man with large local trade. Address Box L, Constitution office.

HATS CLEANED.

BUSSEY cleans and reshapes Panamas and old hats, 26 years in the business in Atlanta. 28 1-2 Whitehall street.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

NO. 6 and No. 8 Remingtons, Smiths, Underwoods, Blicks, Yosts, Densmores knocked out by the No. 6 Williams. Sacrificed prices. Hardin Co

A. S. J. GARDNER, BROKER.

BELL 'phone 603, 15 Edgewood avenue. Investment securities bought and sold on commission. Loans negotiated at lowest rate of interest. All correspondence given careful attention.

MILL WORK.

IF YOU WANT to have your house furnished with first-class Georgia pine for oil finish, see us before buying. We can furnish anything in the building line. Traynham Lumber Company, 173 Humphries street.

LOST.

LOST—A large white cow with black spots, no horns. The finder will be rewarded by returning cow to Mrs. E. L. Smith, 129 Oakland avenue. 'Phone 1153, main.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT BARGAIN—A complete picture framing outfit. Moulding, glass, mat board and shop equipment. Everything that is needed to run a first-class picture framing business. Fine side line for stationer. Profits large. Address for inventory and price P. O. Box 596.

MEDICAL.

WE have a positive cure for syphilis or money refunded; send $1 for large size trial bottle. H. H. H. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM HABIT.

OPIUM, morphine, free treatment; cure guaranteed at home; tral free. Dr. Tucker, 16 N. Broad st.

Don't complain because you have'nt a reliable servant. Plenty in the city. Many of them wish work. Advertise in these Want Columns and you will find what you have been looking for---a first-class servant. . . . . .

FOR SALE — MISCELLANEOUS.

PEACH TREES—We have a large stock of June buds at low prices. Gober Nursery Co., Marietta, Ga.

BILLIARD TABLES—Two very fine Brunswick & Balke billiard tables for sale cheap. L. J. Thompson, Macon, Ga.

FOR SALE—Gas stoves, in perfect condition; guaranteed to do good work. Come and see. M. H. Abbott, 159 Marietta st.

HULLS, bulk or sacked; flour, corn, oats and hay, car lots on hand. Sou. Flour and Grain Co., 612 Peters bldg. Tel. 398.

PARTIES wishing cuts for catalogue and high class printing can find them in our establishment. We make the finest half-tones and zinc etchings. For prices and further information, address Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta, Ga., second floor Constitution building.

WE ARE especially prepared to make newspaper cuts. In order that a half-tone may show up well in the newspaper it must be made especially for printing of that character. Our newspaper half-tones receive the highest praise by publishers generally. For prices and further information, address the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., second floor Constitution building.

'PHONE 1920—56 N. Broad street—If you want furniture, musical instruments or household goods packed and shipped, or refinished or repaired. P. H. Snook.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Canvassers for THE SUNNY SOUTH in every Georgia town and also in the towns of all other southern states. A splendid opportunity for women wanting a little supplementary "pin money" income. The cost of The Sunny South is only 50 cents per year and its circulation is now nearly 100,000. Extraordinary commission inducements and the easiest and cheapest fireside paper for which to get subscribers. Write for particulars to The Sunny South, Atlanta, Ga.

COAL! COAL! All kinds; cheapest prices; prompt delivery. Buy now. J. W. Wills & Co., 'Phones 356.

OUR engraving plant is complete. We are specially fitted for making half-tones of the finest quality. The product of our factory is as fine as can be turned out in the east or west. For prices and particulars address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., second floor Constitution building.

SOUTHERN ENGRAVING CO., second floor, Constitution building, Atlanta, conducts the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Second-hand medium sized beef refrigerator. L., care Constitution.

WANTED—To buy a Nat. Cash Register and a Typewriter of standard make. Address Quick, care Constitution.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ON and after this date all summer discounts on coffee are abolished, and old prices restored. Will continue to sell you the best coffee on the market at the prices asked. Old Fazenda Coffee Co. Sept. 1, 1904.

JOB PRINTING.

WE are specialists in the job printing business, and do that high-class of work at the least possible cost, that few, if any other, printers do in the southern states. Call and see us or write for samples. W. R. Bean & Co., 12 1-2 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

PALMISTRY.

SWANHILD, world-famed scientific Palmist; exponent of the occult forces of nature; mystified are they who call on this gifted woman; no matter what trouble you have, come; she will guide you; everything private and confidential. Hours, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. 26 E. Ellis street.

MME. SINCLAIR—Psychic Palmist, revelation of past, present, future. Advises correctly about love, business. Patronized by best people. 33 Fairlie st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE ATLANTA DISCOUNT CO.,
A RESPONSIBLE CONCERN MAKING LOANS.
817-818 CENTURY BUILDING.

MONEY loaned on real estate, 3 to 5 years, 6 per cent. Houses and lots; easy payments. John Carey, 18 E. Alabama.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business, forty-eight principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

ATLANTA Banking and Savings Co., 216 Century bldg., buys purchase money notes. Loans on real estate. William J. Davis, cashier.

THE UNION Savings Bank, 24 South Broad st., lends money on real estate and other collateral, buys purchase money notes, discounts good paper, makes loans for building houses and pays 4 per cent on savings deposits.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS to lend; any amount, 4 1-2, 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call S. W. Carson, 6 1-2 S. Broad. tf

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 6-8-10 E. Alabama street.

NOTES and mortgages negotiated on property in or near city. Call for terms. S. B. Turman, 16 S. Broad st.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 827 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

STORAGE.

MORRIS Storage and Transfer Co. pack, store and move h. h. goods, pianos. 5 S. Broad st. 'Phone 164 Bell.

BICYCLE SUNDRIES & REPAIRS

LARGEST wholesale and retail bicycle supply house in the south. Alexander-Elyea Company.

WM. WILSON—FRESCO ARTIST.

Decorations from most elaborate fresco to plain tinting. Colored designs submitted on churches, court houses, theaters, residences, banks, etc. Out of town work a specialty. Surety Co.'s bond on all work. Bell 'phone 4384. 201-2-3 Gould bldg., Atlanta.

PERSONAL.

M. L.—Will communication, care Al Tomlinson be delivered safely. Write 268, or 'phone.

PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMAN with fine practice, and very wealthy, desires capable and deserving wife. Address Mr. Brown, 85 Hudson avenue, Chicago.

MARRY—Wealth and beauty; marriage directory free; pay when married; entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 660, Tekonsha, Mich.

HANDSOME American widow, worth $35,000, wants to marry good, honest man; money no object. Address Mason, Ohio block, Chicago, Ills.

DON'T WAIT, but give your order now for your winter supply of coal. See at once J. W. Wills & Co., 'Phones 356.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE—For the cure of Whiskey, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine, Tobacco and Cigarette Habits, 235 Capitol ave. Everything new and first-class.

GONORRHOEA (Clapp) cured at home in 2 to 5 days, absolutely without pain; most obstinate cases. "Imperial Injection" is harmless, painless, sure. Sent in plain wrapper postpaid for $1. Imperial Mfg. Co., 314 Carter st., Chattanooga, Tenn.

GOPHER OIL as a liniment, or healing ointment, is a Gibraltar against them all. Burns, sores, eruptions, sprains, swelling, etc., it cures. Get it at your druggists.

ACME HATTERS removed to 6½ Whitehall street; old hats made new 35c up.

WE are headquarters in Atlanta for making all kinds of newspaper cuts, such as zinc etchings and half-tones. All work guaranteed to be as represented. Address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga., 2d floor Constitution bldg.

WANTED—Canvassers for THE SUNNY SOUTH in every Georgia town and also in the towns of all other southern states. A splendid opportunity for women wanting a little supplementary "pin money" income. The cost of The Sunny South is only 50 cents per year and its circulation is now nearly 100,000. Extraordinary commission inducements and the easiest and cheapest fireside paper for which to get subscribers. Write for particulars to The Sunny South, Atlanta, Ga.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES—We can furnish classified lists of farmers, doctors, lawyers, merchants, county officials, ministers, newly-married couples, babies, new business houses, names of people building houses, electric light plants, water works, bridges or barns. Press clippings of every conceivable nature from all the weekly and daily newspapers. Send for prices. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

JAPANESE parasols, umbrellas and lanterns for lawn parties, etc., rented at low rates. Delbridge & Rice, 95 Peachtree.

LADIES' COLUMN.

THE No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 480.

NOW IS THE TIME to buy your winter coal! Best coal! Cheapest prices. J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356.

$2 PER MONTH rent only for the light-running, noiseless No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Bell 'phone 480. Office 71 Whitehall.

SEWING MACHINES.

NEW and second-hald sewing machines; parts, supplies, renting, repairing. Roberts Bros., 160 Whitehall.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

SAUNDERS & MORRIS, successors to Girardeau & Saunders, No. 5 S. Broad st. Get our weekly rent bulletin and sale list. Tenants moved free; see contract.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, renting agent, 50 North Broad street.

WANTED—BOARDERS.

TWO large, delightful rooms, with good table board in a select home. 368 Peachtree.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished 6-room cottage, all modern conveniences. Best residence section, north side. Address P. O. Box 195.

READ SNOOK'S MARVELOUS FURNITURE VAULES

Our sample rooms, 56-58 North Broad Street, will astonish furniture buyers.
$250 elegant Black Walnut Sideboard, at one-fifth its value, only. $60
$50 Leather Lounge, genuine, only. $12.50
Greatest furniture value-giving store in the South. Don't miss it.
$60 Golden Oak Sideboard..... $25
$35 Pillow Leg Table, only..... $15
These are great values.
$25 Ebony and Gold Tables, only.. $6.50
25 Metal Beds, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50, $6.50
100 extra heavy Mattresses, only .. $2.75
Don't pay fancy prices for furniture.
We guarantee to furnish any home, room or office with any suit or article of furniture found in Atlanta and save the buyer one-fourth what it cost anywhere else. Our nominal expense of 3 per cent alone will enable us to carry this offer through. It will cost nothing to test it.
P. H. SNOOK FURNITURE COMPANY.

AUTOMOBILES.

AGENTS wanted for the Oldsmobile in every important town in Georgia and Alabama. Get in line for the best selling American car. Immediate deliveries from now on. Oldsmobile Co., Atlanta, Ga., Dist. Agents for Ga. and Ala.

SAND—SAND—SAND.

BUILDING and concrete sand; can furnish any quantity; car load lots a specialty. M. A. Bowden, 19 S. Broad st. Bell 'phone 506.

CLIFF ANSLEY. GLENN FAVER.

ANSLEY & FAVER

Real Estate.
1022-3 Century Bldg. Phone 3519.

$6,000 FOR splendid new 2-story house of 10 rooms with all modern improvements. On prominent street and in elegant neighborhood, on north side, near Peachtree. Beautifully arranged and finished.

$5,700 WILL buy a corner lot on a prominent business street, three blocks from the Kimball house, north side. This lot faces street 98 feet by 54 feet deep. With four stores built on this lot with rooms above, say 2-story brick buildings, it would pay at least 15 per cent on your money.

$4,500 for splendid 2-story house of 11 rooms, with all modern improvements and beautiful corner lot, on first class residence street and car line. Place cost over $6,000, and the present price has been refused for it several times. An elegant bargain.

$5,300 WILL buy an 8-room house on good residence street, close in, on the north side, with two four-room houses facing street in the rear of this place and renting for $18 per month. The 8-room house brings $35 per month. Total rent, $53 per month, or 12 per cent on investment. This is a paying investment.

WE have a 7-room house close in on Whitehall street, with store attached, that rents for $35 per month. Price, $4,000.

$5,500 WILL buy a splendid 8-room house on lot 90 by 200 feet in best part of Inman Park. Come quick if you want this bargain.

FOR $3,500 we have the best and prettiest new 8-room 2-story house that can be found in the city. On one of the very best residence streets in the city, and will rent for $35 per month and pay 12 per cent interest. Splendid neighborhood and unsurpassed car facilities. It will make two splendid lots.

$1,500 FOR a large and finely shaded lot this side of Decatur, on Georgia railroad and electric line. Size 208 by 346. It will make two splendid lots.

$2,400 FOR the cheapest lot in West End. Unusually large and splendidly located. It will make two lots, and is a rare bargain.

$3,200 FOR one of the prettiest 6-room cottages in West End on a lot 73 by 240 in fine neighborhood.

$4,250 FOR beautiful house of seven rooms, with all modern improvements and built for a home. Fine east front, corner lot, 51 by 150, on one of the best residence streets in the city.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

J. W. GOLDSMITH & SON,
315 Century Bldg. 'Phone 3211.
THESE three brand new modern 8-room houses, just finished, on fashionable streets, with all improvements, electric and gas lights, hot and cold water, porcelain baths and closets, hard wood cabinet mantels, etc.:
Washington st., 8 rooms.. .. ..$4,500
Courtland ave., 8 rooms 4,250
Courtland ave., 8 rooms.. 4,000

PEACHTREE LOT.
PEACHTREE LOT.
CHEAPEST good lot on street, 100x350; (Collier land.) Will sell 75 feet if wanted. Fred W. Cole, 1014 Empire Building.

$500 for beautiful lot this side of and very near Grant park. Fine size, nice neighborhood and finely shaded. Write soon if you want a bargain, for I am going to sell it. Address Owner Grant Park Lot, care Constitution.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—New York State—Snap! Two magnificent Brooklyn-New York lots, $425 each, value $700; near best boulevard; high ground, cement sidewalks, graded streets, improvements, near "L" station and seven lines of trolleys. Title insured free. Terms, $10 cash, $6 monthly. William Platt, 277 Broadway, New York.

$4,500—NO. 526 Washington st., a new two-story dwelling with all modern conveniences; hot and cold water, porcelain bath, marble wash basins up and down stairs, cabinet mantels, tile walk, decorated walls, patent plaster, large servants' quarters, good lot 50 by 160 to alley; house never been occupied; part cash and balance suit purchaser at 7 per cent. A chance to get an up-to-date home on one the best residence streets in Atlanta on easy terms. Address F. A. Pittman, City Hall.

FOR SALE—Splendid suburban property of 6 acres in Battle Hill. Address H. B. Campbell, New Kensington, Pa.

MARIETTA property and Cobb county farms for sale: We have property on trolley line and fifty farms within 12 to 20 miles of Atlanta. Write for list or call on E. P. Green Realty Co., Marietta, Ga.

FOR SALE BY
C. H. GIRARDEAU & COMPANY.
5 South Broad Street.

$30 PER FRONT FOOT.
We offer the southeast corner of Washington and Ormond streets for $30 per front foot, fronting Washington st. and extending 150 feet on Ormond. Will sell 45 to 55 feet frontage at option of purchaser. The elevation commands attention. The neighborhood environments are attractive. An opportunity to get the best at a bargain. C. H. Girardeau & Co., 5 South Broad street. Bell 'phone 2438, main.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 32 North Forsyth street. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

RAZORS CONCAVED AND HONED.

ALSO shears and cutlery sharpened and repaired. Mail orders promptly attended. Charles Vittur, 11 Marietta street.

PLUMBING.

BELLINGRATH PLUMBING CO., 25 South Pryor. Bell 'phone 1192, Atlanta 784. All new work guaranteed one year.

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED
DR. EDWARDSON'S ECZEMA CURE



FOR RENT

4-STORY BRICK BUILDING,
104 Edgewood Ave., cor. Ivy St.

ADAPTED FOR
Manufactory, Laundry, College, Sanitarium, School, Supply Co., Printing and Publishing Co.

Apply 210 English-American Building.

NATIONAL COLORED BAPTIST CONVENTION.

AUSTIN, TEX.

SEPTEMBER 14th-19th, 1904.

Round $29.70 Trip

The Southern Railway has been selected the Official Route from Georgia to Austin, Tex., account above meeting, and delegates will leave Atlanta on Southern Railway train at 4:15 p. m., Monday, September 12th, going via Birmingham, Vicksburg and Shreveport, arriving Austin 5:00 a. m., Wednesday, September 14th. Tickets will be sold September 11th and 12th, good until September 30th in which to return.

For rates from other points, call on any Agent Southern Railway, or address J. C. BEAM, JR., District Passenger Agent, Southern Railway, Atlanta, Ga.

CONTRACTING.

IF it's carpenter work you want, see me. Cabinet work especially. J. E. Hall, 93 N. Pryor. Bell 'phone 3476.

SHOE REPAIRING.

NOTICE—Gwinn's shoe shops, opposite Piedmont hotel, on Luckie street, 59 1-2 E. Alabama street and 166 Whitehall. Best leather and finest work at cut prices.

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13, DAILY. "ST. LOUIS and CINCINNATI, Limited." A solid vestibuled train, Atlanta to Cincinnati without change. Sleeping car service to St. Louis, composed of vestibuled day coaches and Pullman drawing room sleeping cars; arrives Rome 7:30 a. m., Chattanooga 9:45 a. m., Cincinnati 7:30 p. m., Louisville, 8:15 p. m., St. Louis 7:32 a. m. Cafe car service all meals between Atlanta, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

5:40 A. M.—NO. 30 DAILY to Griffin and Columbus; arrives Griffin 7:11 a. m.; Columbus 9:50 a. m.

5:55 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY.—Local to Macon, and Brunswick. Makes all stops, arriving Macon 8:55 a. m., Brunswick 4:00 p. m.

6:10 A. M.—NO. 35 DAILY. Pullman to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrives Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7:50 A. M.—NO. 12 DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7:55 A. M.—NO. 7 DAILY. Chattanooga.

12:00 NOON—NO. 38 DAILY. Washington and Southwestern limited. Sleeping, library, observation and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Ar. Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12:15 NOON—NO. 8 DAILY. Local to Macon, arrives McDonough 12:56 p. m., Jackson 1:20 p. m., Macon 2:20 p. m. Parlor car Atlanta to Macon.

12:15 NOON—NO. 40 DAILY. New York Express. Day coaches between Atlanta and Washington. Sleepers between Atlanta, Charlotte, Richmond and Washington. Arrives Richmond 7 a. m., Washington 10:00 a. m., New York 3:15 p. m.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 10 DAILY. Macon and Hawkinsville.

4:15 P. M.—NO. 37 DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis; arrives Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4:30 P. M.—NO. 28 DAILY. Local to Fayetteville and Fort Valley.

4:40 P. M.—NO. 22 DAILY. Griffin and Columbus. Pullman palace sleeping car and day coaches.

4:20 P. M.—NO. 18 DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Belle." To Toccoa.

5:00 P. M.—NO. 15 DAILY. "WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL." Through drawing-room sleeping cars to St. Louis and Cincinnati. Arrives Rome 7:30 p. m., Dalton 8:36 p. m., Chattanooga 10:15 p. m., Memphis 8:30 a. m., Louisville 8:50 a. m., St. Louis 5:00 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville.

5:15 P. M.—NO. 25 DAILY. Makes all stops. Local to Anniston; arrives Anniston 10:20 p. m.

11:25 P. M.—NO. 97 NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open 10 p. m. Arrives Birmingham 5:20 a. m.

11:50 P. M.—NO. 14 DAILY. Florida limited. Through sleepers to Jacksonville and Brunswick and St. Augustine; open 10:30 p. m. Arrives Jacksonville 9:40 a. m.

12:00 NIGHT—NO. 36 DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car to New York, Richmond. Coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9:30 p. m.; New York 6:23 a. m. Sleeping car Atlanta to Asheville.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Showing the arrival and departure of passenger trains of the following roads, union depot, Atlanta, Ga.:

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive Daily From—	Depart Daily To—
Savannah . . . 7 35 am	Macon . . . . 1 30 am
Macon . . . . 11 20 am	Savannah . . . . 7 50 am
Savannah . . . 4 15 pm	Macon . . . . 4 00 pm
Macon . . . . 7 40 pm	Savannah . . . . 9 00 pm
Suburban Trains:	**Suburban Trains:**
Daily, except Sunday.	Daily, except Sunday.
Jonesboro . . . 6 45 am	Forest Park . 6 55 am
Forest Park . . 8 25 am	Jonesboro. . .12 30 pm
Jonesboro: . . 2 15 pm	Jonesboro . . 3 30 pm
Jonesboro. . . 5 45 pm	Jonesboro . . 6 10 pm
Sunday Only:	**Sunday Only:**
Jonesboro. . . 8 55 am	Hapeville . . . 9 00 am
Hapeville . . .10 45 am	Jonesboro. . .12 30 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Nashville. . . . 7 30 am	Nashville.. . . 2 25 am
Marietta. . . . 8 35 am	Marietta. . . .12 10 pm
Nashville. . . .11 45 am	Nashville. . . . 4 30 pm
Marietta. . . . 2 40 pm	Marietta. . . . 5 30 pm
Nashville. . . . 7 30 pm	Nashville. . . . 8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From	Depart To—
LaGrange. . . . 8 15 am	*Montgomery . . 8 30 am
*Selma . . . .11 40 am	*Montgomery .12 55 pm
*Selma . . . . 2 30 pm	*Selma . . . . 4 20 pm
*Selma . . . .11 40 pm	LaGrange . . . 5 30 pm
*Montgomery . 7 45 pm	*Montgomery . 11 15 pm
Suburban Trains:	**Suburban Trains:**
Red Oak . . . 8 00 am	Red Oak . . . 6 00 am
College Park .10 00 am	College Park . 8 00 am
Red Oak . . . 2 05 pm	Red Oak . . .12 10 pm
College Park . 5 00 pm	College Park. . 4 45 pm
Red Oak . . . 7 00 pm	Red Oak . . . 6 05 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Norfolk . . . . 7 30 am	Norfolk . . . . 3 00 pm
New York . . . 3 55 pm	Clinton, S. C. . 7 40 am
Clinton, S. C. 3 20 pm	New York . . .12 00 n'n

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
*Augusta. . . . 5 00 am	*Augusta . . . 7 55 am
Conyers . . . . 6 45 am	Lithonia . . . .10 05 am
Covington. . . . 7 45 am	*Augusta . . . 3 35 pm
*Augusta . . .12 30 pm	Conyers . . . . 5 00 pm
Lithonia. . . . 3 25 pm	Covington . . . 6 10 pm
*Augusta . . . 8 15 pm	*Augusta . . .11 45 pm

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN RAILROAD.

Arrive From— (Via W. & A. R. R.)	Depart To— (Via W. & A. R. R.)
Knoxville . . . 7 30 am	Knoxville . . . 3 25 pm
Knoxville . . . 7 30 pm	Murphy . . . . 3 25 am
Murphy . . . . 7 30 pm	Knoxville . . . 3 30 pm

Cotton Seed Oil And Gin Machinery.

Not In Any Combination or Trust.

Complete plants from 15 to 200 tons capacity. Special small oil plants for ginneries. Complete Cotton ginning systems.

E. Van Winkle Gin and Machine Wks, ATLANTA, GA.

— USE —

SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.'S



MONEY ORDERS

for all your Small Remittances, by mail or otherwise.

Sold on all points in the United States, Canada, and on Havana, Cuba.

CHEAP AND CONVENIENT.
NO APPLICATION REQUIRED.

A receipt is given and money will be refunded if order is lost.

Sold at all agencies of the Southern Express Company at all reasonable hours.

RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

	cents		cents
Not Over $ 2.50	2	Not Over $102.50	33
" 5.00	5	" 105.00	35
" 10.00	8	" 110.00	35
" 20.00	10	" 120.00	40
" 30.00	12	" 130.00	43
" 40.00	15	" 140.00	45
" 50.00	18	" 150.00	48
" 60.00	20	" 160.00	50
" 75.00	25	" 175.00	55
" 100.00	30	" 200.00	60

SHIP YOUR GOODS
BY THE
SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY
which operates on 30,000 miles of first-class routes, with connections with other companies, to all points accessible by express

Executor's Sale

Of the Estate of Dr. S. T. Biggers,

Tuesday, September 6, at 10 o'clock, before the court house,

Consisting of his late home, No. 79 Luckie street, 10 room house and large basement, ample barn and stable room, garden spot, etc. Also a one-half interest in a 40-acre gold mine lot, No. 263, in north half of 13 district, first section in Lumpkin county, Ga. Also a handsome lot in Austell, Ga., about 50 by 200 feet, on Spruce street, as per plat of S. W. Goode, July 27, 1887.

This property will be sold to the best bidder to wind up the estate. The Luckie street home is central and just west of the post office and Piedmont hotel. It will pay you to watch sale. Terms cash. H. L. WILSON, Auctioneer.

One fare plus twenty five cents for the round trip by the Seaboard Air Line to Richmond, Va. Tickets on sale September 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th, with final limit to September 15th, 1904. Through sleeping cars and day coaches without change.

don't make a pig of yourself

be moderate and temperate

but

when you need whiskey

buy

"old joe"

it's pure and safe.

"h. & h."

A. F. LIEBMAN,
Real Estate and Renting Agent.
No. 28 Peachtree St.

$2,000 buys 7-room house, water, gas, bath, etc., good lot on Rawson street: rents for $240 per year.

$2,750 buys three houses and 3 acres of land on the Chert Road, between the barracks and East Point.

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28 PEACHTREE ST.

OPIUM COCAINE and WHISKY Habits Cured at your home or at sanitorium. Best of references. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

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On Sept. 1 we will occupy
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PEACHTREE LOTS AT AUCTION
SEPTEMBER 14th, 1904.
Balance Peachtree Frontage L. L. No. 105.

These are the only available lots left for sale on the street. They vary from 70 to 150 feet front and are therefore within the reach of any one desiring a PEACHTREE LOT.

A few will be offered at private sale—balance at auction on above named date. Terms—one-quarter cash, balance one, two and three years, six per cent interest. For plats and information apply to
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FOR MEN OR WOMEN
A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE
FOR GONORRHEA, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES INFLAMMATION OF THE MUCOUS MEMBRANE. CURES COMPLETE IN THREE DAYS. GUARANTEED NOT TO STRICTURE. DOES NOT STAIN. PREVENTS DISEASE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS OR SENT IN PLAIN SEALED PACKAGE, PREPAID ON RECEIPT OF 50c. Descriptive Circular on Request.
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Carolina Portland Cement Co.
Hard brick and all colors fancy repressed brick in car loads and less. Laths, Terra Cotta pipes.
Acme Cement Hard Wall Plaster is Government standard. Acme Cement Wood Fibre Plaster guaranteed the best wood fibre.

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CURES MEN & WOMEN
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless—Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
Sold by Druggists, or in plain wrapper, express prepaid, on receipt of $1.00, or three bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

STOCKS GOVERNED BY CROP SITUATION

Conditions Were Favorable for Maturing Corn Crops.

NOW SECURE FROM INJURY.

Trading Was Characterized by Some Indecision and Contrary Movements, Reading, for Several Days Market Leader, Being Subject to Pressure.

New York, September 1.—While the tone of today's stock market was firm in the main with distinct improvement in a number of issues the operations were again largely for professional account and in moderate volume. Trading was characterized by some indecision and contrary movements, Reading for several days a market leader, being subject to pressure. The governing factor was the crop situation, concerning which a great deal of news, mostly unofficial and of doubtful value, came to hand. Dispatches from the west indicated favorable conditions for maturing corn, and it is believed that much of that commodity is now secure from severe injury. General crop advices from the Canadian northwest were of the same tenor. Yet reports of frost were effective in advancing both wheat and corn here. Unauthorized statements that the prevailing prices for steel beams and plates would be maintained, coupled with other trade reports of a favorable character, helped to give renewed strength to the steel stocks. United States Steel preferred registered another substantial advance, although the stock was sold here by London. The center also took profits in some of the other internationals. Opening with an irregular tendency the local market made recovery under the lead of St. Paul. The smart advance in this stock was aided by a report of the company, its agents telling of the rapid progress that is being made in the crops. Other early features of strength were Union Pacific, Northern Pacific, Southern railway, St. Louis, Southwestern preferred and the Rock Island issues. Sugar gained a point on what was regarded as inside buying. There was a renewal of the previous day's operations in Consolidated Tobacco bonds, but the buying was again strongly suggestive of manipulation. The stocks of the affiliated companies were comparatively neglected. Metropolitan Securities and Metropolitan Street Railway were conspicuously weakened, but Brooklyn Transit held steady at an advance. Orders for the minor issues of the Pennsylvania group came from Philadelphia houses. Amalgamated Copper held firm during the early session in spite of profit taking. The feature of the afternoon was the strength of Steel preferred, which touched 63, the highest level for the present movement. St. Paul declined 3 points under the July report, showing a heavy decrease in net earnings, and the balance of the active list manifested a reactionary tendency. In the late trading there was further buying of Steel preferred, Rock Island common and Erie. Steel preferred closed a fraction below the top price of the day, but the balance of the active list made more material concessions. Developments in the money market were unimportant. A number of railroad reports were issued, except that the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis road for the year ended June 30 last, showing a loss in net earning of over $381,000. St. Louis Southern reported a net increase for July of $140,000 and for the same month the Louisville and Nashville reported an increase of $211,500.

In the government bonds old 4s registered declined 1-4 per cent and the coupons 3-8 per cent on call.

Railroad bonds were strong. Total sales, par value, $8,645,000, a marked increase over recent dealings.

Money on call easy at 7-8@1 per cent, closing bid and offered at 7-8; time loans steady; 60 days 2 per cent; 90 days 2 1-2, six months 3 1-2; prime mercantile paper 3 3-4@4 1-4.

Sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.35@4.87.40 for demand and at $4.84.65@4.84.70 for 60 days; posted rates $4.85 1-2 and $.88 1-2; commercial bills $4.84 1-4.

Bar silver 57 7-8c.

Mexican dollars 45 1-4c.

Government bonds easy.

Railroad bonds strong.

New York Cotton Letter.

COTTON—Private cables generally bullish. Old bumper estimates of the crop are being rapidly abandoned. Spinners are plainly nervous, as many of them have sold goods for months ahead without hedging by purchases of cotton or futures, in the belief, for which the British spinner is noted, that the new American cotton crop must be a monster one and must sell at proportionately low prices. It is believed that the mills will be forced into the market soon and that the next bullish impulse will proceed from their aggressive buying. Sales today in Liverpool 8,000 bales were therefore considered significant, while the advance in futures in place of the decline expressed further evidence of the nervousness among foreign shorts. The bureau report, due tomorrow, is of course the main topic of discussion. There are extreme predictions running as low as 76 and high as 85, but the majority of opinion hangs around 80 to 82. They will compare with 91.6 last month, 81.2 last year, 64 the year before, 79.8 and 78.3 respectively in 1898 and 1897, two seasons of greatest yield per acre. The September average for the past ten years is 73.2. From these figures it is evident that no matter what the condition tomorrow may be, it can on its face be used as an argument for a very large crop. It is probable, however, that the trade will ignore the report almost completely. Owing to the fact that three holidays immediately follow the appearance of the report, operators have evened up their interest in the market more closely than we have seen it for a very long time, and when we reopen on Tuesday next the bureau and its possibilities will have been largely forgotten. We shall then fall back again on the question of supply and demand, and unless the offerings are more free than they have been of late, the situation will continue a bullish one.

WHEAT was again nervous and responsive to small orders either way. Northwestern advices were more bullish than ordinarily, but outside interest was lacking to make them effective. In addition to poor threshing returns present weather conditions are causing damage to wheat in shock. Millers are persistent buyers of cash.

CORN—The strength in corn originated in the uneasiness quite generally felt over the crop outlook and the cold, unsettled weather indicated for tomorrow. Foreign advices report further buying of Argentine corn by Austria-Hungary and the reduction of the Roumanian duty on fodder stuffs. Cash demand is good, making a ready market for large arrivals.

OATS—The market was firm; on a moderate trade there was early buying of December which proved something of a feature. Receipts are fairly liberal and country movement at present very light, prices evidently not being an inducement to the producer. A small lot was sold for prompt shipment yesterday from New York to Antwerp and this we think is the forerunner of a better export trade later on. Cash market was ½@½c higher.

PROVISIONS—The market reacted after the liquidation and the decline of yesterday, but there was nothing particularly significant in either the volume of trade or the news. Local receipts were 21,000 and the market weak at previous prices.

Foreign Finances.

London, September 1.—Consols for money, ex-interest, 88 13-16; account, ex-interest, 88⅝. Atchison 82⅝; do preferred 100¾; Illinois Central 140¾; Louisville and Nashville 123¾.

Bar silver steady at 26 5-16d.

Money 2@2½.

Short bills 2⅛@2 13-16; three months 2 13-16@2¾.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve decrease £141,000; circulation increase 375,000; bullion increase 234,232; other securities increase 2,195,000; other deposits increase 2,380,000; public deposits decrease 524,000; notes reserve decrease 88,000; government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week was 53.20 per cent, against 55.58 last week.

The rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

Bullion amounting to £92,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance today.

Paris, September 1.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation increase 125,150,000 francs; treasury accounts current decrease 11,175,000; gold in hand decrease 11,775,000; bills discounted increase 65,755,000; silver in hand decrease 2,375,000.

Berlin, September 1.—Exchange on London 20 marks, 45¾ pfennigs for checks.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, September 1, 1904.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Temp'ture. Max.	Min.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Atlanta, pt. cloudy.	87	70	.00
Chattanooga, clear.	87	67	.00
Columbus, clear.	91	67	.00
Gainesville, clear.	88	68	.00
Greenville, clear.	84	66	.00
Griffin, clear.	91	65	.00
Macon, pt. cloudy.	89	67	.00
Monticello, clear.	91	66	.00
Newnan, clear.	90	63	.90
Rome, pt. cloudy.	91	66	1.12
Spartanburg, clear.	90	67	.00
Tallapoosa, clear.	90	62	.00
Toccoa, clear.	89	67	.00
West Point, clear.	93	62	.00

CENTRAL STATION.	Number of stations reporting.	District Averages. Temp'ture. Max.	Min.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths.
Atlanta.	14	89	66	.08
Augusta.	11	90	68	.04
Charleston.	5	88	68	.00
Galveston.	33	96	72	.02
Little Rock.	14	94	66	.00
Memphis.	16	92	68	T
Mobile.	10	92	66	.12
Montgomery	10	90	66	T
New Orleans.	13	90	70	.14
Oklahoma.	9	96	68	.00
Savannah.	12	90	68	.00
Vicksburg.	12	90	70	.06
Wilmington.	10	86	66	.02

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Light, scattered showers fell over the belt except in Charleston, Little Rock, Oklahoma and Savannah districts during the last twenty-four hours. The amounts were inappreciable in Memphis and Montgomery sections. Slight changes in temperature have occurred, the readings remaining high over the western portion of the belt.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecaster.

Southern Exchange.

COTTON—Better cables than expected, aggressive covering by those who sold late yesterday, and bull support by the leading spot cotton houses contributed to the bullish enthusiasm and forced a higher opening in the cotton market this morning. Shorts were heavy buyers, and a large Philadelphia cotton house took large blocks of December and January, presumably for the long account. On the bulge, the market suffered a slight reaction on profit taking, but shorts were indisposed to sell the market, even on the strong opening, on the theory that the government report tomorrow would be unfavorable. The report of The Journal of Commerce, stating that the decline in the condition of the crop during August was 7 points to 77.4 with the most serious decline in Texas of 14 points to 68, was an additional bull card. The approaching holiday was instrumental in forcing shorts to cover, as owing to the unsettled weather, there is no telling what might happen to the crop during the interruption of trading. We advise the covering of short contracts at once and a long position on the market taken. We would not be surprised to see cotton sell at 12c by next Tuesday.

WHEAT—After a weak opening wheat strengthened on support by the northwestern bulls and covering by shorts. The higher Liverpool cables and the wet weather northwest helped the bulls and prevented aggressive short selling, but the absence of any speculative demand checked any large operations. There was little feature to the market and the trading was more of an evening up process than any definite trend either way. The estimate of The Price Current of a crop amounting to 575,000,000 fell flat as far as influencing sentiment was concerned. It is generally believed by the most eminent crop experts that the size of the wheat yield will not exceed 535,000,000 bushels, and therefore any estimates over that amount bear little weight.

CORN—Corn was easier at first, but later strengthened on the report of wet weather throughout the corn belt. Armour bought May and shorts and scattered elevator interests took September and December. Trading was fairly active and the xeport demand nominal.

OATS were dull but firm with corn.

The Howell Jones Co.

COTTON—Cotton futures in the local market opened active today and quite firm in tone with first prices at an advance of 15 to 21 points. This was not even a very good response to the English cables, which came much better than generally expected. The foreign advices were quite sensational and resulted from bullish news cabled from this side. Shorts on the other side were disposed to cover freely, and the anxiety of the bears was reported to be due to the decreasing crop estimates. On the better levels there was considerable cotton for sale, and bear interests pressed considerable cotton for sale on the theory that the government export, due tomorrow, would be less bullish than generally expected. However, the bull element continued to give support despite the bearish crop arguments and the increasing movement, the indications pointing to a further substantial gain in the receipts at leading points. The Journal of Commerce continued bullish on the crop outlook, and hence on the dips there was some buying for shorts, the latter reducing their commitments as a precaution. The total crop for last year, according to Superintendent King, of the New York cotton exchange, amounted to 10,002,026 bales, but these figures had little effect on sentiment, which during the latter part of the day was rather mixed. Receipts at the ports today were figured at 9,000 bales, against 5,939 last week and 1,178 last year. For the week estimated at 80,000 bales, 5,000 more than heretofore, against 32,539 last week and 5,513 last year.

WHEAT—Conditions affecting the wheat market were mixed today. There were larger deliveries on September contracts than looked for, and the weather conditions were favorable in the northwest, although farther showers were indicated. The cables were relatively firm, and the foreign advices generally were better than looked for. Commission houses were buyers on a moderate scale, and business from this source worked to encourage holders. The crop news continued highly conflicting, and the estimates regarding the probable yield were still very wide. The Price Current summary continued to figure on a crop of 575,000,000 bushels, and this placed a damper on bearish arguments in connection with the bullish crop reports of Snow and Jones. The cash trade was fair, and the country offerings were moderate. Exporters had few orders of consequence, and the clearances were light. The primary market movement was limited. The late market was nervous and rather irregular and the speculation on the whole was less active.

CORN—The corn market was slow, but there was much nervousness. Professionals scalped the market. The weather conditions were satisfactory, and the crop news was favorable in the main, although there was still a lot of talk of frost among the leading interests associated with manipulative interests. Country offerings were fair, and the cash trade was slow. There was a moderate demand from export interests, but the clearances were small. Other statistical changes were without special influence.

OATS—There was a firm feeling in the oats market early today, but on the better levels there was quite little selling on the more extensive country offerings. The trade was light and largely professional. There was a small line of clearances.

PROVISIONS felt the effects of a fair demand from pit traders, but the trade on the whole continued only of moderate proportions. Packers were still inclined to be idle.

L. J. Anderson & Co.

COTTON—Liverpool surprised the trade today by coming considerably higher than expected on futures. Spot was 2 points lower at 6.70, with the demand considerably above the average for quite a while, sales aggregating 8,000 bales. The New York market did not fully respond to the betterment in Liverpool, though the initial figures were 15 to 21 points above the final quotations of Wednesday. Opening prices, however, were at the high point, the late trade being influenced by good weather, heavy receipts and liberal realizing. A disposition was shown to await the government report, which will be issued at 1:15 o'clock tomorrow. It is expected to be bullish, though the approaching holidays deterred the trade from making new commitments on either side of the market, hence the tendency was downward in the afternoon, the close being 3 to 8 points lower. Receipts today showed a slight falling off, amounting to 8,675 bales, against 1,178 last year. Exports were heavy at 23,352 bales.

WHEAT—The early market was affected by large deiveries on September and favorable weather conditions. Profit taking was on a liberal scale and the tone at the start was easy. December opened ¼ to ⅜c lower to ¼ to ⅜c higher at $1.08 to $1.08⅝, advancing quickly to $1.08¾ on free buying by commission houses, but realizing sales forced the price back to $1.08. In the afternoon reports of additional rains in the Red river region caused an active demand and resulted in a sharp advance to $1.09⅝ for December, the close being strong ⅜c higher at $1.09 to $1.09¼. Primary receipts 676,000 bushels, against 619,900 last year. Clearances 58,400 bushels wheat and flour.

CORN—The market ruled strong today. Trading, however, was light. Cables were higher, Roumania was reported to have taken off the import duty and deliveries on September were light. September and December were in fair demand, while May was freely sold. December left off ⅜c higher at 52½c.

OATS—Strength in wheat and corn, together with some improvement in the export demand and small receipts were responsible for firmness in oats. December at the close showing an advance of ⅜c at 33⅝c.

PROVISIONS—Offerings of product were light, and on a fair demand the tone was firm. October closed 5 to 17½c higher.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.

COTTON—The advance in Liverpool today is attributed to the buying by Alexandria operators. It came upon our market unexpectedly, for a decline had been looked for to meet the course here yesterday. Business has been very moderate and almost wholly local. Bidding by bull brokers has not reflected any general demand, and the trade is waiting the bureau report tomorrow unwilling also to have any interest of size over the coming holidays. Estimates of the official figures are in the neighborhood of 80, rather below than above. The exchange figures of the crop of 1903-04, made up to date, are 10,002,026.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, September 1.—Coffee futures opened steady 5 points lower under moderate liquidation in the absence of important demand. European markets were well sustained, but the primary markets were easier, and with receipts liberal prices here gradually worked off and the close was steady 5@10 points lower; sales 45,250 bags; September 6.70@6.75; December 6.95@7.00; January 7.10; March 7.20@7.25; May 7.40@7.45; July 7.60@765. Coffee, spot Rio and mild, steady.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining 3 3-4; centrifugal 96-test 4 5-16; molasses sugar 3 1-2. Refined strong; No. 6 4.85; No. 7 4.80; No. 8 4.75; No. 9 4.70; No. 10 4.65; No. 11 4.60; No. 12 4.55; No. 13 4.50; No. 14 4.45; confectioners A 5.10; mold A 5.60; cut loaf and crushed 5.95; powdered 5.35; granulated 5.25; cubes 5.50.

New Orleans, September 1.—Sugar strong; open kettle 2 3-4@3 3-16; open kettle centrifugal 3@3 5-8; centrifugal white 4 3-4; yellow 3 3-4@4 5-8; seconds 2 5-8@3 5-8. Molasses nominal; open kettle 20@25; centrifugal 10@15. Sirup nominal at 20@25.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, September 1—Cattle—Receipts 7,500. Market steady; good to prime steers $5.40@6.10 to medium $3.50@5; stockers and feeders $2@3.75; cows and heifers $1.35@4.50; canners $1.85@2.25; bulls $2@4; calves $3.50@6.25; Texas fed steers $2.50@3.50; western steers $2.50@4.

Hogs—Receipts 20,000. Mixed and butchers $5.10@5.50; good to choice and heavy $5.25@5.50; rough heavy $4.50@5; light $5.20@5.65; bulk $5.25@5.45.

Sheep—Receipts 10,000. Market steady; good to choice wethers $3.50@4; fair to choice mixed $3@3.40; native lambs $4@5.75.

Kansas City, September 1.—Cattle—Receipts 4,600, including 1,000 southerns. Market steady to strong; choice dressed beef steers $5@5.90; fair to good $3.75@5; western fed steers $3.75@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.25@4; southern steers $2.50@4; southern cows $1.50@3; native cows $1.50@4.25; native heifers $2.50@4.75; bulls $2@3.25; calves $2.50@5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 9,500. Market steady to 5c lower; top $5.30; bulk $5.15@5.25; heavy $5.10@5.20; packers $5.15@5.30; pigs and lights $5@5.30.

Sheep—Receipts 2,000. Market steady; native lambs $4.50@5.80; native wethers $3.50@4; native ewes $3@5.85; western lambs $4.50@6.25; western yearlings $3.50@4.10; western sheep $3.25@3.70; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.90.

St. Louis, September 1.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500, including 1,600 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $4.50@5.75; dressed beef and butcher steers $4@5.50; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.50@5.30; stockers and feeders $2@4; cows and heifers $2.25@5; canners $1.25@2.25; bulls $2.50@3; calves $3.25@7; Texas and Indian steers $2.25@3.50; cows and heifers $2@2.75.

Hogs—Receipts 5,000. Market lower; pigs and lights $5@5.50; packers $5.25@5.55; butchers and best heavy $5.30@5.60.

Sheep—Receipts 1,500. Market steady; native muttons $3.50@4.50; lambs $4@5.25; culls and bucks $2@3.50; stockers $2.75@3.20; Texans $3@4.

Groceries.

Atlanta, September 1.—Coffee, per 100 pounds Arbuckle's 13.30; Lion 12.30; Blue Ribbon 13.00; ground coffee, choice $10; fair 8c; prime 6c. Sugar, standard granulated 5½. Sirup New Orleans open kettle $3@4.65; mixed choice 20@28. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream 10½; common 55@60c. Cheese, fancy full cream, twins, 11¼c; Soda, Arm and Hammer, $1.75. Crackers, soda 6c; cream 7c; ginger snaps 6½. Pie peaches, $1.75; table peaches, $2.70@3.00. Oysters, F. W., $2.00; L. W., $1.20. Fancy head rice 6c; head rice 5c. White fish 60-lb. keg, $2.90; white fish, 100-lb. keg, $4.40; mullet fish, 60-lb. keg, $4.50; macaroni 7c lb. Pork sausage 8½c lb. Sardines, oil, case, $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.50. Salmon, case, $3.50@6.50. Pepper sauce, dozen, 60. Catsup, pints, dozen, 85c. Mustard, dozen, 90c. Pickles, 15-gallon, 600s $5.50.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, September 1.—Turpentine steady at 53 3-4; receipts 748; sales 563; exports 510. Rosin firm; receipts 4,687; sales 2,034; exports 3,836. Quote: A B C $2.47 1-2; D $2.52 1-2; E $2.57 1-2; F $2.62 1-2; G $2.70; H $2.80; I $3.35; K $3.70; M $4.05; N $4.30; window glass $4.60; water white $4.90.

Charleston, September 1.—Turpentine firm at 52 3-4; sales none. Rosin firm; sales none. Quote: A B C $2.37 1-2; D $2.42 1-2; E $2.47 1-2; F $2.52 1-2; G $2.60; H $2.65; I $3.10; K $3.45; M $4; N $4.05; window glass $4.40; water white $4.65.

Wilmington, September 1.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 52 1-2; receipts 60. Rosin firm at $2.40; receipts 88. Tar firm at $1.60; receipts 29. Crude turpentine firm at $2.25@3.75 and $4; receipts 141.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, September 1.—Eggs, 19c; Country smoked bacon 8½@9c; hams, 11½@12½c. Butter, Georgia fresh tubs, 14@15c; Tennessee tubs, 14@15c; Jersey 18@20c; cooking butter 10@12½c; very dull. Live poultry, hens 30@32½; broilers 12½@15c. Large fries 20@25c. Ducks, puddle, 22½@25c; Pekin, 30@35c. Dressed poultry hens, drawn 13@14c per pound; fries 16@17c per pound; cocks 8@10c per pound; turkeys 16@17c per pound. Onions 90@$1 bushel. Cabbages 1@1½c. Sweet potatoes, new crop, 75@$1 per bushel; peas, lady, $1.75@2; stock $1.25@1.30. Dried fruit, Georgia apples, 4c pound; do peaches 5@6c.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Atlanta, September 1.—Peppers, 75@$1; tomatoes 75c@$1@$1.25; egg plants $1@1.25 crate; lettuce $1@1.25 crate; celery $@3.50 per crate, very active. Irish potatoes, barrels $2@2.25; $2@2.50; beans 40@50c crate; pineapples $2.50@2.75; squash 75c@$1. Georgia peaches, 6-basket crates, clings $1@1.25; 8basket crates, free, $1.50@1.75. Okra, $1@1.25; plums, 6-basket botan $1@1.25. Cantaloupes, slow sale at $1@$1.50. California fruit. Pears $3 per crate; plums $2 per crate; Tokay grapes $2 per crate; other varieties $2 per crate; peaches $1.40 per crate.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, September 1.—Wheat, spot nominal; futures quiet; September 7s 3 3-4d; December 7s 5 3-4d.

Corn, spot firm; American mixed 5s 2d; futures steady; September 4s 7 3-4d; December 5s.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, September 1.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, show: Available cash balances $147,975,363; gold $49,512,294.

Relieves White Swelling.

A physician advised me to take Smith's Blood & Liver Syrup for White Swelling and enlarged glands. I followed the directions carefully, and within the prescribed time recovered perfect health. It accomplishes wonderful results.
MRS. E. L. WEBB,
Montgomery, Ala.

Free Sample. Address
SMITH BLOOD SYRUP COMPANY
32 and 34 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Six Houses On Magnolia Place.

We recently had consigned for sale a bunch of houses on Magnolia street, Foundry street and Magnolia place, near Elliott street, fourteen houses in all. We have made sales of this property as follows:

No. 117 and 119 Magnolia street to Mrs. C. B. Brown.
No. 121 and 123 Magnolia street to G. H. Bowly.
No. 86 and 88 Foundry street to G. M. McCune.
No. 90 and 92 Foundry street to S. F. Bryan.
No. 6 and 8 Magnolia place to C. L. Walker.
No. 17 and 19 Magnolia place to C. L. Fischer.
No. 21 and 23 Magnolia place to C. S. Hamilton.
No. 22 and 24 Magnolia place to C. S. Hamilton.
We have for sale the following places:
No. 5 and 7 Magnolia place, rents $10. Price, $950.
No. 9 and 11 Magnolia place, rents $8. Price, $750.
No. 10 and 12 Magnolia place, rents $8. Price, $750.
No. 13 and 15 Magnolia place, rents $8. Price, $750.
No. 14 and 16 Magnolia place, rents $8. Price, $750.
No. 18 and 20 Magnolia place, rents $8. Price, $750.

These are new houses renting to negro tenants; they are all supplied with city water and sanitary sewer connections. The property is in 3-4 mile of center, about 5 blocks from postoffice, and in a star renting locality.

We sell these places on the Adair 100-payment plan.
Forrest & George Adair.

The "New Thought"

A great deal is said nowadays about the "mental attitude"--to succeed you must "think success." And it's all true, save the name "New"; but--you must be in harmony with the natural law that governs in each case. In business-getting you must advertise--that's clear--and there you must bear in mind that the best printing is the best advertising.

FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

$19.95 ROUND TRIP
TO
Baltimore, Maryland
VIA
SEABOARD
AIR LINE RAILWAY

TICKETS ON SALE: September 10, 11, 12, (Via All Rail) September 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 (Via Norfolk)
FINAL LIMIT RETURNING: September 19th
EXTENSION OF LIMIT: To Sept. 25th may be obtained by payment fee of $1 to Joint Agent, Baltimore
CHOICE OF ROUTES: Via All Rail through Richmond, Va., and Washington. Via Norfolk and Bay Line Steamers. Via Norfolk and Steamer to Washington, thence Rail.

For information regarding schedules, reservation of sleeper and steamer accomodations, etc., call or phone (100),
CITY TICKET OFFICE,
116 PEACHTREE ST.
Piedmont Hotel Annex.

Christi

ONLY THINK
$19.95
ROUND TRIP
Baltimore, Md.
VIA
SOUTHERN RY.
On sale SEPTEMBER 10th, 11th and 12th, good returning until SEPTEMBER 19th, with privilege of extension to SEPTEMBER 25th.
STOP-OVERS allowed at Washington, D. C., going and returning.
THREE TRAINS DAILY.
THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS.
DINING CARS ON ALL TRAINS.
For further information call on or address
J. C. BEAM, JR., District Pass. Agent, Southern Railway, Atlanta, Ga.



Special Notices.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MITCHELL.—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Williams and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Adams are requested to attend the funeral of Mr. C. K. Mitchell, at his residence, 62 Hood street, today (Friday) at 10 a. m. Interment at Hollywood.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Inman, Akers & Inman yesterday mailed the following formal notice of the admission of Mr. C. B. Howard as a member of the firm:

"ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 1, 1904.

"We take pleasure in informing you that Mr. C. B. Howard has this day been admitted to membership in our firm as a general partner.

"Mr. Howard has been identified with our present firm and its predecessors for twenty-two years, and for several years has had a contingent interest in the business. Yours very truly,

"INMAN, AKERS & INMAN."

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

WALL PAPER
The largest stock in Georgia. We employ only competent paper hangers, and guarantee all work done. See our line.
GEORGIA PAINT & GLASS CO.,
40 Peachtree. 'Phone 1048.

GRAND
Tuesday, Matinee and Night.
The Phenomenal Success,
DARKEST RUSSIA
With Miss Eva Mountford as the Jewish Girl "Ilda." Complete and elaborate production. Night, 25c to $1. Matinee, 25c to 75c.

BIJOU
WEEK OF SEPTEMBER 5th.
Special Matinee Monday,
Forrester & Mittenthal Present
AMERICA'S GREATEST PLAY,
A Midnight Marriage!
BY HAL REID.
A Magnificent Production! Handsomely Mounted! Cleverly Acted!
SAME BIJOU PRICES.

PONCE DE LEON
REAL VAUDEVILLE.
Tonight at 8:30—Matinee Tomorrow.
Dixon-Bowers-Dixon, Helene Pingree, LaGette, Wilson Brothers, Yale Duo, Biograph.
SAME BIJOU PRICES.
Seats on sale at Bijou Box Office.

PONCE DE LEON
PONCE DE LEON
Telephone No. 6 North.
MID-SUMMER SEASON
LAST 4 WEEKS
YOU WILL HAVE TO HURRY!
Have you rode the TOBOGGAN?
Have you shot the CHUTES?
Have you visited US? If not, why not.
FREE MUSIC FREE SEATS FREE ADMISSION
You're welcome.
Cars every minute. Transfers from all parts of the City.

Effective Tuesday, August 30th, and thereafter, every Tuesday and Thursday in September, the W. & A. Railroad and N. C. & St. L. Railway will operate through coaches to St. Louis on train leaving Atlanta 4:30 p. m.
C. B. WALKER,
Depot Ticket Agent.
J. A. THOMAS,
City Passenger & Ticket Agent.
C. E. HARMAN,
General Passenger Agt.

RUS

GOODWIN HIS

Mayoralty Cand

Large Audien

Features of the Campaign Are or Howell, Se Arnold and B. G

Before an audien voters, who were reception of what whose size was t Colonel John P. G for the mayoralty, of the present mun Grand last evening. The speakers o Colonel Goodwin, M



COLONEL JO Who Opened Mayor of A at the Gran night.

who presided ove R. Arnold. one of t of the Atlanta whose reputation known. The spe dates were receiv It had already Goodwin had dec paign early for t leave the city fo not again be act return, although work in his be goes to San Fr the meeting of th of Odd Fellows. the order and it be present durin be held in the C A band had ri pal streets of t during the after was present last sweet music bo began and durin the addresses.

Mayor How The meeting w ly after 8 o'cloc recited brieny t it stands at pr quently to Colon didacy. He wa

Among the pro with Colonel Go went up were Reuben R. Ar Judge George H Smith, J. C. H Alex Dittler, Se Hopkins and L

Colonel Good the same line a gard to the ma politics general would stand fo his election, his interrupted wi ping.

The speech h the features filled with bri remarks conc tics, in course et taking occ the candidacy

Reuben Arn public speaker form last nig flar in tone t with the situa fications of C lar. Like the sounds of ent It is expect ing will be f by numbers that the cam brisk and li best lovers of Shortly after was raised a didate and hi once arose a I have kn ince he was ve always an. who he ly. Of co

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